

BOARD OF TRADE

THE REPORT ON THE CENSUS OF PRODUCTION FOR 1958

Part 21 TOBACCO



5 42 [HA 251]

Presented by the Board of Trade to Parliament in pursuance of the Statistics of Trade Act, 1947 (10 & 11 Geo.6 Ch.39, Sec.7)

LONDON : HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE 1960

PRICE 1s. 9d. NET

These notes give only the main information which is needed for interpreting the census figures. Fuller explanations are given in a separate booklet of Introductory Notes (Part 1 of the Report on the Census of Production for 1958).

Some changes were introduced in the 1958 they were conducted by a separate company, or by a separate department with a separate set of accounts; building and engineering maintenance departments Returns in full detail were required only from were treated similarly. Selling and transport departments were treated in this way both for 1954 and 1958. While the effect of including these further ancillary activities was generally to produce higher figures for employment etc., the reporting of separate figures for merchanted goods The coverage of firms' returns for 1958 was in led to the exclusion of some firms who proved to be

census, which affect the comparability between 1954 and 1958 figures. firms employing 25 or more persons, instead of, as previously, from firms employing 11 or more persons. many cases rather wider than for 1954. In both years the census was based on the establishment. comprising in most cases the whole of the premises

merchants with only minor productive activities. under the same ownership or management at a particu-Changes made for 1958 in the instructions lar address (e.g. a factory or mine); but offices, governing the making of returns for two or more warehouses, laboratories, etc. at addresses separate establishments operated by the same firm permitted from the works were treated as part of the establcombined returns to be made more freely than in ishment. For 1958, but not for 1954, firms were asked to include also, in all sections of their previous censuses. Combined returns were accepted covering establishments in the same census industry, returns, particulars relating to merchanting or and situated in the same country (i.e. England, factoring, canteens operated by them, and other Scotland or Wales). ancillary activities, such as bottling, packing, and The 1954 figures have been re-tabulated to the manufacture of containers for packing their own correspond as closely as possible to those for 1958. products, whether or not these activities were but because of the changes described above the carried on at the same address as the works, unless correspondence is not always exact.

TERMS USED IN THE CENSUS REPORTS

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

The expenditure on new building work shown excludes the cost of land and existing buildings (iii) Total employment purchased; for plant, machinery and vehicles both This is the sum of the average number of emnew and second-hand items are included. The value ployees and the number of working proprietors; is that charged to capital account during the year, outworkers are excluded. including any transport and installation cost involved. Capital expenditure in respect of estab-ENTERPRISE lishments in Great Britain where production had not The term enterprise is used in this report to started before the end of the year is included in Table 1

mean one or more firms under common ownership or control as defined in the Companies Act, 1948. An enterprise normally consists either of a single firm, or of a holding company together with its CHARACTERISTIC PRODUCTS (See the description of the method of classification before List of Tables) subsidiary companies.

EMPLOYMENT

(i) Working proprietors

The number of entries shown in Tables 4, 5 and These include all persons regarded as 'self-7 is the number of returns on which figures against employed' for National Insurance purposes, and a particular output or production heading were members of their families who worked in the business recorded. The number of entries is less than the without receiving fixed wages or salaries; but corresponding number of establishments to the extent that combined returns were made covering more than persons working less than half the normal hours are one of the establishments concerned. excluded.

(ii) Employees

Employees are classified under the two main headings of (a) administrative, technical and clerical employees and (b) operatives. The figures relate to persons on the pay-roll (i.e. whose National Insurance cards were held by employers), whether full-time or part-time employees. The figures for 1958 include, but those for 1954 exclude, persons engaged in merchanting or factoring, and canteen workers.

Administrative, technical and clerical employees include managers, superintendents, and works foremen; research, experimental, development, technical and design employees (other than operatives); draughtsmen and tracers; travellers; and office (including works office) employees.

