

# Report on the Census of Production 1963 

118
General printing, publishing, bookbinding, engraving, etc

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engraving, etc

Presented by the Board of Trade to Parliament in pursuance of the
Statistics of Trade Act 1947 (10 \& 11 Geo. 6 Cha. 39 Sec. 7)

## Notes

These notes give the main information needed for nterpreting her figures in the industry reports,
(More detailed information about the Census is given in a separate booklet - Introductor Notes': Part 1 of the Report on the Census of
Production for 1963.)

GENERAL INFORMATION
Changes in the 1963 census
There were few changes resulting from amendments o the Standard Industrial Classification and only minor changes in the scope of certain
industry reports compared with 1958. Any such changes are explained in the introduct ions to
the industry reports concerned or by footnotes the industry r
to the tables.
Industrial Classification
Establishments were classified to industries on
Establishments were classified to industries on
the basis of major activity in conformity with the bas is of major act trity in conformity with
the second edition of the Standard Industrial
Classification (Consolidated Edit Classif ication (Consolidated Edit ion 1963,
incorporat ing Amendment 1). Each industry incorporating Amendment 1). Each industry was
basically defined in terms of its principal products, these being of a similar nature or ommonly associated in production. Normally, an establishment was classified to an industry
f its sales of the principal products of that ndustry accounted for a greater proport ion of its total sales than did its sales of the
principal products of any other industry. ever, where the application of this rule would have resulted in a change of classification reclassified anly if the sales of principal products of the newly predominant industry was
more than one third greater than the sales of more than one third greater than the sales of
principal products of the previously predominant industry. This mod if icat ion of the general
rule was introduced rule was introduced for 1958 to avo id dischanguities which would result from marginal
changes in sales between success ive censuses. The principle of classification by major
output was also normally followed in compili output was also normally followed in compiling
the analysis by sub-divisions of an industry. In certain industries, classification was dealt with in a different way. Details of any
non-standard treatment are given in non-standard treatment are given in the intr
ductions to the relevant industry reports.

## TERMS USED IN THE CENSUS REPORT

Average number employed
Firms were required to state the number of persons on the payroll (i.e. whose Nationa
Insurance cards were held by average during the year of return, whether full $t$ ime or part-t ime employees. Separate figures
were required for (a) administ were required for (a) administrative, technical
and clerical employees and (b) operatives (see and clerical employees and (b) operatives (se
below). Averages could be calculated from figures relating to the last week of each calendar month; figures shown in respect of the
average number employed relate to to these averages. Firms were also required to
state the number of working propier state the number of working proprietors (sel
below) where appropriate and these are included in total employment figures. Outworkers are excluded.
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The figures include persons engaged in nerchanting or factoring and canteen workers where particulars in respect of these activities
could not be excluded from the return. Working Proprietors These include all persons regarded as 'self-
 business without receiving a fixed wage o salary; but persons who worked less than half
the normal number of working hours are excluded
. For Great Britain, directors working in the usiness but not in receipt of a definite wage alary or commission are included under this heading for 1983, but are excluded for 1958 :
For Northern Ireland, director of For Northern Ireland, directors of 1 imited companies, other than those paid by fee only,
are included for both years. by fee only are not included in any of the employment figures for either year.
Employees
(i) Administrative, technical and clerical employees include managers, superintendent
and works foremen; research, experimental development, technical and design employees (other than operat ives); draughtsmen and canvassers, competition and advertising staff; travellers; and office (including works off ice) employees. For Great
Britain, but not for Northern Ireland, the Britain, but not for Nor thern Ireland, the
include also managing and other directors
in in rece ipt of a definite wage, salary or
comission.
commission.
(ii) Operatives include all other classes of employees, that is, broadly speaking, all
manual wage earners. They include those employed in and about the factory or works; operatives employed in power
houses, transport work, stores, warehouses,
shops and canter shops, and canteens; inspectors, warehouses
and similar workers; and similar workers; maintenance workers; and cieaners. Operatives engaged in out also included, but outworkers (i.e. are the ir own homes, etc. on materials supplied by the firm) are excluded. Information about the numbers of outworker
employed was collected only for the employed
industry.
Capital Expenditure
(i) New building work
This represents the cost incurred during the year of new building and other new
constructional work (including of fice buildings, canteens and the like used in
connection with the business covered by the return but not dwelling houses for employees). The value is that charged to capital account during the year of return;
it includes expenditure on new buildings o on the extension or reconstruct ion of old buildings, the value of work of a capita
nature carried out by firms own staff the cost of any newly constructed build ings
turchased. The figures shown include any purchased. The figures shown include any commissions, et stamp duties, agents

Notes - continued on pages iii and iv

This Report on the General Printing, Publishing, Bookbinding, Engraving, etc Industry relates to establishments engaged wholly or mainly in printing and
publishing books, maps, music, religious tracts, almanacs, etc.; general printing; publishing books, maps, music, religious tracts, a manacs, etc.; general print
pr int ing of banknotes, postage stamps, tickets, Christmas cards, playing cards, erint ing of banknotes, letterpress bookbind ing, book repairing, die sinking, relief stamping, etching and engraving printing plates and rollers and printing on metal, etc.
Publishers of books who do not do their own print ing are included but the printing Publ ishers of books who do not do the ir own printing are
and publishing of newspapers and per iodicals is excluded.

