THE BUILDING MATERIALS TRADE

Note.—For information regarding the scope of the Census, instructions given to firms for making returns, and definitions of the terms used in this report, reference should be made to the Introductory Notes on pages v to xviii.

Introductory

This trade comprises firms that were engaged wholly or mainly in the shaping and dressing of stone and the manufacture of artificial stone, tar paving and other materials for building, monumental and road making purposes. The particulars given in this report in respect of dressed stone relate only to firms that were not owners of quarries or other stone workings. Firms that obtained crude mineral from their own quarries and converted it into building stone, road stone, etc., are dealt with in the report on Non-Metalliferous Mines and Quarries (see pages 385 to 402.

Comparability between the results for the two years is impaired by the inclusion in the figures for 1930 of returns made by certain firms that were assigned to the Building and Contracting Trade for 1924. The number of persons employed in 1930 by these firms was about 2,000.

The following table shows the main results of the Censuses of 1930 and 1924 in respect of firms in Great Britain that employed an average of more than ten persons:—

Particulars		1930	1924	
Value of goods made and work done (Gross output) Cost of materials used Paid for work given out to other firms Net output	£'000	13,930 6,255 164 7,511 29,731	9,599 3,788 49 5,762 20,307	
Average number of persons employed Net output per person employed Power available :—	£	253	284	
Prime movers Electric motors driven by purchased electricity	H.P.	24,760 33,708 610	15,860 17,872 484	
Number of returns	No.	750	*	

^{*} Not available.

Deficiencies in 1930 aggregates. —The aggregate number of persons employed in 1930 by firms that stated that they employed not more than ten persons on the average was 9,160, the corresponding figure for 1924 being 5,003. The value of the gross output of these firms in 1924 was £1,691,000 and particulars of the items included in this figure are given below:—

					£'000	
Stone and slate, dressed	l				954	1
Artificial stone, mortar	, plaster	, hearth	surrou	inds,		
etc					212	
Paving materials					163	*
Other products					11	
Work done :—						
On roads and buildin	gs				150	
On purchased monun	nents (er	ection	and cu	tting		
of inscriptions)					189	
Sawing, turning, etc.					12	
		Тот	AL		1,691	
						1

In addition, 269 firms to which schedules were sent at the 1930 Census and 450 at that of 1924 furnished no information; these firms either had small businesses or had ceased productive operations before the end of the censal year.

In 1924, the small firms employed about 20 per cent, of all employees in this trade; about 32 per cent. of the value of dressed stone recorded on schedules for this trade was produced by these firms, but only 12 per cent. of the total output of artificial stone, etc. and less than 5 per cent. of that of paving materials. The great bulk of the work done on purchased monuments was carried out by the small firms.

Size of firms.—In the following table the main particulars recorded at the Census of 1930 are grouped according to the average numbers of persons shown in the returns:—

Size of firm (average numbers employed)	Number of returns	Gross output	Net output	Average number of persons employed	Net output per person employed
	No.	£'000	£'000	No.	£
11-24	 255	1,796	960	4,318	222
25-49	 175	2,607	1,437	5,995	240
50-99	120	3,969	2,133	8,036	265
100-199	 43	3,309	1,623	6,065	268
200-299	11	1,189	710	2,638	269
300-749	 6	1,060	648	2,679	242
Total *	 610	13,930	7,511	29,731	253

Regional distribution.—In the following table the results recorded at the Censuses of 1930 and 1924 are grouped according to the areas* into which Great Britain has been sub-divided:—