Operatives include all other classes of employees, that is, broadly speaking, all manual wage earners. They include those employed in and about the factory or works; operatives employed in power houses, transport work, stores, warehouses and, for 1958, canteens; inspectors, viewers and similar workers; maintenance workers; and cleaners. Operatives engaged in outside work of erection, fitting etc. are also included, but outworkers (i.e. persons employed by the firm who worked on materials

NOTES

CHANGES IN THE 1958 CENSUS

supplied by the firm in their own homes, etc.) are excluded.

ENTRIES

ESTABLISHMENT

In most cases an establishment comprises the whole of the premises under the same ownership or management at a particular address (e.g. a factory or mine). Offices, warehouses, laboratories and other ancillary places of business at a separate address from the works were treated as part of the establishment.

INTERMEDIATE PRODUCTS

For some industries figures are given showing the total quantities made during the year of important intermediate products, i.e. products which may be further processed in the establishments in which they are produced, whether or not they are also sometimes sold. They include also goods produced from materials supplied by other firms.

MATERIALS AND FUEL

The totals shown include the cost of all purchases of materials and components for use in production, and of fuel (including oil, gas and electricity) for all purposes including heating, lighting and transport (where carried out by firms' own staff included in the return); all packing

materials, including the full cost of returnable cases and containers when first purchased; workshop materials; office materials; water charges; materials for repairs to firms' own buildings, plant and vehicles when carried out by their own workpeople included in the return; consumable tools; and parts for machinery purchased during the year as replacements. Purchases of goods for merchanting or factoring, and canteen supplies, are included for 1958 but not for 1954. Materials supplied by customers for processing are excluded for both years.

The values shown include any duty paid (less rebate, etc.) but exclude trade discounts allowed. The cost of transport was included only if included in the cost of materials as invoiced; amounts paid to transport organisations, including firms' own separate transport organisations, for delivery of materials and fuel are therefore excluded. Materials purchased overseas were entered at their c.i.f. cost plus any duty if the cost of transport from the docks was not included in the invoiced price, and at their full delivered cost if invoiced 'carriage paid home'

NET OUTPUT

The net output of an industry represents the value added to materials by the process of production and includes for 1958 the gross margin on any merchanted or factored goods sold; it constitutes the fund from which wages, salaries, rents, rates and taxes, advertising and other selling expenses, and all other similar charges have to be met, as well as depreciation and profits. There is no appreciable duplication in net output.

Net output was normally obtained by taking the total value of sales and work done (including, for 1958, the value of merchanted goods sold and canteen takings); adding the value of stocks at the end of the year and deducting their value at the beginning of the year; and deducting also the cost of materials and fuel purchased (including, for 1958, the value of goods purchased for merchanting and canteen supplies), payments for work given out to other firms, and payments for transport. The net amount of duty paid was deducted, and the net amount of subsidy received added.

NET OUTPUT PER PERSON EMPLOYED

The figures for net output per person employed are derived by dividing net output by total employment (see above).

PRINCIPAL PRODUCTS (See the description of the method of classification before List of Tables)

SALES

Sales include goods made by the business covered by the return, those made for it by outworkers or by other firms from materials given out to them (sometimes described as goods made on commission), and waste products sold. Any machinery or other capital items produced for use in the business covered by the return are also included, the value being that adopted in the firm's capital account for income tax purposes. Goods sold without being subjected to any manufacturing process (merchanted or factored) and canteen takings are included for 1958 but not for 1954; where the total sales of merchanted or factored goods were less than £5,000, firms were permitted to include them with the figures for sales of goods of their own production.

The value shown for sales is the net selling

SYMBOLS USED

The following symbols are used throughout the reports:

.. for not available

for nil or negligible (less than half the final digit shown)

value, defined as the amount charged to customers whether on an ex-works or delivered basis, net of any trade discounts, agents' commissions, allowances for returnable cases, purchase tax, etc.; the net amount charged for packing materials is included. Goods charged on a delivered basis to customers overseas, are included at the f.o.b. value. For work done on commission or for the trade, the value shown is the net amount charged. With a few exceptions, receipts for business and other services are not included.

