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OF POLITICAL AND

Business Monitor

A publication of the Government Statistical Service

Report on the Census of Production

Miscellaneous (nonelectrical) machinery Scales and weighing machinery and portable power tools



Department of Industry

Business Statistics Office

HMSO

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PA 339.9 Business Monitor

A publication of the Government Statistical Service

Report on the Census of Production 1972

Miscellaneous (nonelectrical) machinery Scales and weighing machinery and portable power tools

Presented by the Secretary of State for Industry to Parliament in pursuance of the Statistics of Trade Act 1947 (10 & 11 Geo.6 Cha.39 sec 7)

Department of Industry
Business Statistics Office

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	Ball and roller bearings Precision chains and other mechanical engineering	PA484.2 PA485	Miscellaneous manufactures of paper and board Printing and publishing of newspapers and
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PA339.9 MISCELLANEOUS (NON-ELECTRICAL) MACHINERY SCALES AND WEIGHING MACHINERY AND PORTABLE POWER TOOLS

The information in this report relates to establishments classified to the Scales and weighing machinery and portable power tools industry, minimum list heading 339.5/6; Miscellaneous (non-electrical) machinery industry, minimum list heading 339.9 in the Standard Industrial Classification (revised 1968). The activities of the industry include: -

Manufacturing scales, spring balances, weighing machinery, etc., portable power tools of the hand-held type (including flexible shaft drive tools) and of the type employed in civil engineering, mining and quarrying; boot and shoe machinery, brick making machinery, paper and pulp making machinery, laundry machinery (other than electrical domestic), dry cleaning machinery, rolling mills and other complete machines not reported elsewhere.

Tables 1a, 2a, 3a and 4a cover sub-divisions 5 to 9 of minimum list heading 339 for the census years 1970-1972. Other tables cover separate analysis for sub-divisions 5 and 6, and 9 of minimum list heading 339. Business monitors for subsequent years will build up a time series for Scales and weighing machinery and portable power tools (sub-divisions 5 and 6) and Miscellaneous (non-electrical) machinery (sub-division 9) of minimum list heading 339.

> In interpreting the data in the tables it is essential to bear in mind the notes and definitions which commence on page (iii).

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Input and output. 1970, 1971 and 1972

All United Kingdom establishments classified to the Scales and weighing machinery and portable power tools, Food and drink processing, packaging and bottling machinery and Miscellaneous (non-electrical) machinery industries (a)

The second secon	Unit	1970	1971	1972
Enterprises	Number	1,345	1,328	1,380
Establishments	11	1,690	1,737	1,762
Sales of goods produced and work done	£'000	598,014	632,392	561,200
Services rendered to other organisations (b)	11	15,019	9,919	11,700
Goods merchanted or factored	П	49,960	60,943	69,230
Canteen takings	II and the second	1,433	898	1,043
Total sales and work done	п	664,426	704,152	643,173
		a jen zakana		
Increase during the year, work in progress and goods on hand for sale	п	19,855	14,004	5,132
Gross output	п	684,282	718,156	648,305
Cost of purchases	11	317,300	306,251	278,939
Increase during the year, stocks of materials, stores and fuel	п	9,418	-622	-1,803
Payments to other organisations for work done on materials given out	H 8/4	24,027	30,090	25,904
for transport by road	п	4,408	4,551	3,796
for transport by rail, water, air and Post Office parcel services	11	1,822	2,098	2,073
Total costs	п	338,139	343,612	312,515
Net output	The state of the s	346,142	374,542	335,790
Total employment (including working proprietors) (c)	Thousands	153.2	141.7	123.4
Net output per head	£	2,259	2,643	2,721

⁽a) For 1972, estimates for establishments not making satisfactory returns and for establishments employing less than 25 persons, accounted for 20 per cent of the total figures in which they were incorporated: of this unsatisfactory returns accounted for 11 per cent.

Input and output, 1972

TABLE 1b

All United Kingdom establishments classified to the Scales and weighing machinery, portable power tools and Miscellaneous (non-electrical) machinery industries (a)

Miscerraneous (non-electrical) macarier, radias	Unit	Scales and weighing machinery and portable power tools	Miscellaneous (non-electrical) machinery
Enterprises	Number	41	1,126
Establishments	II	56	1,456
	INGS.		
Sales of goods produced and work done	£,000	57,243	390,576
Services rendered to other organisations (b)	11	940	5,148
Goods merchanted or factored	11	3,004	47,875
Canteen takings	Market II	160	476
Total sales and work done	II II	61,347	444,075
Increase during the year, work in progress and goods on hand for sale	11	- 409	7,161
Gross output	II II	60,938	451,236
Cost of purchases	SISS SE 11	20,930	198,833
Increase during the year, stocks of materials, stores and fuel	11	-279	- 861
Payments to other organisations for work done on materials given out	seasy of H C769	1,214	21,912
for transport by road	п	217	2,888
for transport by rail, water, air and Post Office parcel services	II .	217	1,595
Total costs	п	22,857	226,089
Net output	II SASSE OF THE SASSES OF THE	28,081	225,147
Total employment (including working proprietors) (c)	Thousands	11.9	84.2
Net output per head	£	3,208	2,675

⁽b) Amounts charged for hiring out plant, machinery or other goods, for providing transport, or for any technical or other services rendered.

⁽c) Average number employed (full and part time; see table 6) during the year (including working proprietors) by the establishment.

⁽a) For 1972, estimates for establishments not making satisfactory returns and for establishments employing less than 25 persons in the Scales and weighing machinery and portable power tools industry accounted for 7 per cent of the figures in which they were incorporated: of this unsatisfactory returns accounted for 6 per cent. In the Miscellaneous (non-electrical) machinery industry the corresponding figures are 24 per cent and 13 per cent respectively.

⁽b) Amounts charged for hiring out plant, machinery or other goods, for providing transport, or for any technical or other services rendered.

⁽c) Average number employed (full and part time; see table 6) during the year (including working proprietors) by the establishment.

Capital expenditure and stocks, 1970. 1971 and 1972

All United Kingdom establishments classified to the Scales and weighing machinery and portable power tools, All United Kingdom establishments classified to the Scales and weighing machinery and Miscellaneous (non-electrical) machinery £'000 industries (a)

industries (a)				£ 000
	1970	1971	19	972
Capital expenditure (b)	1		14326	2000
New building work	5,781	4,545	3,	,099
Land and existing buildings	20072	TO BEEN AND	w This Washers	
Acquisitions	1,684	1,709	1,	035
Disposals	1,679	1,587	2,	714
Plant and machinery				
Acquisitions	15,674	15,726	15,	452
Disposals	1,097	2,176	2,	009
Vehicles		Serry to my Z	The state of the	
Acquisitions	3,190	3,975	3,	636
Disposals	1,204	1,735	1,	433
Total net capital expenditure (c)	22,348	20,457	17,	067
		25-16-16	to The best of	
Increase in stocks and work in progress, 1970, 1971 and 1972 and value of stocks and work in progress at end of 1972	Increase	Increase	Increase	Value at end of year
		1000	A CONTRACT OF	
Materials, stores and fuel	9,418	-622	-1,803	57,496
Work in progress	14,233	11,492	9,932	128,587
Goods on hand for sale	5,622	2,512	-4,800	36,692
Total Total	29,273	13,382	3,329	222,775

⁽a) Including estimates for establishments not making satisfactory returns and for establishments employing less than 25 persons.

