## THE NEEDLE, PIN, FISH-HOOK AND METAL SMALLWARES TRADE

Note.-For information regarding the scope of the Census, instructions given to firms for making returns and definitions of the terms used in this report, reference should be made to the Introductory Notes on pages v to xviii.

## Introductory

This trade comprises firms that were engaged wholly or mainly in the manufacture of needles, pins, fish-hooks, metal buttons and other metal smallwares. The production of buttons of horn, casein and other non-metallic materials is dealt with in a separate volume. The figures previously published in the Report on the 1924 Census have been adjusted to exclude certain returns in which the main output consisted of buttons of these descriptions.

Owing to the risk of disclosure of information relating to individual firms, separate particulars for England and Wales and for Scotland cannot be published. The summary table (I) and the tables showing details of power equipment (IV) and coal, coke and electricity used ( V ) are, therefore, not appended to this report, the whole of this information being available in the report itself.

The following table shows the main results of the Censuses of 1930 and 1924 in respect of firms in Great Britain that employed an average of more than ten persons :-

| Particulars |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## * Not available.

Deficiencies in 1930 aggregates.-The aggregate number of persons employed in 1930 by firms that stated that they employed not more than ten persons on the average was 334 , the corresponding figure for 1924 being 294. The vaiue of the gross output of the small firms in 1924 was $£ 55,000$, and particulars of the items included in this figure are given below:-

## Production

Principal products.-The following table shows the value and, where available, the quantity of needles, pins, metal buttons and other metal smallwares made in 1930 and 1924 for sale :-

In addition, 7 firms to which schedules were sent at the 1930 Census and about 30 at that of 1924 furnished no information; these firms either had small businesses or had ceased productive operations before the end of the censal year.
Size of firms.-In the following table the main particulars recorded at the Census of 1930 are grouped according to the average numbers of persons shown in the returns :-

| Size of firm (average numbers employed) | Number of returns | Gross output | Net output | Average number of persons employed (excluding outworkers) | Net output per person employed |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | £'000 | £'000 | No. | £ |
| 11-24 ... | 20 | 73 | 51 | 348 | 147 |
| 25-49.. | 20 | 182 | 114 | 755 | 151 |
| 50-99 ... | 15 | 242 | 142 | 1,090 | 130 |
| 100-199 ... | 13 | 467 | 269 | 1,607 | 167 |
| 200-299 ... | 5 | 291 | 184 | 1,187 | 155 |
| 400 and over | 7 | 1,390 | 893 | 4,473 | 200 |
| Total | 80 | 2,645 | 1,653 | 9,460 | 175 |

Regional distribution.-In the following table the results recorded at the Censuses of 1930 and 1924 are grouped according to the principal areas* of Great Britain in which firms in this trade are situated:-

| Area | Number of returns | Gross output | Net output | Average number of persons employed (excluding outworkers) | Net output per person employed |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | £'000 | £'000 | No. | £ |
| $\{1930$ | 59 | 2,201 | 1,386 | 7,960 | 174 |
| $5 . . . . .\left\{\begin{array}{l}1924\end{array}\right.$ | 71 | 1,900 | 1,100 | 8,214 | 134 |
| $6 \ldots . \quad\left\{\begin{array}{l}1930\end{array}\right.$ | 16 | 354 | 211 | 1,159 | 182 |
| 6... $\cdot \cdots\{1924$ | 22 | 385 | 231 | 1,475 | 157 |
|  | $5$ | 90 | 56 | 341 | 164 |
| $\text { areas }\{1924$ | 12 | 216 | 111 | 639 | 174 |
| Totai 1930 | 80 | 2,645 | 1,653 | 9,460 | 175 |
| Total 1924 | 105 | 2,501 | 1,442 | 10,328 | 140 |

Northern Ireland.-No production was recorded in Northern Ireland at either the 1930 or the 1924 Census.


[^0]$\ddagger$ The particulars shown do not include fishing tackle made by manufacturers of sports goods. This is dealt with in the report on the Sports Requisites Trade which forms part of a separate volume.

