The Report on the Census of Production for 1954

Volume 7: Industry G

FUR



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The Report on the Census of Production for 1954

VOLUME 7, INDUSTRY G

FUR

THIS REPORT on the Fur Industry relates to establishments engaged wholly or mainly in sorting, dressing and dyeing furs, and in manufacturing fur apparel, fur muffs, fur trimmings, fur mats and rugs and hatters' fur.

This industry corresponds to minimum list heading 132 in the Standard Industrial

There were no larger establishments in Northern Ireland in the register for this industry.

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IMPORTANT NOTES and definitions appear on the next page. In interpreting the data in the tables, it is essential to bear these in mind.

S 42 [HA 251]

The following notes describe terms in general use in the tables of the report. More detailed explana-tions of the terms used and a description of the scope and method of taking the census are given in the separate booklet entitled 'The Report on the Census of Production for 1954 - Introductory Notes' (price 1s. 6d.

Industrial Classification: Establishments are classified to industries according to the nature of their output and, as far as possible, in conformity with the Standard Industrial Classification. Certain products are identified as the principal products of individual industries, the principal products for a given industry being of a similar nature or commonly associated in production. The principle of classification normally followed is that an establishment is classified to an industry if its output of the principal products of that industry accounted for a greater proportion of the value of its output than did its output of the principal products of any other industry.

Specialist producers normally comprise those establishments 50 per cent. or more of whose total output by value is accounted for by the characteristic products of the specialist group.

Intermediate products: For some industries figures are given showing the total quantities made during the year of intermediate products, i.e., products which may be further processed in the establishments in which they are produced.

Larger establishments: The information given in the report relates mainly to 'larger establishments', i.e., establishments of firms employing on the average more than 10 persons. In most cases an establishment comprises the whole of the premises under the same ownership or management at a particular address (e.g., a mine or factory). Offices, warehouses, laboratories and other ancillary places of business situated apart from the producing works are not regarded as separate establishments and are included in the return for the works.

Small firms are those employing on the average 10 or fewer persons.

The estimates for the industry as a whole given in Table 1 are normally obtained by increasing the other items shown in the same proportion as total employment.

Gross output (production) is the total value of goods made and other work done during the year: it is obtained by adjusting the value of sales and work done during the year for changes in the value of stocks of products on hand for sale and work in progress.

Net output is the amount left after deducting from the value of gross output the aggregate of the cost of materials and fuel used, the amount paid for work given out, and, for 1951 and 1954, any transport payments made. This represents the value added to materials by the process of production, and constitutes the fund from which wages, salaries, rents; rates and taxes, advertising and other selling expenses and all other similar charges have to be met, as well as depreciation and profits.

Sales means sales during the year of goods made in the establishment covered by the return or made on commission for it, whether produced in the year or not. The value of sales is the net selling value, i.e., the amount charged to customers, whether on an ex-works or delivered basis, and net of any trade discounts, agents' commissions, allowances for returnable cases, purchase tax, etc. For goods charged on a delivered basis to customers overseas, firms were required to give the f.o.b. value.

Materials and fuel: The total cost of materials and fuel purchased includes all purchases during the year of materials for use in production, and of fuel (including oil, gas and electricity) for all purposes; packing materials, including the full cost of returnable cases when first purchased; workshop and office materials; water charges; materials for repairs to buildings, plant and vehicles when carried out by firms' own workpeople included in their returns; consumable tools; and parts for machinery purchased as replacements. Purchases of goods for merchanting are excluded. The cost of materials and fuel used, given in Table 2, is obtained by adjusting purchases for changes during the year in the value of stocks.

Stocks: Firms were required to give stocks of materials and fuel, products on hand for sale, and work in progress, at income tax values.

Customs and Excise Duty paid on materials purchased is normally included in the cost of materials. Finished goods are similarly valued as they were sold, duty-paid or duty-free. The net amount of any duty paid is deducted in arriving at net output.

Employment: Total employment includes working proprietors, administrative, technical and clerical employees, and operatives, but excludes outworkers, canteen employees and persons engaged in merchanting or any other activity not covered by a firm's return, who are shown separately as excluded employees. Employees are persons on the pay-roll (i.e., persons whose National Insurance cards were held by employers), whether employed full-time or part-time.