Capital expenditure and stocks, 1972

All United Kingdom establishments classified to the Scales and weighing machinery, portable power tools and Miscellaneous (non-electrical) machinery industries (a)

	machinery	d weighing and portable tools	Miscell (non-ele machi	ctrical)	
Capital expenditure (b)			I BASASS		
New building work			2,0	068	
Land and existing buildings		293 (c)			
Acquisitions		293 (C)		904	
Disposals	J		2,	362	
Plant and machinery					
Acquisitions	1	,948	10,	183	
Disposals		42	1,	753	
Vehicles					
Acquisitions		428	2,	301	
Disposals		135	881		
Total net capital expenditure (c)	2	,492	10,	460	
Increase in stocks and work in progress, 1970, 1971 and 1972 and value of stocks and work in progress at end of 1972	Increase	Value at end of year	Increase	Value at end of year	
			THE S		
Materials, stores and fuel	-279	5,633	-861	38,439	
Work in progress	38	38 4,889		100,172	
Goods on hand for sale	- 447	-447 5,593		23,881	
Total	-688	16,116	6,300	162,493	

⁽a) Including estimates for establishments not making satisfactory returns and for establishments employing less than 25 persons.

⁽b) Capital expenditure in respect of manufacturing establishments where production had not commenced before the end of the year, is included.

⁽c) Acquisitions less disposals.

⁽b) Capital expenditure in respect of manufacturing establishments where production had not commenced before the end of the year, is included.

⁽c) Acquisitions less disposals.

All United Kingdom establishments classified to the Scales and weighing machinery and portable power tools, Food and drink processing, packaging and bottling machinery and Miscellaneous (non-electrical) machinery industries (a)

	Estab-			Emplo	yees	Wages and	salaries	Wages and per					Net	Capital	Total stocks and
Size group (b)	lish- ments	Enter- prises (c)	Total employment (b)	Operatives	Others (d)	Operatives	Others (d)	Operatives	Others (d)	Total sales and work done (e)	Gross output	Ne t output	output per head	expen- diture (net) (f)	work in progress at end of year
	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	£,000	£'000	£	£	£'000	£,000	£'000	£	£,000	£'000
1-10	841	621	4,403										~	2 000	1 000
11-24	379	331	6,189												
25-49	126	126	4,637	18,349	7,837	25,965	14,102	1,415	1,799	146,345	148,558	74,344	2,724	5,197	32,526
50-99	175	166	12,068											5	
100-199	118	109	16,258	10,613	5,613	15,172	9,844	1,429	1,754	81,340	82,381	42,643	2,623	2,373	23,414
200-399	61	55	17,625	10,573	7,037	15,545	12,232	1,470	1,738	103,998	102,070	48,632	2,759	650	32,846
400 and over	62	45	62,236	37,691	24,539	54,395	43,348	1,443	1,766	311,489	315,296	170,171	2,734	8,847	133,989
Total	1,762	1,380	123,416	77,226	45,026	111,077	79,526	1,438	1,766	643,173	648,305	335,790	2,721	17,067	222,775

- (a) Including estimates for establishments not making satisfactory returns and for establishments employing less than 25 persons.
- (b) Average number employed (full and part time; see table 6) during the year (including working proprietors) by the establishment.
- (c) Some enterprises control establishments in more than one size group: the sum of the figures for the size groups will therefore exceed the total for the industry.
- (d) Administrative, technical and clerical employees.
- (e) Including sales of goods merchanted or factored, canteen takings and services rendered to other organisations (amounts charged for hiring out plant, machinery or other goods, for providing transport, or for any technical or other services rendered).
- (f) Acquisitions less disposals.

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TABLE 3b

Analysis of establishments by size, 1972

All United Kingdom establishments classified to the Scales and weighing machinery and portable power tools industry (a)

(p) which h				Emplo	oyees	Wages and	salaries	Wages and per	salaries head	Cara some s	1 10103990	2 94. (2 9 9 1	Net output	Capital expen-	Total stocks and work in
Size group (b)	Estab- lish- ments	Enter- prises (c)	Total employment (b)	Operatives	Others (d)	Operatives	Others (d)	Operatives	Others (d)	Total sales and work done (e)	Gross output	Ne t output	per head	diture (net) (f)	progress at end of year
	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	£'000	£'000	£	£	£,000	£,000	£'000	£	£'000	£,000
1-24	15	12	92)											
25-49	8	8	287	784	391	1,006	665	1,283	1,700	5,512	5,587	2,948	2,467	59	1,305
50-99	12	12	816			100		Fues		12.00		187518	1 704		19 20
100-199	11	9	1,483	914	566	1,238	920	1,354	1,625	6,902	6,935	3,777	2,547	237	1,576
200-399	5	5	1,488	1,020	468	1,530	822	1,500	1,757	8,145	7,993	4,749	3,192	359	2,216
400 and over	5	5	7,706	4,797	2,908	6,481	4,910	1,351	1,688	40,787	40,423	26,606	3,453	1,837	11,018
400 and over				o Garage	1000	9 (2)	2 138	E DES	11200	40000			9 88	985	
					2 9 9 3	10 104	1 10	1.400	7 118				100		THE SERVICE
94-01 B															
T small	nei nei											No.			N 760
			1 80 000												
1-10			d Erms												
Total	56	41	11,872	7,515	4,333	10,255	7,316	1,365	1,688	61,347	60,938	38,081	3,208	2,492	16,116

- (a) Including estimates for establishments not making satisfactory returns and for establishments employing less than 25 persons.
- (b) Average number employed (full and part time; see table 6) during the year (including working proprietors) by the establishment.
- (c) Some enterprises control establishments in more than one size group: the sum of the figures for the size groups will therefore exceed the total for the industry.
- (d) Administrative, technical and clerical employees.
- (e) Including sales of goods merchanted or factored, canteen takings and services rendered to other organisations (amounts charged for hiring out plant, machinery or other goods, for providing transport, or for any technical or other services rendered).
- (f) Acquisitions less disposals.