Prices.-The average selling values of needles, other than hosiery (latch) and gramophone needles, and of metal buttons in 1930 and 1924, as calculated from the Census returns, are shown in the following table. It should be borne in mind that these comparisons do not take account of any changes that may have occurred since the earlier year in the type or quality of goods included under the specified descriptions.

| Kind of goods | Average value |  | 1930 as a percentage of 1924 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1930 | 1924 |  |
|  | Shillings per lb. | Shillings per lb. | Per cent. |
| Needles, other than hosiery (latch) and gramophone needles | $6 \cdot 19$ Shilling | 5.91 Shilling | $104 \cdot 7$ |
| Buttons and studs of metal, covered or not:- | per gross | per gross |  |
| Push buttons and studs ... ... | 1.48 | 1.57 | 94.3 |
| Other sorts ... ... ... | $1 \cdot 15$ | 0.98 | $117 \cdot 3$ |

Volume of production in 1930 and 1924. - It is not possible to compare with any precision the volume of production of the principal commodities of this trade in the two censal years, since a large number of the items were recorded only in terms of value. In these cases no price factor is available, but a re-valuation of the goods concerned on the basis of such information as is available regarding manufacturing costs in the two years suggests that, at 1930 prices, the total value of the group of miscellaneous articles, of which the recorded value in 1924 was $£ 1,955,000$, would be in the neighbourhood of $£ 1,650,000$. Using this rough estimate, the following table indicates that the volume of production in 1930 of needles, pins, metal buttons and the other miscellaneous goods shown in the table on page 181, was about 3 per cent. lower than in 1924 :-

| Kind of goods | Total production |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1930 \\ \text { as a } \\ \text { percentage } \\ \text { of } \\ 1924 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1930 | 1924 |  |  |
|  | As returned | As returned | At 1930 average values |  |
|  | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | Per cent. |
| Needles, other than hosiery (latch) and gramophone needles | 421 | 529 | 554 | 76 |
| Buttons and studs of metal, covered or not:- |  |  |  |  |
| Push buttons and studs ... | 69 |  |  |  |
| Other sorts ... ... ... | 216 | 294 | 345 | 63 |
| Other principal products ... ... | 2,013 | 1,955 | 1,830 | 122 |
| Total ... ... | 2,719 | 2,853 | 2,800 | 97 |

Production, exports and imports.-The following table shows, in relation to production, the quantities of metal buttons and studs exported from the United Kingdom in 1930 and 1924, together with the quantities imported and retained. As regards the 1930 figures of production, the deficiencies referred to on page 179 should be borne in mind; the figures for 1924 include the output of small firms. Corresponding particulars in respect of hosiery (latch) needles are added for 1930 but effective comparison cannot be made with 1924 particulars owing to the lack of quantitative data regarding production in that year.

| Kind of goods | Production | Exports | Proportion of production exported | Retained imports | Available for use in the United <br> Kingdom | Share of home market held by British product |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Th. gross | Th. gross | Per cent. | Th. gross | Th. gross | Per cent. |
| Buttons and studs of metal, covered or not:- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Push buttons $\{1930$ | 929 | 21 | $2 \cdot 2$ | 176 | 1,084 | $83 \cdot 8$ |
| and studs ... 1924 | 1,038 | 56 | $5 \cdot 4$ | 448 | 1,430 | $68 \cdot 7$ |
| Other sorts ... 1930 | 3,763 | 323 | $8 \cdot 6$ | 1,703 | 5,143 | $66 \cdot 9$ |
| Other sorts $\quad \cdots\{1924$ | 6,014 | 612 | $10 \cdot 2$ | 1,055 | 6,45\% | $83 \cdot 7$ |
| Hosiery (latch) needles* |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1930 | $8,920 \dagger$ | 127 | $1 \cdot 4$ | 28,943 | 37,736 | $23 \cdot 3$ |

* In 1924 the total production of hosiery (latch) needles was valued at $£ 156,000$, exports at $£ 12,000$ ( 1 ton) and retained imports at $£ 77,000$ ( 42 tons).
$\dagger$ Including a rough estimate in respect of needles returned by value only.
The following table gives the available particulars regarding exports and retained imports of needles other than hosiery (latch) needles and of pins of all kinds in 1930 and 1924. Corresponding information cannot be given for the other products of this trade since, with the exception of fishing tackle, they were not recorded separately in the trade returns. Exports and imports of fishing tackle are dealt with in the report on the Sports Requisites Trade which forms part of a separate volume.

| Kind of goods | Exports |  | Retained imports |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1930 | 1924 | 1930 | 1924 |
| Needles other than hosiery (latch) | £ 000 | $£^{\prime} 000$ | £'000 | $£^{\prime} 000$ |
| $\dddot{(T h} \text {. llos.) }$ | $\begin{array}{r} 210 \\ (381) \\ 100 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 332 \\ (331) \\ 165 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 14 \\ (99) \\ 22 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 14 \\ (63) \end{array}$ |

Work done for the trade.-The total amount recorded as received for work done for the trade in 1930 was $£ 7,000$, the corresponding total for 1924 being $£ 27,000$.