To the extent that the finished products of one establishment constitute the materials purchased by another, total figures of the value of sales (and of materials and fuel purchased) include an element of duplication.

STOCKS AND WORK IN PROGRESS

The values shown are the income tax values of stocks of products on hand for sale, and of materials and fuel, at the beginning and end of the year of return. For 1958, but not for 1954, they include any stocks of goods held for merchanting or factoring. The value of work in progress at the two dates is also usually shown. This excludes any progress payments made to subcontractors, and no deduction is made on account of progress payments received.

TRANSPORT PAYMENTS

These represent the total amount paid or credited during the year for both outwards transport of finished goods sold and inwards transport of materials and fuel purchased. They include payments to other firms, and to any separate transport organisation of the same firm, not covered by the return, but exclude the value of transport services provided by the business covered by the return. The items included are payments for hired cartage and for inwards and outwards carriage by all forms of inland transport, that is railways, road haulage, canals, coast-wise shipping, air, etc. Payments made for sea freight on goods sold to customers overseas and on materials and fuel purchased from overseas suppliers are excluded.

WAGES AND SALARIES

These are the amounts paid during the year to operatives and to administrative, technical and clerical employees. Payments to working proprietors, whether called salaries or not, are excluded. The values shown include all overtime payments, bonuses and commissions, whether paid regularly or not, and no deduction is made for income tax, insurances, contributory pensions, etc. The value of any payments in kind, travelling expenses, lodging allowances, etc. is excluded.

Figures are also shown for average salaries etc. paid per head for the week ended 25th October, 1958. For staff paid monthly, the figures are based on payments made in October, 1958. Where payments related to periods other than a week or month, an appropriate proportion was returned. Only those bonuses and commissions actually paid in the period are included.

WORK GIVEN OUT

The figures shown represent the total amount paid for work done by other firms on materials supplied to them, and also by firms' own establishments for which separate returns were made. They do not include payments to individual outworkers or payments for business and other services.

ROUNDING OF FIGURES

ii

The figures in the tables have, where necessary, been rounded to the nearest final digit. There may, therefore, be apparent slight discrepancies between the sums of the constituent items and the totals shown.

This report on the Tobacco Industry relates to establishments engaged in the manufacture of tobacco, cigars, cigarettes and snuff.

The industry corresponds to minimum list heading 240 of the second (1958) edition of the Standard Industrial Classification, which has been used for the first time in the 1958 Census. The definition of this industry is unchanged from the last detailed census of production, for 1954, in which it was reported on as Industry 9M.

For 1958, returns in full detail were required only from firms employing twenty-five or more persons, and most of the tables in this report relate only to these larger firms. This is an important change from previous censuses, when returns in full detail were required from firms employing eleven or more persons on productive work. Estimates for the industry as a whole are given in Table 1.

There were some other changes in the 1958 Census, which affect the comparability between 1954 and 1958 figures; these are explained in the notes prefacing this report.

This industry is defined in terms of its principal products which are those shown in Table 4. A census return was classified to this industry if the sales of the principal products of this industry accounted for a greater proportion of its output than the principal products of any other industry. Where, however, the application of this rule would have resulted in a change of classification between 1954, (on the revised basis) and 1958, the return was classified to the same industry as for 1954 unless the output of principal products in the new industry was one third more than in the old; this modification of the general rule was designed to avoid discontinuities as the result of marginal changes of output between the two censuses. Sales of merchanted products and of non-specific items such as waste products, work done and canteen takings were not taken into account in classifying returns.