TABLE 3c

Analysis of establishments by size, 1972

All United Kingdom establishments classified to the Miscellaneous (non-electrical) machinery industry (a)

	Estab-	190777	off year ye	Emplo	yees	Wages and	salaries	Wages and per		Roter ser		September 1995 September 1995 September 1995	Net	Capital	Total stocks and
Size group (b)	lish- ments	Enter- prises (c)	prises employment (b)	Operatives	Others (d)	Operatives	Others (d)	Operatives	Others (d)	Total sales and work done (e)	Gross output	Ne t output	output per head	expenditure (net) (f)	work in progress at end of year
	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	£,000	£'000	£	£	£'000	£'000	£'000	£	£'000	£'000
1-10	759	545	3,965												2 000
11-24	310	267	5,023												
25-49	90	90	3,259	14,221	5,846	20,023	10,517	1,408	1,799	111,795	113,930	56,610	2,700	4,045	24,166
50-99	127	120	8,716												
100-199	84	79	11,127	7,312	3,802	10,297	6,761	1,408	1,778	57,267	58,322	29,108	2,616	1,722	16,780
200-299	32	32	8,222	5,009	3,203	6,970	5,732	1,392	1,790	49,670	49,237	23,251	2,828	685	15,594
300-499	23	22	10,122	5,656	4,465	7,969	7,963	1,409	1,783	59,969	72,191	30,856	3,048	-605	48,153
500-749	19	17	10,430	6,775	3,651	9,273	6,522	1,369	1,786	65,212	61,167	26,648	2,555	1,662	17,012
750-999	4	3	3,412	1,920	1,492	2,882	2,632	1,501	1,764	22,784	22,121	9,526	2,792	- 151	8,927
1,000-1,499	4	3	5,393	3,296	2,097	5,114	3,612	1,552	1,723	29,619	27,186	15,302	2,837	1,094	12,359
,500 and over	4	4	14,492	9,771	4,721	14,673	7,950	1,502	1,684	47,760	47,080	33,846	2,336	2,009	19,502
	19- 1														
Total	1,456	1,126	84,161	53,960	29,277	77,201	51,690	1,431	1,766	444,075	451,236	225,147	2,675	10,460	162,493

- (a) Including estimates for establishments not making satisfactory returns and for establishments employing less than 25 persons.
- (b) Average number employed (full and part time; see table 6) during the year (including working proprietors) by the establishment.
- (c) Some enterprises control establishments in more than one size group: the sum of the figures for the size groups will therefore exceed the total for the industry.

- (d) Administrative, technical and clerical employees.
- (e) Including sales of goods merchanted or factored, canteen takings and services rendered to other organisations (amounts charged for hiring out plant, machinery or other goods, for providing transport, or for any technical or other services rendered).
- (f) Acquisitions less disposals.

Regional distribution of employment, net capital expenditure and net output, 1972

All United Kingdom establishments classified to the Scales and weighing machinery and portable power tools, Food and drink processing, packaging and bottling machinery and Miscellaneous (non-electrical) machinery industries

Area	Average employ		Net ca expendit		Net output and employment in the region of establishments with more than 80 per cent of their employment in the region (c)					
	The state of the s	o street	100 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		Estimated net output	Average number employed as a percentage of total average number employed in the industry in the region	Net output as percentage of total of the industry in the United Kingdom			
	Thousands	per cent of United Kingdom	£,000	per cent of United Kingdom	£,000	ar (Abdatawork)				
Standard regions of England							acceptant branches			
North	4.1	3.3	1,044	6.1	4,286	33.1	1.3			
Yorkshire and Humberside	11.6	9.4	1,468	8.6	24,978	67.3	7.4			
East Midlands	7.9	6.4	946	5.5	14,499	70.6	4.3			
East Anglia	5.8	4.7	532	3.1	14,745	84.8	4.4			
South East	37.4	30.3	3,831	22.4	74,598	68.6	22.2			
South West	5.3	4.3	1,728	10.1	9,746	75.7	2.9			
West Midlands	13.1	10.6	1,448	8.5	29,290	77.4	8.7			
North West	23.1	18.7	2,625	15.4	37,958	69.0	11.3			
Engl and	108.3	87.7	13,621	79.8	210,100	69.6	62.6			
Wales	2.9	2.3	272	1.6	2,130	72.7	0.6			
Scotland	10.5	8.5	2,732	16.0	21,122	85.7	6.3			
Great Britain	121.7	98.6	16,625	97.4	233,352	71.1	69.5			
Northern Ireland	1.8	1.4	442	2.6	4,775	99.0	1.4			
Unallocated (d)	-	- 10	-	-	97,663	-	29.1			
United Kingdom	123.4	100.0	17,067	100.0	335,790		100.0			

- (a) Average number employed (full and part time; see table 6) during the year (including working proprietors) by the establishment.
- (b) New building work plus acquisitions less disposals of land and existing buildings, plant and machinery and vehicles.
- (c) Where a census return covered addresses in two or more regions an estimate was made of the net output attributable to the region only where more than 80 per cent of the establishment's employees were located in the region. The estimate was made by assuming that net output at each address covered by a return was proportionate to employment at the address. The establishment's residual net output was included in unallocated net output.
- (d) Includes estimates of net output for establishments not making satisfactory returns and establishments employing less than 25 employees, and unallocated net output of establishments covering addresses in two or more regions.

Regional distribution of employment, net capital expenditure and net output, 1972

All United Kingdom establishments classified to the Scales and weighing machinery and portable power tools industry

Area		e number yed (a)		apital iture (b)	establishme	Net output and employment in the region of establishments with more than 80 per cent of their employment in the region (c)					
The second secon			6 (6 %) 6 (6 %) 7 (6 %)		Estimated net output	Average number employed as a percentage of total average number employed in the industry in the region	Net output as percentage of total of the industry in the United Kingdo				
	Thousands	per cent of United Kingdom	£'000	per cent of United Kingdom	£'000						
Standard regions of England							Andrews Property				
North	***	*	*	*	*	*	*				
Yorkshire and Humberside	1.0	8.1	137	5.5	482	26.4	1.3				
East Midlands	*	*	*	*	*	*	*				
East Anglia	1 18	-880	-	-	-		. PATH-ROOME				
South East	4.7	39.3	1,114	44.7	9,711	64.9	25.5				
South West	-	1 010	-	-	- 03	2	570 - 1000				
West Midlands	3.0	25.5	399	16.0	7,829	95.0	20.6				
North West	U-	- 1989y;		-	(- tus)		2012 Aryan				
Engl and	11.4	95.8	2,459	98.7	20,792	60.9	54.6				
Wales	*	*	*	*	*	*	*				
Scotland	*	*	*	*	*	*	* 2.88				
Great Britain	*	*	*	*	*	*	*				
Northern Ireland	*	* 777	*	*	*	*	bire (* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *				
Unallocated (d)	-	- 586	-	-	16,763	-	44.0				
United Kingdom	11.9	100.0	2,492	100.0	38,081		100.0				

- (a) Average number employed (full and part time; see table 6) during the year (including working proprietors) by the establishment.
- (b) New building work plus acquisitions less disposals of land and existing buildings, plant and machinery and vehicles.
- (c) Where a census return covered addresses in two or more regions an estimate was made of the net output attributable to the region only where more than 80 per cent of the establishment's employees were located in the region. The estimate was made by assuming that net output at each address covered by a return was proportionate to employment at the address. The establishment's residual net output was included in unallocated net output.
- (d) Includes estimates of net output for establishments not making satisfactory returns and establishments employing less than 25 employees, and unallocated net output of establishments covering addresses in two or more regions.