Working proprietors are proprietors of businesses other than limited companies, together with members of their families who worked in the business without receiving fixed wages or salaries. Any persons working less than half the normal hours are excluded. For Northern Ireland directors of limited companies (other than those paid by fee only) are also included.

Administrative, technical and clerical employees include directors, other than those paid by fee only (except in Northern Ireland); managers, superintendents and works foremen; research, experimental, development, technical and design employees (other than operatives); draughtsmen and tracers; travellers; and office (including works office) employees.

Operatives include all other classes of employees, i.e., broadly speaking, all manual workers.

Outworkers are persons employed by the firm who work on materials supplied by the firm in their own homes.

Wages and salaries include all overtime payments, bonuses and commissions without any deductions for income tax, insurances, contributory pensions etc. They exclude payments to working proprietors.

Capital expenditure includes expenditure on new building work, and on plant, machinery and vehicles, charged to capital account during the year, including any transport and installation costs involved. It includes expenditure in respect of establishments in Great Britain which had not begun production before the end of the year (which has not previously been included in the Census of Production reports for individual industries).

Symbols used:

- .. for not available
- for nil or negligible (less than half the final digit shown).

Where figures are rounded, e.g., given to the nearest £ thousand, there may be apparent slight discrepancies between the sums of constituent items and the totals shown. In some cases, figures have been combined with others of a similar nature where publication of separate details might disclose information relating to an individual undertaking.

Industry summary: Estimates for the industry as a whole

TABLE 1

	STATE OF STREET	United Kingdo	Scotland	Wales	
do and and another	1948	1948 1951		1954	1954 (a)
	£ million	£ million	£ million	£ million	£ million
Gross output (production)	14.3	16.5	16.0	0.81	
Net output	6.0	6.6	7.0	0.41	
Total stocks and work in progress At beginning of year Change during year	+ 4.1	3.8	4.0	0.36	
Capital expenditure less disposals (b)	0.2	0.2	0.6	0.01	liter
Wages and salaries	3.9	4.0	4.3	0.26	10 (Sed 523)
Total employment (including	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands
working proprietors)	11.8	11.0	9.8	0.80	

- (a) Owing to the risk of disclosure of information relating to individual firms, separate particulars cannot
- (b) Capital expenditure on new building work, plant, machinery and vehicles (including (except in 1948) that incurred in Great Britain for establishments not yet in production), less amounts received for plant, machinery and vehicles disposed of.

TABLE 2

Summary of returns received

		Unit	Great Britain 1948	United b	Kingdom
A CALL DESCRIPTION AND	barot in the Car	2	1340	1951	1954
FIRMS EMPLOYING ON AVERAGE	MORE THAN 10 PERSONS	100			
Number of establishments			212		
Total value of sales and work	done	No. £'000	9,129	196	169
Products on hand for sale	fat beginning of year		935	10,856	9,844
and work in progress	change during year	"	+ 317	+ 400	1.484
Gross output (production) (a)	Carried lear		9,437	400	+ 193
			3,437	11.256	10,038
Purchases of materials and fu			4.599	6,168	
		"	1.748	1,316	5,100
Tons or materials and rue!	Change during year	"	- 279	+ 7	1,049
cost of materials and fuel us	ed	"	4.879	6,162	100
Payment for work done on mate	rials given out		592	519	4.934
Payment for transport (b)			8	54	671 62
THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY.		0 1 200	A STREET, STRE	MI DANNOTT BLT	02
Net output		1 1	3.967	4,521	4.371
Average number of employees	∫ operatives	No.	6,496	6.320	5.199
Total - 1	Lothers		1,148(c)	1.108	884
Total employment (d)		1	7,732	7,508	6,152
Net output per person employed	d (d)	£	513	602	711
		T BE L		002	/11
Wages and salaries	of operatives	£, 000	1,903	2,104	2.076
	{ of others		641	639	595
Capital expenditure		1 24 1			-
New building work (e)		A	I FAMILY T		
	∫acquisitions (e)		35	60	6
Plant and machinery	disposals		97	52	57
Value	∫acquisitions (e)	"	2	1	5
Vehicles	disposals	"	39	62	46
		"	8	19	15
IRMS EMPLOYING ON AVERAGE 1	O OR FEWER DERSONS				
Number of returns	On LWEI PERSONS	4		SECTION OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	
		No.	769	614(f)	714
Total employment, including proprietors	working	A PARTY			OT THE RESERVE