The Report on the Census of Production for 1958

Part 21. TOBACCO

METHOD OF CLASSIFICATION

LIST OF TABLES

Table No. Title 1 Industry summary: United Kingdom. Estimates for all firms 2 Summary of returns received	
	Page
2 Summary of returns received	21/3
	21/4
3 Analysis by size of enterprise within the industry, 1958	21/5
4 Sales of principal products of the industry by larger firms, including sales by establishments classified to other industries	21/6
5 Sales of principal products of the industry by establishments classified to other industries	21/8
6 Sales of other than principal products by larger firms in the industry	21/8
7 Total make of intermediate products, 1958 Do	es not apply
8 Employment and salaries, etc. for the week ended October 25, 1958	21/8

		Industry summary: United K	ingdom			
TABLE 1		Estimates for all firms (a) ² 24 () 2 2 2 2			
The State State of St	a di Ba	t feel	Unit		1954	1958
Number of enterpris	es		No.			43
Number of establish	ments			e rine i	the following of the	80
Sales		goods produced and work done	£.000		810,965	952,193
Sales		[merchanted goods and canteen takings		Can .		30,310
Purchases of materia	als and	l fuel (b)		12.15	750.407	890,824
Products on hand		fchange during year		+	970	+ 2,100
for sale		lat end of year		1.12	23,244	24,682
Work in progress		∫change during year		+	611	- 65
The progress		lat end of year		1.2.27	20,634	20,801
Stocks of materials		Schange during year		+	379	- 2,110
and fuel (c)		lat end of year		3.57	19,285	93,639
Payments for work do	one on	materials given out		100	2	6
Payments for transpo	ort				2,032	2,467
Net output					60,484	89.131
		(operatives	Th.	14-27 14	32	35
verage number employed (d)		other employees		da)ee	9	9
		total, including working proprietors		9.00	41	44
ages and salaries		∫of operatives	£'000	in e o li	11,644	15,720
ages and saturies		of other employees			6,204	7.566
Capital expenditure			an roles	1.194		the set in the
New building work	(e)				364	1,105
Plant and machiner	y	{acquisitions (e)			2,532	4,943
		ldisposals			391	389
Vehicles		{acquisitions (e)			256	260
		disposals			113	97

(a) For 1958. estimates in respect of returns from small firms and unsatisfactory returns accounted for less than 1 per cent. of the total figures in which they were incorporated. A summary of the detailed returns received is given in Table 2.
(b) Including duty paid, less drawback, rebate, etc. Purchases of goods for merchanting and canteen supplies are included for 1958 but excluded for 1954.
(c) Certain bonded stocks are included for 1958 but not for 1954.
(d) Persons engaged in merchanting or factoring and canteen workers are included for 1958 but excluded for 1958.
(e) Including expenditure in Great Britain for establishments not yet in production.

21/2

TOBACCO

TOBACCO

Summary of returns received

		Unit	1954	19 58
Number of enterprises		No.	38	26
Number of establishment:	s		73	62
	goods produced and work done	£,000	808,167	948,908
Sales	merchanted goods and canteen takings			30,206
Purchases of materials of	and fuel (b)		747,818	887,751
	[change during year		+ 967	+ 2,093
Products on hand for sale	at end of year		23, 164	24,596
	(change during year		+ 609	- 65
Work in progress	at end of year		20,562	20,729
	(change during year		+ 378	- 2,103
Stocks of materials and fuel (c)	at end of year		19.218	93,316
Payments for work done a	•		2	6
	Sh materials given out		2,025	2,459
Payments for transport			60.275	88,824
Net output	1	No.	32.304	35,093
Average number	operatives		8,694	9,092
employed (d)	other employees			
	total, including working proprietors		41,002	44,188
Net output per person en	mployed	£	1,470	2,010
Wayes and salaries	of operatives	£,000	11,605	15,668
	of other employees		6,184	7,541
Wages and salaries	∫ operatives	£	3 5 9	446
per head	other employees		711	829
Capital expenditure				
New building work (e)		£,000	362	1,101
Plant and machinery	acquisitions (e)		2, 523	4,926
	disposals		389	- 387
Vehicles	∫acquisitions (e)		255	2 5 9
ventcies	disposals		112	96

(a) The following information relates to small firms (employing fewer than 25 persons) in this industry:

	1938	
Number of returns Average number of persons employed including	18	
working proprietors		
Males	50	
Females	103	

(b) Including duty paid, less drawback, rebate, etc. The value of drawback receivable on tobacco and offals exported, deposited, etc. was £162,826,000 for 1954 and £198,102,000 for 1958. Purchases of goods for merchanting and canteen supplies are included for 1958 but excluded for 1954.