Regional distribution of employment, net capital expenditure and net output, 1972

All United Kingdom establishments classified to the Miscellaneous (non-electrical) machinery industry.

Area		number ed (a)	Net ca expendi	ture (b)	establishmen	and employment in its with more than yment in the regio	80 per cent of
THE ELL STREET AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT	aneno viene A. E aneno leven a. a. a. a.	BINES AS	(2.0) (2.0) (2.0) (3.0)	a. bantis	Estimated net output	Average number employed as a percentage of total average number employed in the industry in the region	Net output as percentage of total of the industry in the United Kingdom
anaryanaba. ats	Thousands	of United	£'000	per cent of United Kingdom	£,000		deptique t
Standard regions of England	n wanta	Kingdom	0.0.75	Kingdom	69.46 20.46		redución sidmoció
North	1.6	1.9	*	*	2,499	51.3	2701.1
Yorkshire and Humberside	8.1	9.6	1,245	11.9	21,741	81.9	9.7
East Midlands	7.0	8.3	795	7.6	12,771	71.0	5.7
East Anglia	1.4	1.7	293	2.8	3,515	73.7	1.6
South East	21.2	25.2	293	2.8	40,800	63.1	18.1
South West	3.9	4.7	1,349	12.9	7,880	85.2	3.5
West Midlands	8.9	10.6	387	3.7	18,393	70.1	8.2
North West	18.9	22.4	*	*	31,040	68.1	13.8
Engl and	71.1	84.5	7,364	70.4	138,638	69.4	61.6
Wales	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Scotland	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Great Britain	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Northern Ireland	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Unallocated (d)	3 3 2 3 3 3	-	-	-	61,328		27.2
United Kingdom	84.2	100.0	10,460	100.0	225,147		100.0

- (a) Average number employed (full and part time; see table 6) during the year (including working proprietors) by the establishment.
- (b) New building work plus acquisitions less disposals of land and existing buildings, plant and machinery and vehicles.
- c) Where a census return covered addresses in two or more regions an estimate was made of the net output attributable to the region only where more than 80 per cent of the establishment's employees were located in the region. The estimate was made by assuming that net output at each address covered by a return was proportionate to employment at the address. The establishment's residual net output was included in unallocated net output.
- (d) Includes estimates of net output for establishments not making satisfactory returns and establishments employing less than 25 employees, and unallocated net output of establishments covering addresses in two or more regions.

TABLE 7a

Percentage analysis of twelve-month periods covered by returns received from United Kingdom establishments employing 25 or more persons, 1972

	Accounting year ended	Scales and wei	Scales and weighing machinery and portable power tools		Miscellaneous (non-electrical) machinery	
		Percentage of total returns received	Percentage of total number employed	Percentage of total returns received	Percentage of total number employed	
1972	April (a)	3.0	0.5	2.7	1.2	
1012	May	3.0	4.4	1.7	0.6	
	June	3.0	0.4	5.4	3.6	
	July	0.0	0.0	6.0	6.4	
		0.0	0.0	3.0	0.9	
	August September	15.2	31.6	8.1	8.4	
	The second secon	The American State of the American	a promise and the day	Set Bacaments		
	October	3.0	2.1	2.3	0.5	
	November	3.0	0.2	2.7	2.4	
	December	54.6	57.0	47.0	60.2	
1973	January	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.3	
1973	February	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.3	
	March(b)	15.2	3.8	19.1	15.2	
		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	

(a) From 6th April

(b) Including returns made for twelve-month period ended 1st to 5th April 1973

TABLE 6

Percentage analysis of employees, by full and part time employment and sex, 1972 (a) Other machinery industries, minimum list heading 339

Sex	Full time	Part time	All employees
	per cent	per cent	per cent
			12.0 (Text 101.10.)
and the opposite of the same			and and the
Male	83	1	84
Female	13	3	16
			unining by
	e la descripción de la properción de la companya del companya de la companya de la companya del companya de la		materia en Apagona poeta en en estado en estado en estado en en estado en entre en entre en entre en entre en en entre entre en entre entr
ON THE STEE STEEL ST	er menne er kan parete i tren er men er er tren er		The second of th
	96	4	100

Source: Department of Employment

(a) The percentages relate to the numbers employed (excluding working proprietors) in the United Kingdom in minimum list heading 339 at mid-June, 1972. In the 1972 Census of Production the employment of the "Scales and weighing machinery and portable power tools and Miscellaneous (non-electrical) machinery" industries represented 49 per cent of the employment of minimum list heading 339 as a whole.

Sales of principal products of the Scales and weighing machinery and portable power tools industry by establishments employing 25 or more persons, including sales by establishments classified to other industries, 1972 (a)

SCALES AND WEIGHING MACHINERY (EXCLUDING PRECISION BALANCES):	197	'2
THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY		
COMPLETE	£ THOUS	16,856
PARTS	£ THOUS	1,003
TOTAL SCALES AND WEIGHING MACHINERY AND PARTS	£ THOUS	17,859
PORTABLE POWER TOOLS (EXCLUDING DETACHABLE TOOLS, DRILLS ETC., SOLD SEPARATELY):		
NON-ELECTRIC:		
OF THE TYPE (INCLUDING HAND-HELD) EMPLOYED IN CIVIL ENGINEERING, MINING AND QUARRYING (INCLUDING ROCK DRILLS):		
PNEUMATIC	NUMBER	74,653
OTHER (INCLUDING PETROL AND HYDRAULIC)	£ THOUS	5,519
PARTS FOR PNEUMATIC	£ THOUS	2,348
PARTS FOR OTHER (INCLUDING PETROL AND HYDRAULIC)		
OTHERS OF THE HAND-HELD TYPE (INCLUDING FLEXIBLE SHAFT DRIVE TOOLS) EMPLOYED IN GENERAL ENGINEERING, METAL-WORKING, WOOD-WORKING, STONE-WORKING AND BUILDING ETC:		
PNEUMATIC	NUMBER	209 470
OTHER (INCLUDING PETROL AND HYDRAULIC)	NUMBER £ THOUS	308,470 7,237
PARTS FOR PNEUMATIC	£ THOUS	3,577
PARTS FOR OTHER (INCLUDING PETROL AND HYDRAULIC)	2 111000	
ELECTRIC:		
PORTABLE POWER DRILLS	£ THOUS	8,354
PORTABLE GRINDING AND ABRASIVE POWER TOOLS	NUMBER £ THOUS	62,552 1,388
OTHER PORTABLE POWER TOOLS	£ THOUS	4,347
PARTS FOR PORTABLE ELECTRIC POWER TOOLS	£ THOUS	4,110
PORTABLE POWER DRIVEN SAWS (EXCLUDING SAW BLADES SOLD SEPARATELY):		
COMPLETE	NUMBER (b)	34,433
PARTS	£ THOUS	1,248
TOTAL PORTABLE POWER TOOLS AND PARTS	£ THOUS	38,126
WASTE PRODUCTS	£ THOUS	70
UNCLASSIFIED SALES	£ THOUS	681
WORK DONE	£ THOUS	6,847
	1.000	
TOTAL SALES OF PRINCIPAL PRODUCTS OF MLH 339.5 AND 339.6 (SCALES AND WEIGHING MACHINERY AND PORTABLE POWER TOOLS)	£ THOUS	63,583