- (a) For the year 1948 gross output excludes payments for transport services outwards on finished goods sold. For subsequent years gross output includes payments to other firms and undertakings and to firms' own separate transport organisations for transport services.
- Payments to other firms and undertakings and to firms' own separate transport organisations. For the year 1948 payments cover only transport outwards of finished goods sold. For subsequent years they cover payments for transport of both finished goods sold and materials and fuel purchased.
- (c) Number in week ended September 25, 1948.
- (d) Excluding outworkers and including working proprietors.
- (e) Excluding expenditure for establishments not yet in production.
- (f) Excluding approximately 90 small firms engaged in the production of hatters' fur which were not separately distinguished in 1951 and excluding Northern Ireland. No information about small firms was collected in Northern Ireland for 1951.

(59480)

(59480)

Analysis by size, 1954: Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

Average number employed (a)		Estab-	Gross	Net	Employees		Employees Wages and salaries		Capital	Net outpu per perso
	lish- ments	output	output	Operatives	Others	Operatives		expenditure (b)	employed (a)	
AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON	Number	£,000	£, 000	Number	Number	£, 000	£, 000	£.000	£	
11 - 24	99	2.938	1,126	1.375	259	515	171	26	667	
25 - 49	43	3,040	1,203	1,265	241	504	154	25	784	
50 - 99	17	1.954	882	1,155	170	467	120	26	665	
100 - 499	9	2.105	1,161	1.404	214	590	150	32	717	
Total	169	10,038	4,371	5,199	884	2,076	595	109	711	

(a) Excluding outworkers and including working proprietors.
(b) Capital expenditure on new building work and on acquisition of plant, machinery and vehicles. Excluding expenditure for establishments not yet in production.

Analysis according to specialisation within the industry, 1954 Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

TABLE 4

TABLE 4			Sp	ecialist	producers	of			Jana
	Unit	Fur dressed only, including work done for the trade	Fur dressed and dyed inclu- ding work done for the trade	Fur dyed only in-cluding work done for the trade	Manu- fac- tured fur goods, inclu- ding cutting and making-	Hatters'	Re- modell- ing, alter- ations, repairs and work done for the trade	Re- main- der of the indus- try	Total
Number of establishments Total value of sales and work do Sales of characteristic products	"	16 6 57 561	12 2,175 1,736	7 419 286	100 5,363 4,841	12 852 766	18 230 193	149	169 9,844
sale and work in Schange	inning year " during	16	330	10	831	253	14	31	1.484
progress ye Gross output (production)		- 3 653	- 25 2.150	+ 3 421	+ 103 5,466	+ 88 940	+ 4 234	+ 24 173	+ 193
Purchases of materials and fuel		130	974	121	3,166	573	63	73	5,100
and fuel (change	year "	25	233	8	608	153	17	4	1.049
Cost of materials and fuel used Payment for work done on materia		131	- 9 982	122	+ 183 2,982	- 9 582	+ 3	74	4,934
qiven out Payment for transport	" "	(a) (a)	62 21	(a) (a)	56 4 2 4	9 9	9 2	21	671
Net output Average number of coperate employees others Total employment (b) Net output per person employed (517 708 63 773 669	1,085 1,216 222 1,440 753	293 311 44 355 825	1,896 1,903 423 2,383 796	340 648 67 715 476	163 269 53 330 492	78 144 12 156 498	4,371 5,199 884 6,152 711
Wages and salaries { of ope	ratives £'000 ers	321 39	526 139	145 29	775 282	182 64	80 29	46 12	2.076
Capital expenditure New building work (c) Sacquis	itions(c)	- 11	4 26	- 5	- 7	1 4	- 2	1	6 57
Plant and machinery (dispos	als itions(c) "	6 3	1	- 4	32 11	1	1	of teducal	46 15

⁽a) Owing to the risk of disclosure of information relating to individual firms, separate particulars cannot be given.

(b) Excluding outworkers and including working proprietors.

(c) Excluding expenditure for establishments not yet in production.