	Area	Number of returns	Gross output	Net output	Average number of persons employed	Net output per person employed
		No.	£'000	£'000	No.	£
1	∫ 1930	155	4,573	2,377	8,737	272
1	\ 1924	121	2,411	1,415	5,231	271
2	∫1930	59	1,697	857	2,950	290
4	\ 1924	36	654	394	1,423	277
3	∫1930	34	512	279	1.133	247
9	\ 1924	23	252	156	627	249
4	• \$1930	34	673	357	1,461	244
4	\ 1924	26	868	542	1,399	387
5	∫1930	62	1,184	646	2,731	237
J	\ 1924	43	1,233	747	2,117	353
6	∫ 1930	142	3,507	1,947	8,263	236
U	\ 1924	131	2,615	1,550	5,616	276
7	∫1930	22	244	144	647	222
	```\ 1924	17	381	233	801	291
8	∫1930	9	120	63	303	208
0	\ 1924	10	162	94	406	232
9	∫1930	32	598	330	1,233	268
,	\ 1924	17	410	233	705	330
10	∫1930	61	822	511	2,273	225
10	\ 1924	60	613	398	1,982	201
Тот	∫1930	610	13,930	7,511	29,731	253
101	AL 7 1924	484	9,599	5,762	20,307	284

Northern Ireland.—The following table summarises the particulars recorded at the Census of Production taken by the Government of Northern Ireland for 1930 in respect of firms that employed an average of more than *five* persons. The particulars recorded for 1924 are added but are understood to be incomplete.

Particulars	Unit	1930	1924
Value of goods made and work done (Gross output) Cost of materials used and amount paid for work	£'000	145	87
given out to other firms	,,	76	33
Net output	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	69	54
Average number of persons employed	No.	282	235
Net output per person employed Power available :—	£	245	229
Prime movers	H.P.	224	186
Electric motors driven by purchased electricity	,,	403	86

^{*} For particulars see page xviii.

BUILDING MATERIALS

The principal items included in the gross output value shown above for 1930 were as follows:—

			£'000
Monumental and architectural masonry			29
Artificial stone			37
Mortar and plaster			5
Asphalt and bitumen, and tar and	bitu	imen	
compounds			64
Goods not specified			6
Work done on monuments			3
Work done on roads, buildings, etc.		•••	1
TOTAL			145

#### Production

**Principal products.**—The following table shows the value and, where available, the quantity of building materials and monumental masonry made in 1930 and 1924 for sale:—

	343		19	30			193	24
	Returne	d on	schedule					
Kind of goods		Building		All trades			Total	
	Quan- tity	Value	Ent- ries	Quan- tity	Value	Ent- ries	Quan- tity	Value
Stone and slate, dressed:— Setts and pavement kerbs:—	Tons	£'000	No.	Tons	£'000	No.	Tons	£'000
Of granite	4,410	9	9	4,696	9	10	∫ 1,494 *	6
Of other stone  Monumental and architectural masonry:—	6,444	45 11	9	7,144	47 11	11 4	} †	†
Of granite	23,818	554	77	23,872	555	78	<b>{ 17,267 *</b>	495 100
Of marble	21,550	494	75	21,805	500	78	1,511	51 236
Of other stone or slate	€ 60,915 *	540 85	63 30	60,915	540 108	63 51	} +	†
Other and unclassified dressed stone or slate Slate goods (mantelpieces,	18,237	264	22	19,739	285	30	§ 51,819 *	671 430
school slates, etc.)	•••	147	14		147	14	{ 2,611‡	54‡ 147‡
Total—Dressed stone and slate		2,149		•••	2,202	•••		2,205

	1930						1924	
Kind of goods		Return	ed on	schedul	es for			
Kind of goods	The Building Materials Trade			All trades			Total	
	Quan- tity	Value	Ent- ries	Quan- tity	Value	Ent- ries	Quan- tity	Value
	China de Carrero de Carrero	£'000	No.		£'000	No.		£'000
Hearth surrounds, e.g., slabbed work and other tile and mosaic work, not		RA.			Alfrid		Dail X	
included above	endelf.	211	27		230	32		122‡
Mortar Plaster (including plaster	neits	43	27		63	86	•••	57
partitions, figures, models, etc.) Artificial stone (including concrete blocks, slabs,	784	283	27		318	37		143
cement flags, breeze blocks, etc.)	48.5	2,928	194		3,082	359		1,426
Paving materials:—				dies s	GESTA DELL'A	985 210		The state of
Asphalt and bitumen Crushed stone, slag,		1,551	48	1	3,165	70	•••	904§
clinker, etc		701	121	1	928	166	CT0	1,125
Tar macadam		1,817	88		2,241	106	•••	2,650
Other kinds	94.	3	1		26	7	•••	11
TOTAL — PRINCIPAL PRODUCTS	100	9,686			12,255			8,643

^{*} Quantity not stated.