Source: Business Monitor (PQ339.5) - Quarterly Statistics

- (a) Sales are deliveries on sale for home or abroad. Forward sales are excluded. Values are net selling values; purchase tax, trade discounts and commissions are excluded.
- (b) Numbers are for complete portable power driven saws only.

1972

Sales of principal products of the Miscellaneous (non-electrical) machinery industry by establishments employing 25 or more persons, including sales by establishments classified to other industries, 1972 (a)

	197	(2
AUTOMATIC SLOT MACHINES (EXCLUDING WEIGHING MACHI	NES, LAUNDRY	
AND DRY CLEANING MACHINERY) COIN OR TOKEN OPERATE	D:	
AMUSEMENT AND GAMING MACHINES:		
COMPLETE	NUMBER	18,688 4,176
	£ THOUS	772
PARTS	£ THOUS	112
VENDING:	An Carrollon I Carrollon Company	11 061
FOOD AND DRINK	NUMBER £ THOUS	11,061 4,109
OTHER	NUMBER	4,395
	£ THOUS	226
PARTS	£ THOUS	1,041
OTAL AUTOMATIC SLOT MACHINES	£ THOUS	10,324
OOT AND SHOE MAKING AND REPAIRING MACHINERY (EXC EWING MACHINES):	LUDING	
	NUMBER	5,527
COMPLETE MACHINES	£ THOUS	4,908
PARTS	£ THOUS	2,307
RICK, TILE AND CEMENT BLOCK MAKING MACHINERY (EX ILNS) POTTERY AND OTHER CERAMIC MAKING MACHINERY PURNACES AND KILNS):	CCLUDING (EXCLUDING	
BRICK AND TILE MAKING MACHINERY:		
COMPLETE	NUMBER £ THOUS	211 2,557
PARTS	£ THOUS	2,505
CEMENT BLOCK MAKING MACHINERY:		
COMPLETE	£ THOUS	939
PARTS	£ THOUS	371
POTTERY AND OTHER CERAMIC MAKING MACHINERY:		
	NUMBER	667
COMPLETE	£ THOUS	1,338
PARTS	£ THOUS	176
OTAL BRICK, TILE AND CEMENT BLOCK MAKING MACHINE	ERY £ THOUS	7,886
ABLE AND ROPE MAKING MACHINERY (EXCLUDING RUBBER COATING EQUIPMENT):	R AND PLASTIC	
COMPLETE MACHINES	NUMBER £ THOUS	245 1,826
PARTS	£ THOUS	533
CARPET SWEEPERS AND CARPET SHAMPOOING APPLIANCES	, COMPLETE,	
NOT ELECTRICALLY OPERATED	£ THOUS	3,781
TOT BEBUTATORIBE OF BANKED		

	19	72
EMICAL, PETRO-CHEMICAL AND OIL REFINING MACHINERY:		
CENTRIFUGES (EXCLUDING CREAM SEPARATORS; AND HYDRO- EXTRACTORS FOR USE IN LAUNDRIES):		
COMPLETE	£ THOUS	8,451
PARTS	£ THOUS	1,397
DRYING MACHINERY (EXCLUDING LAUNDRY DRYING MACHINES):		
COMPLETE	£ THOUS	3,364
PARTS	£ THOUS	124
NDUSTRIAL MIXING EQUIPMENT OTHER THAN FOR FOOD AND ORINK INDUSTRIES, CONCRETE, AND RUBBER WORKING:		
COMPLETE	NUMBER	3,614
	£ THOUS	3,154
PARTS	£ THOUS	813
ILTER PRESSES:		
COMPLETE	NUMBER £ THOUS	189 861
PARTS	£ THOUS	997
CAL CHEMICAL, PETRO-CHEMICAL AND OIL REFINING CHINERY	£ THOUS	19,161
HWASHING MACHINERY AND PARTS (EXCLUDING DOMESTIC	£ THOUS	2,680
COTRIC LAMP AND ELECTRONIC VALVE MAKING MACHINERY:		
OMPLETE MACHINES	NUMBER £ THOUS	196 2,201
PARTS	£ THOUS	712
E EXTINGUISHING APPARATUS (EXCLUDING FIRE ENGINES, AND HAND OPERATED CHEMICAL EXTINGUISHERS, SOLD ARATELY):		
PRINKLERS	£ THOUS	2,443
THER	£ THOUS	3,593
INDING AND DIE CASTING MACHINERY:		
IE CASTING MACHINES, HIGH PRESSURE		
IE CASTING MACHINES, LOW PRESSURE		
OULDS FOR DIE CASTING MACHINES		
AND TREATMENT AND MIXING PLANT, SAND RECLAMATION AND AND HANDLING PLANT (INCLUDING MOULDING MACHINES AND OULD PREPARATION PLANT)	£ THOUS	9,039
CLEANING, GRINDING AND FETTLING EQUIPMENT FOR CASTING		
OTHER FOUNDRY EQUIPMENT (INCLUDING INVESTMENT CASTING EQUIPMENT BUT EXCLUDING METAL MELTING EQUIPMENT)		
PARTS OF FOUNDING AND DIE CASTING MACHINERY		