(59480)

Sales of the principal products of the industry, including sales of these products by establishments classified to other industries

Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

TABLE 5

	19	51		1954	
	Quantity	Value	Quanti ty	Value	Entrie
	Th.	£,000	Th.	£,000	Num be :
Manufacture of skins and furs Clothing				3.500	e 570
Coats (of all lengths)	104	3,279 545	78	2,253 982	91
Other fur garments (capes, stoles, muffs, etc.), except gloves (a)		934	STATE OF STATE	844	80
Unclassi fi ed		192		60	6
Other made up fur goods (b)		289	••	301	26
Sacs, strips, plates, etc.	a squa · · · sangal	99	week strike	438	17
	Th.cwt.		Th.cwt.		
Hatters' fur	6.3	845 258	5.2	635 131] 11
	Th.skins		Th.skins		
Skins and fur skins, dressed, etc.					
Dressed only	1				1
Sheep skins	1,025	396 }	206	206	11
Other skins including lamb and rabbit	P	(498	129	16
Dressed and dyed	Tanah I				
Sheep skins	842	916	••	1,065	9
Other skins including lamb and rabbit Dyed only	1	20		102	20
Sheep skins, lamb and other (except rabbit)	(c)	(c)	at de abonina	53	5
Waste products		145		119	46
W 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	100	Amount charged	214 0000000	Amount charged	THE STATE OF
Work done for the trade or on commission		€, 000	What his to his	€,000	District A Market
Skins and fur skins, dressed etc. for the trade		£ 000		E 000	
Dressed only	or a manifest water state	STATE STREET	Later A STARRED SHE	Lot and the	
Rabbit skins	8.758	336 145	2,489	89 16] 16
Sheep skins	6.970	267 }	141	47 27	7
Other skins including lamb	20 121000	300	5,711	321 96	} 22
Dressed and dyed	ng na kangana	The same and the			
Sheep skins	532	189		192	5
Other skins including lamb and rabbit		538		655	14
Dyed only					
Rabbit skins	(c)	(c)		98	6
Sheep skins	(c)	(c)		8	6
Other skins including lamb	(c)	(c)		246	12

TABLE 5 (contd.)

	the Birted Kingdon	1951			1954	
		Quan ti ty	Value	Quanti ty	Value	Entries
Work done	for the trade or on commission (contd.)	Th.skins	£,000	Th.skins	£. 000	Number
Cutting	g and making up of furs for the trade		181		216	32
goods	ling, alteration and repair of fur		749		532	78
Other w	rork		170		103	22
То	tal		10,874		9,998	
	tles in other industries (see Table 6)	7.	201	ite inequal at	296	ı
	by establishments in the industry		10,673		9,702	159

(a) For gloves see the Glove Industry (Volume 7. Industry J).
(b) For rugs and mats of sheep or lamb skin recorded separately, see the Fellmongery Industry. (Volume 7. Industry E).

(c) Not separately recorded.

Sales of principal products of the industry by establishments classified to other industries

Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

TABLE 6

24. [251. 259.] J		1954			
	Quantity	Value	Entries	industries in which produced (a)	
		£'000	Number		
Clothing, wholly or mainly of fur, unclassified		60	6	7H	
Other fur garments and made up fur goods (except gloves)	(16)	10	5 5.0 das	6C	
the language of the second second	Th.skins			- apaghera, some	
Skins and fur skins, dressed, other than rabbit skins	194	183 32	} 10	7E	
Work done for the trade or on commission (b)		11		7E	
Total		296	••	har tel osen lisor	

(a) The volume number and industry references given are to the industries shown in the list at the back

of this report. (b) Amount charged.

> TABLE 7 - Sales in the industry of other than principal products Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

The total value of sales in 1954 of other than principal products amounted to £142,016.

TABLE 8 - Total make of intermediate products Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

Particulars for this table cannot be given as the details of quantity recorded for 1954 for skins and furs, dressed, are incomplete.