(c) Certain bonded stocks are included for 1958 but not for 1954.
(d) Persons engaged in merchanting or factoring and canteen workers are included for 1958 but excluded for 1954. (e) Excluding expenditure at establishments not yet in production.

21/4

Average number employed by the enterprise	Enter- prises	Estab- lish- ments	Total sales (b)	Net	Employees		Wages and salaries		Capi tal	Net out- put per
in this industry (a)				b) output	Operatives	Others	Operatives	Others	ture (c)	person employed (a)
vision (consider	Number	Number	£,000	£,000	Number	Number	£.000	£.000	£.000	£
25-49	6	8	1,549	320	184	40	62	47	8	1,429
50-99	6	7	4.597	720	243	136	98	117	44	1,890
100-199	4	4	7,305	577	383	126	156	80	59	1,134
300-1499	6	12	41,436	4.767	3,155	1.213	1,395	920	838	1,091
1500 and over	4	31	924,228	82,440	31,128	7.577	13,956	6,377	5,337	2,130
Total	26	62	979.114	88,824	35,093	9,092	15,668	7.541	6,286	2,010

(a) Including working proprietors.
(b) Value of sales of goods (including merchanted goods). work done, and canteen takings.
(c) Capital expenditure on new building work and on acquisition of plant, machinery and vehicles. Excluding expenditure for establishments not yet in production.

TOBACCO

Analysis by size of enterprise within the industry, 1958

TOBACCO

Sales of principal products of the industry by larger firms, including sales by establishments classified to other industries

	19	54	1958			
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Enter- prises	Entries
21 2 100 - 2 200 - 2 300	The second secon	£'000	6667.3	£.000	Number	Number
From Excise Factories		a happen - have been a				
Cigars	1.63	a de la compañía	State of the second			
Duty paid	11 E12	TAB	1 State 1	6		
	Mn.	1) (Mn.	1	1	
Whiffs	95 Th.1b.	2.478	175 Th.1b.	4,386	7	7
	394		681		10	
NO. 5 PRODUCT STOLEN	Mn. 18]] []	Mn. 27	1	2680 0	
Other	Th.1b.	1,152	Th.lb.	1.814	8	8
	198) (276	J		
Duty free		(1				
	D		Mn. 4		talau) of	
Whiffs	Mn.		Th.1b. 15	45	1	•••
	5 Th.1b.	81	Mn.	13		
	32		1			
Other			Th.1b. 15	44	6	6
Cigarettes (a) (b)				1		
1	Mn.) (Mn.	11 .		
Duty sold	95.487 Th.1b.	679.753	105,422 Th.1b	814.371	18	20
Duty paid	204,717	0/5,/55	228,264	014,3/1	10	20
1	Mn.	i í	Mn.	li		
Duty free	16,845 Th.1b.	20,635	15,727 Th.lb.	20,467	15	16
but not	39,243		36,585]		
Snuff for human use				al and a second s		
Duty paid	779	2,483	651	2,240	6	7
Duty free	22	14	38	18	5	5
Other manufactured tobacco (b)				A State of the	1.1.1	
Duty paid						
Loose cut tobacco, including other manufactured tobacco from Bonded		d				
Factories	2,274	6,411	1,134	3,598	9	10
Bulk roll and hard tobacco)	l	1,831	5,411	5	6
Proprietary shags, honeydews,	18.071	51 070	10.000	54.376	12	
mixtures, etc. Proprietary flakes, cut plugs, navy	10,0/1	51,279	18,020	54,370	12	14
cuts, cut bars, spun cuts, etc.	10,465	30,718	9,370	29,799	9	10
Proprietary roll, pigtail, plug						
and bar	3,278	8,794	2,573	7,382	7	8
Duty free, including sales from Bonded Factories	2,546	1,384	5,614	2,582	12	13
rom Bonded Factories	Carl In					
Cigarettes (a) (b)						
and the second second second second second	Mn.		Mn.	1		
Sold duty free	103 Th.lb.	114	65 Th.lb.	85		
	234		11.15.			••
talks, shorts or other refuse of					14.30	
tobacco (including offal snuff) sold		ſ			1	
Duty paid	293	840	175	519 1,530	5	8
Duty free (c)	10,845	48	15,865	31		
(77530)						138733