	1972	
ARAGE EQUIPMENT AND PLANT (EXCLUDING MECHANICAL HANDLING EQUIPMENT SUCH AS LIFTING JACKS AND VEHICLE LIFTS AND	ATMITYBE ATTO BEAR CLASSIFICATION OF THE CONTROL OF	9 017
ETROL PUMPS)	£ THOUS	8,017
LASS MAKING AND GLASS WORKING MACHINERY (EXCLUDING PURNACES):		
AUTOMATIC MULTI-HEAD FORMING MACHINES:		
COMPLETE	6 THOUS	0.050
PARTS	£ THOUS	2,358
OTHER (INCLUDING GRINDING AND POLISHING MACHINERY, ANNEALING LEHRS, INSPECTION EQUIPMENT, ETC.):		
COMPLETE	£ THOUS	1,290
PARTS	£ THOUS	946
	E diese as a land	
OTAL GLASS MAKING AND GLASS WORKING MACHINERY	£ THOUS	4,594
AUNDERING AND DRY CLEANING MACHINERY (INCLUDING HYDRO- EXTRACTORS AND OTHER DRYING MACHINES USED IN LAUNDRIES, BUT EXCLUDING DOMESTIC ELECTRICAL LAUNDERING MACHINES AND MACHINERY FOR TEXTILE FINISHING):		
WASHING MACHINES (INCLUDING SLUICERS AND WASHER/EXT-RACTORS):		
COIN OPERATED	NUMBER	748
OTHER (NOT HAND OR DOMESTIC ELECTRICALLY OPERATED)	£ THOUS	3,500
DRYING AND EXTRACTION MACHINES:		
COIN OPERATED	NUMBER	223
COTA OF EMPLE	£ THOUS	79
OTHER	NUMBER £ THOUS	648 883
FLATWORK MACHINES (INCLUDING PREPARING, FEEDING, IRONING AND FOLDING MACHINES)	£ THOUS	1,709
OTHER LAUNDRY MACHINES (INCLUDING PRESSING AND FINISHING MACHINES)	£ THOUS	1,791
PARTS FOR LAUNDRY MACHINES	£ THOUS	846
DRY CLEANING MACHINES:		
COIN OPERATED	- Bullensky ovitalo Bas	2.000
OTHER	£ THOUS	3,002
ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT USED IN DRY CLEANING (INCLUDING SPOTTING TABLES AND CARBON RECOVERY UNITS)	£ THOUS	465
PARTS	ne recent part reconstraint en	
TOTAL LAUNDERING AND DRY CLEANING MACHINERY	£ THOUS	12,275

	19	972
WN MOWERS:		
HAND MOWERS	£ THOUS	(b)
POWER MOWERS (INCLUDING ELECTRICALLY OPERATED):		
CYLINDER TYPE	£ THOUS	13,659
OTHER	NUMBER £ THOUS	681,375 12,822
TRACTOR OPERATED MOWERS (INCLUDING GANG MOWERS):		
CYLINDER TYPE	£ THOUS	4,711 (b
OTHER		
PARTS FOR LAWN MOWERS	£ THOUS	3,849
L (OTHER THAN MINERAL), SOAP OR EDIBLE FAT MACHINERY	£ THOUS	2,719
INT SPRAYING, METAL SPRAYING AND SIMILAR MACHINES EXCLUDING AGRICULTURAL SPRAYING MACHINES AND COMPRES- ERS FOR PAINT SPRAYERS, SOLD SEPARATELY):		MATHEMATICAL NO.
PAINT SPRAYING MACHINES	£ THOUS	2,997
OTHER	z moos	EANTHUL N
PARTS	£ THOUS	874
ANTATION (INCLUDING TEA PLANTATION) MACHINERY AND CTORY MACHINERY (INCLUDING PARTS)	£ THOUS	935
ULP MAKING AND PAPER AND BOARD MAKING MACHINERY (INC- UDING CHIPBOARD BUT EXCLUDING PAPER AND BOARD WORKING ACHINERY):		
PAPER AND BOARD STOCK PREPARATION PLANT	Maniana Bilano ente	15 505
PAPER AND BOARD MAKING MACHINERY	£ THOUS	15,587
PARTS	£ THOUS	7,035
ULVERISING MACHINERY AND PLANT (EXCLUDING CRUSHING ACHINERY FOR QUARRY PRODUCTS AND REFUSE DISPOSAL.		
COMPLETE MACHINES	NUMBER £ THOUS	584 1,192
PARTS	£ THOUS	1,407
OLLING MILLS, METALLURGICAL (INCLUDING TUBE MILLS BUT KCLUDING ROLLS SOLD SEPARATELY):		
FOR FERROUS METAL	£ THOUS	12,386
FOR NON-FERROUS METAL	£ 1n005	12,000
ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT	£ THOUS	5,277

PA339.9 18

	1972	
RUBBER AND PLASTICS WORKING MACHINERY:		
RUBBER WORKING:		
MIXING MACHINES	NUMBER £ THOUS	108 1,889
ROLL MILLS	NUMBER £ THOUS	109 1,191
CALENDERS EXTRUDERS	NUMBER £ THOUS	1,898
HYDRAULIC MOULDING PRESSES (OTHER THAN TABLETING AND PELLETING PRESSES)	NUMBER £ THOUS	167 912
OTHER (EXCLUDING MOULDS)	NUMBER £ THOUS	469 3,547
PARTS	£ THOUS	2,373
PLASTICS WORKING:		
INJECTION MOULDING MACHINES	NUMBER £ THOUS	775 7,808
BLOW MOULDING AND FORMING MACHINES		
EXTRUDERS	£ THOUS	3,992
CALENDERS		
HYDRAULIC MOULDING PRESSES (OTHER THAN TABLETING AND PELLETING PRESSES)	NUMBER £ THOUS	221 1,289
OTHER (EXCLUDING MOULDS)	NUMBER £ THOUS	1,606 4,945
PARTS	£ THOUS	4,123
TOTAL RUBBER AND PLASTICS WORKING MACHINERY	£ THOUS	33,967
SEWING MACHINES (INCLUDES MACHINE HEADS AS COMPLETE MACHINES):		
INDUSTRIAL	NUMBER £ THOUS	44,835 3,927
DOMESTIC	£ THOUS	(c)
PARTS (OTHER THAN NEEDLES)	£ THOUS	4,663
TABLETING AND PELLETING PRESSES (OTHER THAN FOR POWDER METALLURGY):		
HYDRAULIC	NUMBER £ THOUS	213 315
OTHER	£ THOUS	(c)
PARTS		TALLOS SETENATION
TANNING AND LEATHER WORKING MACHINERY (EXCLUDING BOOT AND SHOE MAKING AND REPAIRING MACHINERY):		
COMPLETE MACHINES	NUMBER £ THOUS	385 1,142
PARTS	£ THOUS	908