Other products.-In addition to the output shown in the table of principal products on page 181, firms that made returns on schedules for the Needle, Pin, Fish-hook and Metal Smallwares Trade recorded an output in 1930 of other goods (non-metallic buttons, miscellaneous iron and steel mannufactures, etc.) valued at $£ 142,000$, as compared with $£ 108,000$ in 1924 . These goods are dealt with in the reports on those trades in which the principal output was recorded.

Waste products sold.-Sales of metal scrap totalling $£ 3,000$ were recorded for 1930 by firms in this trade : no record of similar sales was obtained at the 1924 Census.

## Employment and Wages

Employment.-The following table shows the average numbers of persons employed in 1930 and 1924 :-

| Persons employed | Males |  | Females |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under 18 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { ages } \end{aligned}$ | Under 18 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { ages } \end{aligned}$ | Under 18 | All <br> ages |
| 1930 Operatives (average for the year) | 280 | 2,682 | 1,780 | 5,866 | 2,060 | 8,548 |
| Administrative, technical and clerical staff (as at 18th October) | 10 | 536 | 69 | 376 | 79 | 912 |
| Total ... | 290 | 3,218 | 1,849 | 6,242 | 2,139 | 9,460 |
| 1924 <br> Operatives (average for the year) | 435 | 2,988 | 1,649 | 6,515 | 2,084 | 9,503 |
| Administrative, technical and clerical staff (as at 18th October) | 44 | 488 | 67 | 337 | 111 | 825 |
| Total ... ... | 479 | 3,476 | 1,716 | 6,852 | 2,195 | 10,328 |
| Average number of outworkers: | $\begin{aligned} & 23 \\ & 38 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 168 \\ & 506 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 191 \\ & 544 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1930 \\ & 1924 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Wages.-The available information as to the amount of wages paid in 1930 and 1924 is given on pages 18 and 19.

## Power

The following table shows the capacity of prime movers, electric generators and electric motors ordinarily in use and in reserve or idle in 1930 and 1924 :-

| Power equipment | 1930 |  |  | 1924 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ordinarily in use | In reserve or idle | Total | Ordinarily in use | In reserve or idle | Total |
| Prime movers | H.P. | H.P. | H.P. | H.P. | H.P. | H.P. |
| Reciprocating steam engines | 249 | 120 | 249 | 390 | 47 | 437 |
| Steam turbines <br> Internal combustion engines :- | 322 | 1,120 | 1,442 | - | - | - |
| Gas ... ... ... | 897 | 171 | 1,068 | 2,064 | 348 | 2,412 |
| Petrol, kerosene or other light oils ... | 9 | 7 | 16 | 18 | - | 18 |
| Heavy oils Water engines | 1,247 43 | - | 1,247 43 | $\begin{array}{r} 220 \\ 41 \end{array}$ | - | 220 41 |
| Total ... .. | 2,767 | 1,298 | 4,065 | 2,733 | 395 | 3,128 |
| Electric generators Driven by <br> Reciprocating steam engines ... <br> Steam turbines ... <br> Internal combustion engines :- | Kw. | Kw. | Kw. | Kw. | Kw. | Kw. |
|  | 86 240 | 2 835 | 88 1,075 | 31 | - | 31 |
|  | 240 | 835 | 1,075 |  | - |  |
|  | 350 | - | 350 | 250 | 107 | 357 |
| Petrol, kerosene or other light oils | $\overline{75}$ | - | $\overline{77}$ |  | - | 2 |
| Heavy oils Water engines ... | 275 | 2 | 277 | $\begin{array}{r} 50 \\ 6 \end{array}$ | - | 50 6 |
| Total .. | 951 | 839 | 1,790 | 339 | 107 | 446 |
| Electric motors Driven by | H.P. | H.P. | H.P. | H.P. | H.P. | H.P. |
| Electricity generated in same works ... | 814 | 17 | 831 | 381 | 10 | 391 |
| Purchased electricity |  | 434 | 4,146 | 2,484 | 361 | 2,845 |
| Total ... | 4,526 | 451 | 4,977 | 2,865 | 371 | 3,236 |

## Consumption of fuel

The following table shows the quantities of coal, coke and electricity recorded as used in 1930 :-


* These figures were recorded by firms representing 93.7 per cent. of the net output of the whole trade.