TABLE 4 (contd.) Quantit Th.1b. Offals abandoned to H.M. Customs and Excise on drawback (d) 3,349 Unclassified products ... Work done (e) Total Sales in other industries (see Table 5) Principal products of this industry sold by establishments in the industry (a) The weight of cigarette tissues, filter tips etc. is excluded from the recorded weight of cigarettes.
 (b) Estimated net clearance weights (for Excise Factories) and estimated net factory weights (for Bonded Factories) equivalent to the sales weights for these headings are given below. Net weight means the quantity of leaf, strips, stem, shorts etc. taken for manufacture of each class of products less the quantity of either rejected or transferred to other classes of products. J195 Cigarettes 195 {1954 1958 Other manufactured tobacco (c) The value of drawback receivable was £30,507,000 for 1954 and £47,548,000 for 1958.
(d) The value of drawback receivable was £9,598,000 for 1954 and £22,769,000 for 1958. (e) Amount charged. (f) This figure represents the total number of returns made by larger firms in this industry, which is less than the total number of establishments shown in Table 2 on account of combined returns covering more than one establishment.

(77530)

21/6

TOBACCO

	and the second second second second second	and the second	the second states and a second state				
19	54	1958					
ty	Value	Quantity	Value	Enter- prises	Entries		
	£.000	Th.lb.	£'000	Number	Number		
	-	7,472	-	21	26		
	1,865 {		35 5	•••	··· ··		
100	808,050	Land A.	948,738		33		
baiy	No. Proto a	Trans to fairful		1	-		
	808.050	in differen annen in die state in	948,738		33(f)		

11 1-	Sales weight	Net weight	Net weight as a pro- portion of sales weight
	Th.lb.	Th.lb.	
i4	244,195	237,554	97.28
i8	265,000	258,420	97.50
4	36,634	31,180	85.12
	38,542	33,113	85.91

TOBACCO

TABLE 5 - Sales of principal products of the industry by establishments classified to other industries

Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdom

No sales of principal products of the industry were recorded by establishments classified to other industries.

TABLE 6 - Sales of other than principal products by larger firms in the industry Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdom

The total value of sales of goods other than principal products by larger firms in the industry was £117,000 in 1954 and £170,000 in 1958.

The total value of goods sold without being subjected to any manufacturing process (merchanted or factored) by larger firms in the industry in 1958 was £29,752,000. The total value of canteen takings by such firms in 1958 was £454,000. These particulars were not recorded in 1954.

TABLE 7 - Total make of intermediate products, 1958

This table is not applicable to the industry.