Name Charles and the common on a product of the common of	1972		
TESTING MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT OTHER THAN ELECTRONIC	£ THOUS	4,055	
TOBACCO PROCESSING AND CIGAR AND CIGARETTE MAKING MACHINERY:			
COMPLETE MACHINES	NUMBER £ THOUS	1,079 16,506	
PARTS			
WIRE WEAVING AND WIRE COIL MACHINERY (EXCLUDING AUTO- MATIC WIRE WORKING MACHINERY AND WIRE ROPE MAKING MACHINES):			
COMPLETE MACHINES	£ THOUS	(c)	
PARTS	£ THOUS	(c)	
WOODWORKING MACHINERY (INCLUDING VENEER AND PLYWOOD PRESSES, CUTTER AND KNIFE GRINDERS AND SAW DOCTORING EQUIPMENT, BUT EXCLUDING CHIPBOARD PRESSES, PORTABLE POWER TOOLS, ENGINEERS' SMALL TOOLS AND HAND TOOLS AND IMPLEMENTS):			
SAWING	NUMBER £ THOUS	5,082 2,368	
PLANING AND MOULDING	NUMBER £ THOUS	3,238 2,386	
OTHER	NUMBER £ THOUS	5,591 3,440	
PARTS	£ THOUS	1,878	
TOTAL WOODWORKING MACHINERY	£ THOUS	10,072	
	£ THOUS	331	
WASTE PRODUCTS			
WORK DONE:	ALLES BOTH THE PROPERTY OF		
MACHINERY AND PLANT (OTHER THAN MARINE MACHINERY, COMPLETE PROCESS PLANT, CONSTRUCTIONAL STEELWORK AND HEATING, VENTILATING AND AIR CONDITIONING PLANT) ERECTED AND INSTALLED:			
MECHANICAL ENGINEERING	£ THOUS	4,998	
OTHER	e muone	24,488	
REPAIRS AND JOBBING WORK	£ THOUS	24,400	
OTHER WORK DONE (INCLUDING JACQUARD AND DESIGNING AND CUTTING)	£ THOUS	714	
UNCLASSIFIED SALES (d)	£ THOUS	61,984	
TOTAL SALES OF PRINCIPAL PRODUCTS OF MLH 339.9 (MISCEL- LANEOUS (NON-ELECTRICAL) MACHINERY) AND WORK DONE	£ THOUS	350,615	
Source: Busine	ess Monitor (PQ339.9) -	Quarterly Statis	

- (a) Sales are deliveries on sale for home or abroad. Forward sales are excluded. Values are net selling values; purchase tax, trade discounts and commissions are excluded.
- (b) Figures for hand mowers are included with tractor operated mowers.
- (c) Included in unclassified sales.
- (d) The following are included with unclassified sales: Sewing machines domestic, tableting and pelleting presses, including parts, wire weaving and wire coil machinery, oil (other than mineral), soap or edible fat machinery and carpet sweepers and shampooing appliances.

Notes

These notes give the main information needed for interpreting the figures in the industry reports, (more detailed information about the census is given in a separate booklet—"Introductory Notes", Part PA 1001 of the Report on the Census of Production for 1972).

GENERAL INFORMATION

Changes made for 1972

There were only minor changes in the scope of certain industry reports compared with 1971. Any such changes are explained in the introductions to the industry reports concerned or by footnotes to the tables.

Industrial classification

The Annual Censuses of Production are conducted on the Business Statistics Office's Production Register. Normally establishments on the Register are classified to industries on the basis of major activity in conformity with the Standard Industrial Classification (revised 1968). Generally an establishment is classified to an industry if its sales of the principal products of that industry accounts for a greater proportion of its total sales than its sales of the principal products of any other industry; classification is generally based on an establishment's returns to the quarterly production inquiry. Where this is not possible-for example where a quarterly production inquiry has not been introduced-the classification of an establishment reflects its return to the Census of Production, 1968. Establishments for which information is not available either from the quarterly inquiries or the 1968 Census are classified on the basis of the description of the business given by the establishments to the Business Statistics Office, for instance, in the course of registration.

Coverage

Detailed census returns were generally sought only from establishments employing on average 25 or more persons, but in some industries where firms employing less than 25 persons account for a relatively high proportion of total employment and output the exemption limit was lowered to 11. Census returns were also sent to establishments whose employment was not known to the Business Statistics Office at the time of dispatch.

TERMS USED IN THE CENSUS REPORT

Average number employed

Establishments were required to state the number of persons on the payroll (i.e. whose national insurance cards were held by them) on the average during the year of return, whether full-time or part time employees. Separate figures were required for (a) administrative, technical and clerical employees and (b) all other employees (operatives). Averages could be calculated from figures relating to the last week of each calendar month. Establishments were also required to state the number of working proprietors where appropriate and these are included in total employment figures. Outworkers (i.e. persons employed by establishments who worked in their own homes etc. on materials supplied by the establishments) are excluded.

The figures include persons engaged on merchanting or factoring and canteen workers where particulars in respect of these activities could not be excluded from the return.

Working Proprietors

These include all persons regarded as "self employed" for national insurance purposes and members of their families who worked in the business without receiving a wage or salary; but such persons who worked less than half the normal number of working hours are excluded. Directors working in the business but not in receipt of a definite wage, salary or commission are included under this heading: directors paid by fee only are not included.

Employees

Administrative, technical and clerical employees include managing and other directors in receipt of a definite wage, salary or commission, managers, superintendents and works foremen; research, experimental development, technical and design employees (other than operatives); draughtsmen and tracers; editorial staff, staff reporters, canvassers, competition and advertising staff; travellers; and office (including works office) employees.

Operatives include all other classes of employees, that is, breadly speaking, all manual wage earners. They include those employed in and about the factory or works; operatives employed in power houses, transport work (including roundsmen), stores, warehouses, shops and canteens; inspectors, viewers and similar workers; maintenance workers and cleaners. Operatives engaged in outside work of erecting, fitting etc. are also included, but out-workers are excluded.

Capital expenditure

Capital expenditure during the year in respect of manufacturing units where production had not started before the end of the year is included in the figures for both 1970, 1971 and 1972. Establishments were asked to include in the value of capital expenditure, amounts received under the Local Employment Acts, 1960 to 1971 and any investment grants received under the Industrial Development Act, 1966 or regional development grants under the Industry Act, 1972.

(a) New building work

This represents the cost incurred during the year of new building and other constructional work (including office buildings, canteens and the like used in connection with the business covered by the return, but not dwelling houses for employees). The value is that charged to capital account during the year of return; it includes expenditure on new buildings or on the extension of reconstruction of old buildings, the value of works of a capital nature carried out by the establishment's own staff and the cost of any newly constructed buildings purchased. Figures shown include any legal charges, stamp duties, agents' commissions, etc.

(b) Land and existing buildings

The items shown are the capital cost of freeholds purchased and the capital cost of premium payable for leaseholds acquired (excluding the value of any assets acquired in taking over an existing business), and the amounts receivable for any freeholds or leaseholds disposed of. The value is that charged to capital account during the year of return.

(c) Plant, machinery and vehicles

The items shown are the value of plant and machinery and of vehicles acquired, both new and second-hand, and the amount received for items disposed of during year. The value of plant and machinery acquired includes plant, etc., which firms produced for their own use in connection with the business covered by the return. The value of plant, etc., acquired is the expenditure charged to capital account during the year of return less any discounts received, but including the cost of transport and installation. No deduction is made for depreciation, amortization or obsolescence. The proceeds of items disposed of during the year exclude amounts written off for items scrapped.