## TABLES

Note.-Owing to the possible disclosure of information relating to individual firms, separate particulars for England and Wales and for Scotland cannot be given.
I. Summary of results (see page 179)
II. Production

| Goods sold or added to stock and work done | Quantity | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Needles:- | Thousands | £'000 |
| Hosiery (latch) ... ... ... ... | 7,922 | 34 |
| Gramophone* ... ... ... ... ... ... |  | 69 |
| Number stated | 11,352 | 19 |
| Other descriptions ... ... ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Weight stated ... | Th. lbs. $1,099$ | 340 |
| Value only stated | ... | 56 |
| TotaL-Needles ... | ... | 518 |
| Pins :- |  |  |
| Hair pins (including hair curlers and wavers) ... | $\ldots$ | 148 |
| Safety pins (including tie and collar pins) Other pins :- | ... | 125 |
| Solid headed ... ... ... ... ... ... | $\ldots$ | 65 |
| Other sorts (including crochet hooks) | $\ldots$ | 55 |
| Total-Pins ... | ... | 393 |
|  | Th. gross |  |
| Buttons and studs of metal, covered or not:- |  |  |
| Push buttons and studs | 927 | 68 |
| Other sorts ... .. | 3,666 | 211 |
| Totai-Buttons and studs of metal... | 4,593 | 279 |
| Fishing tackle and fish-hooks ... ... | ... |  |
| Buckles ... ... ... ... ... | ... | 129 |
| Hooks and eyes, boot eyelets and lacing hooks ... | $\ldots$ | 191 |
| $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Corset steels and busks* ... } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots \\ \text { Accoutrements, badges and similar accessories and }\end{array}$ | ... | 232 |
| Accoutrements, badges and similar accessories and fittings for uniforms* | ... | 36 |
| Other metal smallwares (paper clips, ticket pins, curtain hooks and rings, thimbles, etc.)* | $\ldots$ | 600 |
| Other goods made ... ... ... ... ... | $\ldots$ | 142 |
| Metal scrap sold ... ... ... ... ... ... |  | 3 |
| Work done for the trade | ... | $7 \dagger$ |
| Total value of goods made and work done (Gross output) | $\ldots$ | 2,645 |

* So far as recorded separately.
$\dagger$ Amount received for work done.


## III. Employment

A.-Numbers employed in week ended 18th October, 1930 (EXCLUDING OUTWORKERS)

| Persons employed (excluding outworkers) | Males |  | Females |  | Males and females |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under 18 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { ages } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & 18 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { ages } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & 18 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { ages } \end{aligned}$ |
| Operatives | 278 | 2,666 | 1,769 | 5,831 | 2,047 | 8,497 |
| Administrative, technical and clerical staff | 10 | 536 | 69 | 376 | 79 | 912 |
| Total ... ... | 288 | 3,202 | 1,838 | 6,207 | 2,126 | 9,409 |

B.-Operatives (excluding outworkers) employed in one week IN EACH MONTH OF 1930

| Week ended |  | Males and females | Week end |  | Males and females |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| January 18 | $\ldots$ | 8,687 | July 19 |  | 8,476 |
| February 15 | $\ldots$ | 8,594 | August 16 ... | $\ldots$ | 8,535 |
| March 15 ... | ... | 8,620 | September 13 | ... | 8,503 |
| April 12 ... | ... | 8,660 | October 18 | $\ldots$ | 8,497 |
| May 17 ... | $\cdots$ | 8,707 | November 15 | ... | 8,510 |
| June 21 ... | .. | 8,475 | December 13 | ... | 8,307 |
| Average for the 12 months |  |  | . ... ... | $\ldots$ | 8,548 |

C.-Numbers of outworkers at two specified periods in 1930

|  | January |  | July |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Males | Females | Total | Males | Females | Total |
| 24 | 178 | 202 | 22 | 158 | 180 |

IV. Power (see page 185)
V. Consumption of fuel (see page 186)


[^0]:    * Quantity not stated. $\quad \dagger$ So far as recorded separately.