Employment and salaries, etc. for the week ended October 25, 1958

TABLE 8 Firms employing 25 or more person	ons: United Kingdom	A State of S	
	Males	Females	Total
	Number	Number	Number
Working proprietors	3		3
Operatives	13,193	21,868	35,061
Administrative, technical and clerical employees	5,386	3,804	9,190
Total employees	18,579	25,672	44,251
Average salaries, etc. paid per head for the week to administrative, technical and clerical employees	£ 18.3	£ 7.1	£ 13.6

Part

1 Introductory Notes 2 Coal Mining 3 Stone and Slate Quarrying and Mining 4 Chalk, Clay, Sand and Gravel Extraction 5 Metalliferous Mining and Quarrying 6 Salt and Miscellaneous Non-metalliferous Mining and Quarrying 7 Grain Milling 8 Bread and Flour Confectionery 9 Biscuits 10 Bacon Curing, Meat and Fish Products 11 Milk Products 12 Sugar 13 Cocoa, Chocolate and Sugar Confectionery 14 Fruit and Vegetable Products 15 Animal and Poultry Foods 16 Margarine 17 Starch and Miscellaneous Food Industries 18 Brewing and Malting 19 Spirit Distilling and Compounding 20 Soft Drinks, British Wines, Cider and Perry 21 Tobacco 22 Coke Ovens and Manufactured Fuel 23 Mineral Oil Refining 24 Lubricating Oils and Greases 25 Dvestuffs 26 Fertilizers, and Chemicals for Pest Control 27 Coal-tar Products 28 Chemicals (General) 29 Pharmaceutical Preparations 30 Toilet Preparations 31 Explosives and Fireworks 32 Paint and Printing Ink 33 Vegetable and Animal Oils and Fats 34 Soap, Detergents, Candles and Glycerine 35 Synthetic Resins and Plastics Materials 36 Polishes 37 Gelatine, Adhesives, etc. 38 Iron and Steel (General) 39 Steel Tubes 40 Iron Castings, etc. 41 Non-ferrous Metals 42 Agricultural Machinery (except Tractors) 43 Metal-working Machine Tools 44 Engineers' Small Tools and Gauges 45 Industrial Engines 46 Textile Machinery and Accessories 47 Contractors' Plant and Quarrying Machinery 48 Mechanical Handling Equipment 49 Office Machinery 50 Miscellaneous (Non-electrical) Machinery 51 Industrial Plant and Steelwork 52 Ordnance and Small Arms 53 General Mechanical Engineering 54 Scientific, Surgical and Photographic Instruments, etc. 55 Watches and Clocks 56 Electrical Machinery 57 Insulated Wires and Cables 58 Telegraph and Telephone Apparatus 59 Radio and Other Electronic Apparatus 60 Domestic Electrical Appliances 61 Miscellaneous Electrical Goods 62 Shipbuilding and Marine Engineering 63 Motor Vehicle Manufacturing 64 Motor Cycle, Three-wheel Vehicle and Pedal Cycle Manufacturing