Enterprise

The term enterprise is used in this report to mean one or more establishments under common ownership or control (as defined in the Companies Act 1948) making returns to the census. An enterprise may consist of a single establishment, or of more than one establishment owned by one legal unit, usually a company, or of a number of establishments owned by a parent company and subsidiary company or companies. Information about the relationship between constituent companies of enterprises was obtained mainly from published sources such as the Stock Exchange Year Book supplemented by information from company reports and information supplied by establishments. The information available is not complete but covers the largest and most important groups of industrial establishments and is believed sufficient to provide a worthwhile basis for analysis.

Establishment

The definition of an establishment in 1970, 1971 and 1972 was that of the Standard Industrial Classification (revised 1968): "the smallest unit which can provide the information normally required for an economic census, for example, employment, expenses, turnover, capital formation". Sometimes activities which are conducted as a single business are carried on at a number of addresses, termed local units. Where the activities of such a business are closely integrated, and detailed census information is not available for each unit, it is treated as a multi-unit establishment and a single return accepted. Separate figures are obtained, however, of employment and net capital expenditure at each unit.

Gross output

Gross output measures the total value of production (including work done) by establishments during the year. It is calculated as follows:—

Value of sales and work done

Plus/Less: Increase/decrease in value of stocks of goods on hand for sale

Plus/Less: Increase/decrease in value of work in progress

Gross output.

Net output

Net output represents the value added to materials by the process of production (including the margin on selling any merchanted or factored goods). It is calculated as follows:—

Gross output

Less: Purchases adjusted for change in value of stocks of fuel and raw materials

Less: Payments for work given to other establishments

Less: Payments for transport

Less: Net amount of any duties, subsidies, allowances and levies payable

= Net output.

Net output per person employed

The figures of net output per person employed are derived by dividing the net output by the average number of persons employed (full time and part time) on all activities covered by the returns, including operatives, administrative, technical and clerical employees and working proprietors, but excluding outworkers.

Purchases

Purchases include the cost of materials and components bought for use in production; of fuel and electricity for all purposes; of packaging materials including the cost of returnable cases and containers when first purchased; of workshop materials, office materials and materials for repairs to establishment's own buildings, plants and vehicles when carried out by their own work people included in the returns; of consumable tools; and of parts for machninery purchased during the year as replacements. Water charges are also included. In general, purchases of goods for merchanting or factoring and canteen supplies are included. Materials supplied by customers for processing are excluded, as are all purchases charged to capital account.

The values shown include any duty paid (less rebate, etc.) but exclude trade discounts allowed. The cost of transport is included only if included in the cost of materials as invoiced: amounts paid to transport organisations, including an establishment's own separate transport organisations for delivery of materials and fuel are, therefore, excluded. Materials purchased overseas are included at the c.i.f. cost plus any duty payable if the cost of transport from the docks was not included in the invoiced price, but at their full delivery cost if invoiced "carriage paid home". Materials and fuel transferred from another department of the establishment not covered by the same return are included at the estimated selling value recorded by the other department.

Sales

Sales are in respect of goods made by the business covered by the return, goods made for it by outworkers or by other establishments from materials given out to them (sometimes described as goods made on commission) and waste products. Any machinery or other capital items produced for use in the business covered by the return are included, the value being that adopted in the establishment's asset accounts. Goods sold without being subjected to any manufacturing process (i.e. merchanted or factored) and canteen takings are included.

The value shown for sales is the net selling value, defined as the amount charged to customers whether on an ex-works or delivered basis excluding any trade discounts, agents' commissions, allowances for returnable cases, purchase tax, etc.; the net amount charged for packaging materials is included. Goods charged on a delivered basis to customers overseas are included at the f.o.b. value.

Goods produced in one establishment and transferred to another establishment of the same firm not covered by the return were treated as sales by the producing establishment and valued as far as possible as if they had been sold to an independent purchaser. Goods transferred to wholesale or retail selling organisations for which separate accounts were kept were valued on the same basis.

To the extent that sales of finished products of one establishment constitute the materials purchased by another, total figures of

the value of sales (and of materials and fuel purchased) include an element of duplication. In some industries, e.g. motor vehicle manufacturing, and woollen and worsted, this duplication is substantial; and aggregates for a number of industries contain significant amounts of duplication. For work done on commission, sub-contract work, etc., the value shown is the total amount charged for the work, including the value of any materials bought and used in such work.

Services rendered

This represents the amounts charged for hiring out plant, machinery and other goods, providing transport, or for any technical or other services rendered to other organisations. It includes amounts credited for similar services rendered to other establishments of the same enterprise not covered by the return.

Standard Industrial Classification

Industry classification is based on the Standard Industrial Classification (revised 1968). It is published by HM Stationery Office together with a separate index in the form of an alphabetical list of industries.

Stocks and work in progress

Values are given of stocks of goods on hand for sale, and of materials and fuel, at the end of the year of return, including any stocks of goods held for merchanting or factoring. Values of the change during the year are also shown. The values include duty in the case of dutiable goods held out of bond.

The value of work in progress at the end of, and the change during the year are also usually shown. This excludes any progress payments made to sub-contractors, and no deduction is made on account of progress payments received.

Transport payments

These represent the total amount paid or credited during the year for both outwards transport of finished goods sold and inwards transport of materials and fuel purchased. They include payment to other establishments, and to any separate transport organisation of the same establishment not covered by the return, but exclude the value of transport services provided by the business covered by the return. The items included are payments for hired cartage and for inwards and outwards carriage by all forms of inland transport, i.e. railways, road haulage, canals, coastwise shipping, air, etc. Payments made for sea and air freight on goods sold to customers overseas and on materials and fuel purchased from overseas suppliers are excluded.

Wages and salaries

These are amounts paid during the year to operatives and to administrative, technical and clerical employees. Payments to working proprietors, whether called salaries or not, are excluded. The values shown include all overtime payments, bonuses and commissions, whether paid regularly or not, and no deduction is made for income tax, insurances, contributory pensions, etc. The value of any payments in kind, travelling expenses, lodging allowances, etc. and employers' contributions to national insurances and pension schemes is excluded.

Work given out

The figures shown represent the total amount paid for work done by other establishments (whether part of the same enterprise or not) on materials supplied to them. They do not include payments to individual outworkers or payments for business and other services.

SYMBOLS USED

The following symbols are used throughout the report:

- .. not available
- nil or less than half the final digit shown
- figures cannot be shown owing to the risk of disclosing information about individual enterprises
- R revised

ROUNDING OF FIGURES

Figures in the tables have, where necessary, been rounded to the nearest final digit; there may be an apparent slight discrepancy between the sum of the constituent items and the total shown.

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