‡ So far as separately recorded.

The figures shown in the columns headed "All trades" are subject to the following qualifications:—

- (1) They do not include masonry and other materials manufactured by builders and contractors for use in their own work. The volume of the output so excluded cannot be estimated but was probably considerable.
- (2) Firms that made returns on schedules for the Building Materials Trade were not required to state separately the quantity and value of the building stone, roadstone, etc., which they prepared and used in contract work on buildings and roads. In view of the large amounts recorded for such work (see page 169), it appears that an important output of building materials escaped separate record. Some idea of the extent of the deficiency arising from the absence of record under this head and under (1), above, may perhaps be obtained by a comparison of the tonnage of the goods made of granite in the above table and the tonnage of the retained imports of unmanufactured granite, viz., 596,000 tons in 1930.
- (3) They also exclude stone, whether in the crude or dressed form, produced by owners of quarries. Some duplication may be

[†] Included with "Other and unclassified dressed stone or slate."

[§] Including other bituminous and similar solutions (coal tar products).

involved between the value of crude stone as delivered from quarries and that of the dressed stone recorded by firms in the Building Materials Trade, but it is probable that a large part of the crude stone purchased by these firms was imported.

The following table gives particulars of the output in 1930 and 1924 of stone (except slate) recorded on schedules for mines and quarries:—

W: 1 6 1	193	0	1924		
Kind of goods	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
	Th. tons	£'000	Th. tons	£'000	
Limestone or dolomite :—			- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
For use as building stone	198	327	293	301	
For use as paving stone, kerbs, etc.	23	12	11	9	
Sandstone and quartzite*:-					
For use as building stone	350	539	420	575	
For use as kerbs, setts, flags and					
paving	203	298	193	254	
Igneous rocks†:	1				
For architectural and monumental	The second				
use	55	102	64	110	
For use as kerbs and setts	220	402	273	563	
Total	1,049	1,680	1,254	1,812	

* For 1924, the classification was "Sandstone," quartzite being included with granite, basalt, etc.

† For 1924, the classification was "Granite, basalt, quartzite, whinstone, etc."

For particulars of the output of dressed slate and of roadstone, etc., at mines and quarries in 1930 and 1924, reference should be made to pages 412 and 388-90 respectively.

**Prices.**—The average selling values of dressed stone and slate in 1930 and 1924, as calculated from the returns received on schedules for the Building Materials Trade, are shown in the following table. Owing to the lack of quantitative data, these comparisons cannot be extended to the other classes of building materials produced by this trade.

7. 1.	Averag	1930 as a percentage	
Kind of goods	1930	1924	of 1924
Setts and pavement kerbs of granite Monumental and architectural masonry:	£ per ton 2·02	£ per ton 4·23	Per cent. 47·8
Of granite Of marble	$23 \cdot 24 \\ 22 \cdot 95$	28·67 33·93	81·1 67·6

Volume of production in 1930 and 1924.—The total value of the output in 1924 of goods regarded as "Principal products" and of the Contract and other work done by firms in this trade amounted to £11,177,000, and it is estimated that this sum would be reduced to a figure of about £10,300,000 if re-valued in terms of prices in 1930. On the basis of this estimate, the volume of production of these goods in 1930 was greater by about 59 per cent. than in 1924. In view, however, of the large proportion of the total for which no comparable price factors are available, no high degree of precision is claimed for this estimate.