65 Aircraft Manufacturing and Repairing

66 Locomotives and Railway Track Equipment

67 Railway Carriages and Wagons and Trams 68 Perambulators, Hand-trucks, etc.

69 Tools and Implements

LIST OF INDUSTRY REPORTS, ETC.

```
Part
```

70 Cutlery 71 Bolts, Nuts, Screws, Rivets, etc. 72 Wire and Wire Manufactures 73 Cans and Metal Boxes 74 Jewellery, Plate and Refining of Precious Metals 75 Miscellaneous Metal Manufactures 76 Production of Man-made Fibres 77 Spinning and Doubling of Cotton, Flax and Man-made Fibres 78 Weaving of Cotton, Linen and Man-made Fibres 79 Woollen and Worsted 80 Jute 81 Rope, Twine and Net 82 Hosiery and Other Knitted Goods 83 Lace 84 Carpets 85 Narrow Fabrics 86 Household Textiles and Handkerchiefs 87 Canvas Goods and Sacks 88 Textile Finishing 89 Asbestos 90 Miscellaneous Textile Industries 91 Textile Converting 92 Leather (Tanning and Dressing) and Fellmongery 93 Leather Goods 94 Fur 95 Weatherproof Outerwear 96 Men's and Boys' Tailored Outerwear 97 Women's and Girls' Tailored Outerwear 98 Overalls and Men's Shirts, Underwear, etc. 99 Dresses, Lingerie, Infants' Wear, etc. 100 Hats, Caps and Millinery 101 Corsets and Miscellaneous Dress Industries 102 Gloves 103 Footwear 104 Bricks, Fireclay and Refractory Goods 105 Pottery 106 Glass 107 Cement 108 Abrasives 109 Miscellaneous Building Materials, etc. 110 Timber 111 Furniture and Upholstery 112 Bedding, etc. 113 Shop and Office Fitting 113 Shop and Orlice Fitting 114 Wooden Containers and Baskets 115 Miscellaneous Wood and Cork Manufactures 116 Paper and Board 117 Cardboard Boxes, Cartons and Fibre-board Packing Cases 118 Miscellaneous Manufactures of Paper and Board 119 Printing and Publishing of Newspapers and Periodicals 120 General Printing, Publishing, Bookbinding, Engraving, etc. 121 Rubber 122 Linoleum, Leathercloth, etc. 123 Brushes and Brooms 124 Toys, Games and Sports Equipment 125 Miscellaneous Stationers' Goods 126 Plastics Moulding and Fabricating 127 Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries 128 Construction 129 Gas 130 Electricity 131 Water Supply 132 Index of Products 133 Summary Volume 134 Summary Volume 135 Summary Volume

CENSUS OF PRODUCTION REPORTS FOR OTHER RECENT YEARS

The census reports for earlier years include some items which are not included in the Report on the Census of Production for 1958. The most recent reports are listed below, with an indication of any important items they contain which do not appear in the 1958 Reports. The data in all these earlier reports is analysed in accordance with the original (1948) edition of the Standard Industrial Classification.

Census of Production for 1951: Summary Tables, Part I (H.M.S.O., 1956. Price 6s. net).

No important items which do not appear in the 1958 Reports.

Census of Production for 1951: Summary Tables, Part II (H.M.S.O., 1956. Price 6s. net). Channels of sales. 1948 Payments for services. 1948 Shift working. 1951 Power equipment. 1951 Prime movers. 1951 Analysis of periods covered by census returns.

1948 and 1951.

The Report on the Censuses of Production for 1952 and 1953. Introductory Notes and 5 volumes. (These volumes are now out of print.)

No important items which do not appear in the 1958 Reports.

The Report on the Census of Production for 1954. Introductory Notes, Index of Products, and 154 booklets relating to individual industries (H.M.S.O., 1956-59. Prices vary, usually from 1s. 6d. to 2s. net for each booklet).

Detailed information about materials and fuel purchased.

Census of Production for 1954: Summary Tables, Part I (H.M.S.O., 1958. Price 9s. net). Fuel purchased Gas produced in certain industries Electricity generated, purchased and sold Materials purchased: iron and steel; nonferrous metals; paint; plastics materials; cotton and rayon, nylon, etc. textiles; timber; packing materials; replacement parts for plant etc. (Information about purchases of other materials is given in The Report on the Census of Production for 1954.)

Census of Production for 1954: Summary Tables, Part II (h.M.S.O., 1959. Price 7s. net). Regional analyses of gross output, net output and capital expenditure.

Census of Production for 1954: Summary Tables, Part III (H.M.S.O., 1959. Price 8s. net). Sales of particular products by certain industries in Scotland and Wales.

The Report on the Censuses of Production for 1955, 1956 and 1957. Introductory Notes and 5 volumes (H.M.S.O., 1959. Prices 1s. 6d. to 3s. 6d. net according to size of volume).

No important items which do not appear in the 1958 Reports.



© Crown copyright 1960

Printed and published by HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE

To be purchased from York House, Kingsway, London w.C.2 423 Oxford Street, London w.1 13A Castle Street, Edinburgh 2 109 St. Mary Street, Cardiff 39 King Street, Manchester 2 Tower Lane, Bristol 1 2 Edmund Street, Birmingham 3 80 Chichester Street, Belfast 1 or through any bookseller

Printed in England