Purchases of materials and fuel, 1954 Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

TABLE 9

		Quantity	Cost
		Th.skins	£,000
Materials			
Wool skins and fur skins Rabbit skins			
	4	10 705	400
Raw or undressed	1	12,705	468 97
Dressed or dressed and dyed	1	370	65
Sheep skins			•
Raw or undressed	1	539	446
	9	:	163
Dressed or dressed and dyed	{	128	276 126
Other skins and furs (including lambskins)			
Raw or undressed			1,143
Dressed, not dyed			371
Dressed and dyed			946
Sacs, strips, plates, etc.		••	99
Woven piece goods		Th.sq.yds.	
Of silk and of rayon, nylon, etc. or mainly of these materials	1	488	102
	7	223	28 18
Of cotton or mainly of cotton	1	••	9
		Th.cwt.	
Dye stuffs	{	11	45 84
Packing materials			19
All other purchased materials			431
Fuel and electricity		Th.tons	
Coal	4	6	26
	4	••	7
Coke		2	13
Liquid fuels (including creosote/pitch mixtures) For use in internal combustion engines		Th and	
Motor spirit (petrol) for use in road vehicles and	4	Th.gal. 77	
derv. fuel	U		14
Other		5	1
For burning in furnaces, boilers, kilns, etc.	1	34	2
Gas purchased	9	Th.therms	7
	4	143	11
From Gas Boards	4		4
From other sources, including other departments of the same firms			
Electricity purchased		Th.kWh.	2
	1	5, 57 5	40
From Electricity Boards	1	••	18
From other sources, including other departments of the same firms		142	1
All other purchased fuel			2
Total cost			5,100

LIST OF INDUSTRY REPORTS

Average number of employees and wages, salaries and superannuation payments (a) Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

	1951	1954
	1931	1334
	Number	Number
Average number of employees		0.000
Operatives	6,320	5,199
Administrative, technical and clerical employees	1,108	884
Total	7,428	6,083
	£,000	£,000
Wages and salaries paid to	18 28 3 E. C.	
Operatives	2,104	2.076
Administrative, technical and clerical employees	639	595
Total	2,742	2,671
	£	£
Wages and salaries per head	See to the second second	in central and stances in
Operatives	333	399
Administrative, technical and clerical employees	577	673
		£,000
Superannuation and other pension funds for employees and dependents	The special action where	Mark the beauties
Employers' contributions		18
		Number
Employees covered		463
	THE REST OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	£,000
Pension, etc. payments to former employees and dependents		8

(a) The following persons, not included above, were also employed by larger establishments in this industry ('other workers' includes, for example, employees engaged in merchanting):

	1951	1954
	Number	Number
Canteen workers		4
Male Female	50	54
1 e mare		
Total	52	58
Other workers		
Male	8	33
Female	21	27
Total	29	60
Total excluded employees	81	118
Outworkers		
Male	22	58
Female	60	76
Total	82	134
	£,000	£, 000
Payments to outworkers	19	41

Employment in a specified week (a) Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

TABLE 11						Number
The state of the s		1951			1954	it empe
a carrier	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total
Working proprietors	75	5	80	65	4	69
Operatives	3,220	3,238	6,458	2,711	2,438	5,149
Administrative, technical and clerical employees	675	426	1,101	576	323	899
Total employees	3,895	3,664	7,559	3,287	2,761	6,048

(a) Week ended September 22, 1951, or October 30, 1954.

VOLUME 1

	Coal Mines				
В.	Non-Metall	iferous	Mine	es and	
	Quarries	(other	than	Coal.	Salt

- C. Salt Mines, Brine Pits and Salt Works
- D. Slate Quarries and Mines
 E. Metalliferous Mines and Quarries
 F. Brick and Fireclay
 G. China and Earthenware

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- K. Abrasives
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- A. Coke Owens and By-products
 B. Dyes and Dyestuffs
 C. Fertiliser, Disinfectant, Insecticide and Allied Industries
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 Mechanical Handling Equipment

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 Mechanical Engineering (Repairing)
 Electrical Engineering (General)
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- N. Batteries and Accumulators
 O. Electric Lighting Accessories and
- Fittings

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- J. Jewellery and Plate
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- Rope, Twine and Net Hosiery and Other Knitted Goods
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- . Lace
 . Carpets
 . Narrow Fabrics
 . Canwas Goods and Sacks
 . Textile Converting
 ? Made-up Household Textiles
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 . Textile Packing

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- and Cider M. Tobacco

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- H. Cardboard Box, Carton and
- Fibre-board Packing Case
 I. Manufactured Stationery, Paper
- Bag and Kindred Industries
- J. Newspaper and Periodical Printing and Publishing
- K. Printing and Publishing.
 Bookbinding, Engraving, etc.

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