**Exports and imports.**—The following table shows the quantities and values of various classes of dressed stone, etc., exported from the United Kingdom in 1930 and 1924, together with particulars of the quantities imported and retained. For the reasons already given, comparison with production is not practicable.

Wind of made	Expo	orts	Retained imports		
Kind of goods	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
Stones and slates, wholly or mainly manufactured :— Granite :—	Th. tons.	£'000	Th. tons	£,000	
Setts and pavement 1930 kerbs 1924	0.2 $0.2$	$\frac{1}{1}$	108·6 233·0	303 613	
Monumental and archi- 1930 tectural 1924	1·5 3·3	46 89	3.7	207 82	
Marble, other than 1930 works of art 1924	0.2	15 *	31.8	708	
Other descriptions† $\dots \begin{cases} 1930 \\ 1924 \end{cases}$	8·7 13·1	143 189	17·1 29·6	129 588	
Asphalt and bitumen $\dots \begin{cases} 1930 \\ 1924 \end{cases}$	*	*	180·8 264·6	860 1,370	

* Not separately recorded.

† Including grindstones, lithographic stones, millstones and whetstones but excluding slates for roofing purposes.

Contract work, etc.—The total amount recorded as received for contract and job work carried out in 1930 by firms whose returns were made on schedules for the Building Materials Trade was £4,159,000, the corresponding total for 1924 being £2,534,000. The principal kinds of work included in these totals are shown below. In the case of contract and job work the amount received includes the value of the materials prepared by firms and used by them in such work.

Kind of work done	1930	1924
Contract and ich work	£'000	£'000
Contract and job work:—  Work on buildings, etc. (masonry, slating, tiling, plastering, slabbing, etc.)  Work on roads (construction, maintenance or repair)  Not separately distinguished	2,154 1,850 —	572 1,609 222
Total—Contract and job work	4,004	2,403
Work done on monuments not made by the firm (erection and cutting of inscriptions) Work done for the trade or on commission (sawing,	116†	77†
turning, etc.)	39	54‡
Total	4,159	2,534

[†] Includes £1,000 returned on schedules for other trades.

Other products.—In addition to the output shown in the table of principal products on pages 166-7, firms that made their returns on schedules for the Building Materials Trade, recorded a sum of £86,000 in respect of other goods made in 1930, the corresponding figure for 1924 being £45,000. These goods are dealt with in the reports on those trades in which the principal output was recorded.

## Employment and Wages

**Employment.**—The following table shows the average numbers of persons employed in 1930 and 1924:—

	Ma	Males		Females		Total	
Persons employed	Under 18	All	Under 18	All	Under 18	All	
1930 Operatives (average for the year) Administrative, technical and	1,803	26,071	48	255	1,851	26,326	
clerical staff (as at 18th October)	250	2,869	60	536	310	3,405	
TOTAL	2,053	28,940	108	791	2,161	29,731	
1924 Operatives (average for the year) Administrative, technical and	1,159	17,882	52	229	1,211	18,111	
clerical staff (as at 18th October)	155	1,844	39	352	194	2,196	
TOTAL	1,314	19,726	91	581	1,405	20,307	

**Wages.**—The available information as to the amount of wages paid in 1930 and 1924 is given on pages 98 and 99.

### Power

The following table shows the capacity of prime movers, electric generators and electric motors ordinarily in use and in reserve or idle in 1930 and 1924:—

A PART OF THE PART				1	1915 BV 1978	
Power	Dave.	1930			1924	
equipment	Ordinarily in use	In reserve or idle.	Total	Ordinarily in use	In reserve or idle	Total
THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON OF T	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.
Prime movers Reciprocating steam engines Steam turbines Internal combustion engines :—	6,292	3,309 90	9,601	5,346	952 90	6,298
Gas Petrol, kerosene, or	6,339	291	6,630	6,442	597	7,039
other light oils	2,343	306	2,649	625	61	686
Heavy oils	5,410	66	5,476	1,691	100	1,691
Water engines	314	_	314	56	100 <u></u> 000	56
TOTAL	20,698	4,062	24,760	14,160	1,700	15,860
ELECTRIC GENERATORS Driven by	Kw.	Kw.	Kw.	Kw.	Kw.	Kw.
Reciprocating steam engines Internal combustion engines :—	1,078	687	1,765	622	146	768
Gas Petrol, kerosene, or	264	10	274	207	32	239
other light oils	292	50	342	19		19
Heavy oils	544	112	656	21	-	21
TOTAL	2,178	859	3,037	869	178	1,047
ELECTRIC MOTORS Driven by	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.
Electricity generated in same works Electricity generated in other works under same owner-	2,025	676	2,701	830	237	1,067
ship	2,244	538	2,782	150	60	210
Purchased electricity	30,121	3,587	33,708	16,199	1,673	17,872
TOTAL	34,390	4,801	39,191	17,179	1,970	19,149

[‡] Includes £7,000 returned on schedules for other trades.

## Consumption of fuel

CLAY, BUILDING MATERIALS AND BUILDING TRADES

The following table shows the quantities of coal, coke and electricity recorded as used in 1930:—

Kind of fuel used	For power (driving engines)	(driving purposes	
Coal	E 000	Tons 42,843* 28,513*	Tons 7,012 10
Electricity used for all purposes Generated in same works Generated in other works und Purchased	10000.		B.T.U. (Kwhrs.) '000 2,065 4,000 17,519

^{*} These figures were recorded by firms representing 92.5 per cent. of the net output of the whole trade.

### TABLES

### I. Summary of results

Particulars	Unit	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain
Value of goods made and work done		1012 101-41		in the state of the
(Gross output)	£'000	12,510	1,420	13,930
Cost of materials used	,,	5,722	533	6,255
Paid for work given out to other firms	,,	118	46	164
Net output	,,	6,670	841	7,511
Average number of persons employed	No.	26,225	3,506	29,731
Net output per person employed	£	255	240	253
Power available:—			and the	Mediel
Prime movers	H.P.	18,847	5,913	24,760
Electric motors driven by purchased		elicaleses, es	0.034 .00000	Ladwin D
electricity	,,	29,568	4,140	33,708
THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT				Sep 1975

## II. Production

Kind of goods made and work done	Unit	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain
			W day some	ta autowe 3
Stone and slate, dressed :— Setts and pavement kerbs :—		100 Alle A	militari as	Aug 18
	Tons	4,410	S0032 30	4,410
Of granite	£'000	9		9
( )	Tons	6,444		6,444
Of other stone \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	£'000	45	W497 133	45
Of other stone $\begin{cases} Quantity \ stated \end{cases}$ $\begin{cases} Quantity \ not \ stated \end{cases}$	£'000	11	5 10 - 101	11
Monumental and architectural	1		and the	1 1 100
masonry:—	Tons	6,430	17,388	23,818
Of granite	£'000	94	460	554
}	Tons	13,537	8,013	21,550
Of marble $\dots \qquad \dots \qquad \{ \mid$	£,000	445	49	494
( )	Tons	58,860	2,055	60,915
Of other stone   Quantity stated	£'000	537	3	540
or slate Quantity not stated	£'000	83	2	85
Other and unclassified dressed stone	Tons	17,888	349	18,237
or slate	£'000	233	31	264
Slate goods not included above (mantel-		The second second	19.00 10.00	14 MILES
pieces, school slates, etc.)	£'000	147		147
Total—Dressed stone and slate	£'000	1,604	545	2,149

Kind of goods made and work done	Unit	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain
Hearth surrounds, e.g. slabbed work	Çiaranın	2 1		
and other tile and mosaic work, not included above	£'000	*	*	211
Mortar	£'000	*	*	43
Plaster (including plaster partitions, figures, models, etc.)	£'000	*	*	283
Artificial stone (including concrete blocks, slabs, cement flags, breeze blocks, etc.)	£,000	2,800	128	2,928
Paving materials :— Asphalt and bitumen	£'000	1,476	75	1,551
Crushed stone, slag, clinker, etc	£'000	668	33	701
Tar macadam	£'000	1,786	31	1,817
Other kinds	£'000	3		3
Total—Paving materials	£'000	3,933	139	4,072
Other products	£'000	86		86
Work done :—	÷	Amount	Amount	Amount
Contract and job work—				
Work on buildings, etc. (masonry, slating, tiling, plastering, slabbing, etc.)	£'000	1,985	169	2,154
Work on roads (construction, maintenance or repair)	£'000	1,446	404	1,850
Work done on monuments not made by the firm (erection and cutting of inscriptions)	£'000	108	7	115
Work done for the trade or on commission (sawing, turning, etc.)	£'000	33	6	39
Total value of work done	£'000	3,572	586	4,158
TOTAL VALUE OF GOODS MADE AND WORK DONE (GROSS OUTPUT)	£'000	12,510	1,420	13,930

^{*} Owing to the possible disclosure of particulars relating to individual firms, separate particulars for England and Wales and for Scotland cannot be given.

## III. Employment

### A.—Numbers employed in week ended 18th October, 1930

Develop and level		Males		Females		Males and females	
Persons employed		Under 18	-All ages	Under . 18	All	Under 18	All
England and Wales:— Operatives Administrative, etc.*		1,563 238	23,437 2,650	47 52	236 460	1,610 290	23,673 3,110
TOTAL		1,801	26,087	99	696	1,900	26,783
Scotland:— Operatives Administrative, etc.*		274 12	3,129 219	2 8	24 76	276 20	3,153 295
TOTAL		286	3,348	10	100	296	3,448
Great Britain:— Operatives Administrative, etc.*		1,837 250	26,566 2,869	49 60	260 536	1,886 310	26,826 3,405
TOTAL		2,087	29,435	109	796	2,196	30,231

^{*} Administrative, technical and clerical staff.

# B.—Operatives employed in one week in each month of 1930

Week	Male	es and fem			Males and females			
ended	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain	Week ended	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain	
Jan. 18 Feb. 15 Mar. 15 April 12 May 17 June 21	21,696 22,130 22,333 22,471 23,140 23,944	3,004 3,054 3,152 3,369 3,439 3,401	24,700 25,184 25,485 25,840 26,579 27,345	July 19 Aug. 16 Sept. 13 Oct. 18 Nov. 15 Dec. 13	24,002 23,767 23,795 23,673 23,415 23,013	3,252 3,567 3,452 3,153 2,906 2,785	27,254 27,334 27,247 26,826 26,321 25,798	
AVERAGE			IONTHS		23,115	3,211	26,326	

24652

G

IV. Power

PARTICULARS OF PRIME MOVERS, ELECTRIC GENERATORS
AND ELECTRIC MOTORS

14 OF THE PROPERTY 1980	Englan Wa		Scotl	and	Great E	Britain
Power equipment	Ordinarily in use	In reserve or idle	Ordinarily in use	In reserve or idle	Ordinarily in use	In reserve or idle
PRIME MOVERS	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.
Reciprocating steam engines Steam turbines Internal combustion engines :—	4,698	1,469	1,594	1,840 90	6,292	<b>3,3</b> 09 90
- Gas Petrol, kerosene, or	4,381	273	1,958	18	6,339	291
other light oils Heavy oils Water engines	2,247 5,121 300	302 56	96 289 14	10	2,343 5,410 314	306 66 —
TOTAL	16,747	2,100	3,951	1,962	20,698	4,062
TOTAL OF PRIME MOVERS INSTALLED	18,8	347	5,913		24,760	
ELECTRIC GENERATORS Driven by	Kw.	Kw.	Kw.	Kw.	Kw.	Kw.
Reciprocating steam engines Internal combustion	718	367	360	320	1,078	687
engines :— Gas Petrol, kerosene, or	237	_	27	10	264	10
other light oils Heavy oils	292 544	50 112	NE VERN		292 544	50 112
TOTAL	1,791	529	387	330	2,178	859
TOTAL OF ELECTRIC GENERATORS INSTALLED	2,3	320	7.	17	3,037	
The second of th	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.
ELECTRIC MOTORS Driven by Electricity generated		rdet	17.50 130	14 9		at as i
in same works Electricity generated in other works under same	1,841	351	184	325	2,025	676
ownership	2,094	538	150		2,244	538
Purchased electricity	26,317	3,251	3,804	336	30,121	3,587
TOTAL	30,252	4,140	4,138	661	34,390	4,801
TOTAL OF ELECTRIC MOTORS INSTALLED	34,	392	4,7	799	39,	191

## V. Consumption of fuel

Kind of fuel used	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain
Coal used for power* Coke used for power*	Tons	Tons	Tons
	21,753	3,302	25,055
	4,233	853	5,086
Electricity used for all purposes:—  Generated in same works  Generated in other works under same ownership  Purchased	B.T.U.	B.T.U.	B.T.U.
	(Kwhrs.)	(Kwhrs.)	(Kwhrs.)
	'000	'000	'000
	1,935	130	2,065
	3,897	103	4,000
	15,766	1,753	17,519
Total—Electricity	21,598	1,986	23,584

^{*} In addition, 7,012 tons of coal (4,839 tons in England and Wales and 2,173 tons in Scotland) and 10 tons of coke (all in England and Wales) were recorded as used for power and for other purposes, not separately distinguished.