This industry corresponds to minimum list heading 489 in the Standard Industrial Classification (Consolidated edition, 1963).
In this industry, where small firms account for a relatively large proportion of employment and output, a sample of firms employing fewer than twenty-five persons was asked to complete a simplified version of the full census form for 1963;
estimates based on the information received from these small firms are given in Tables 2(ii) and 5(i).
The Report on the 1958 census for this industry was divided into two parts, viz. Printers, Bookbinders etc. and Publishers (non-printing firms) but this division has been discontinued for 1963 . This report follows the standard form except for industry as a whole, gives a separate size analys is for Publishing (non-printing); industry as a whole,
Publishing/printing;
Print ing (non-publ ish ing).

## METHOD OF CLASSIFICATION

In classifying returns to this industry the standard procedure was followed except that amounts received by way of royalties and receipts for reproduction rights etc., were treated equally as principal products of this indust
Printing and Publishing of Newspapers and Periodicals Industry.
In classifying returns to the sub-divisions of the industry shown in Table 2(i), the standard procedure was again followed, except that the amounts received by way Net advertisement revenue was taken into account as well as the net amount charged in determining the value of sales for classification purposes.
interpreting the data in the tables it is essential to bear in mind In interpreting the data in the tables and definitions which appear on pages (ii), (iii) and (iv).

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Table } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Title | Page |
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| (A) | Publishing (non-printing) | 118/10 |
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| (C) | Printing (non-publishing) | 118/12 |
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| 6 | Sales of principal products of the industry by establishments classified to other industries, 1958 and 1963 | 118/19 |
| 7 | Sales of other than principal products by larger firms in the industry, 1958 and 1963 | 118/21 |
| 8 | Production of certain principal products of the industry by larger firms, including production by establishments classified to other industries, 1958 and 1963 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DOES } \\ & \text { NPT } \\ & \text { APPLY } \end{aligned}$ |
| 9 | Purchases of selected principal products of the industry by larger firms, 1963 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DOES } \\ & \text { NOT } \\ & \text { APPLY } \end{aligned}$ |
| 10 | Purchases by larger firms in the industry, 1954 and 1963 | 118/23 |
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| 12 | Payments for certain services, etc. by larger firms, 1963 | 118/25 |
| 13 | Percentage analysis of twelve-month periods covered by returns from larger firms, 1963 | 118/25 |
| 14 | Sales of all parts of machinery and plant by larger firms, including sales by establishments classified to other industries, 1958 and 1963 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DOES } \\ & \text { NOT } \\ & \text { APPLY } \end{aligned}$ |

TABLE 1 Industry summary: United Kingdom
Estimates for all firms, 1958 and 1963 (a)

|  | Unit | 1958 | 1963 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of enterprises | No. | .. | 7,095 |
| Number of establishments | * | 6,961 | 7,727 |
| Gross output | \& 000 | 341,400 | 482,358 |
| Net output | " | 190,973 | 285,954 |
| Net output per head | \& | 919 | 1,253 |
|  | £ 000 | 323,465 | 450,051(b) |
| Sales and work done $\quad\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { merchanted goods and canteen takings }\end{array}\right.$ | , | 15,868 | 28,970 |
| Purchases $\quad\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { materials for processing and packaging, } \\ \text { and fuel } \\ \text { goods for merchanting and canteen } \\ \text { purchases }\end{array}\right.$ | - | 105,778 | 126,070 25,858 |
| Payments to other organisations for work done on materials given out, including also authors' royalties, copyright payments, payments to contributors and press agencies, and editorial, artists' and readers' fees (less payments received from authors) | " | 40,504 | 42,237 |
| Payments to other organisations for transport Stocks and work in progress | * | 3,867 | 3,821 |
| Total stocks and work in progress $\quad\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { change during year } \\ \text { at end of year }\end{array}\right.$ | " | + 1,788 63,913 | + $+\quad 4,919$ 83,814 |
| change during year | * | + 1,485 | + 1,218 |
| Goods on hand for sale $\{$ at end of year |  | 21,054 | 33,500 |
| Wrk in progess $\quad$ change during year | * | + 582 | + 2,118 |
| Work in progress $\quad\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { at end of year }\end{array}\right.$ | * | 19,982 | 24.495 |
| ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$, change during year | " | - 279 | + 1,582 |
| Materials, stores and fuel $\{$ at end of year | * | 22,877 | 25,819 |
| total, including working proprietors | Th. | 207.8 | 228.2 |
| Average number employed $\quad$ operatives | * | 161.2 | 168.4 |
| other employees (c) | " | 45.0 | 50.4 |
| of operatives | £'000 | 89,971 | 122,232 |
| Wages and salaries $\quad\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { of other employees (c) }\end{array}\right.$ | * | 34,052 | 46,546 |
| Employers' contributions to National Insurance and private pension schemes, etc. <br> (d) | " | .. | 11,199 |
| Capital expenditure (e) Total | " | .. | 25,214 |
| New building work |  | 2,072 | 6,392 |
| Land and existing buildings (f) | ${ }^{*}$ | .. | - 195 |
| Plant and machinery (f) | * | 8,779 | 16,982 |
| Vehicles (f) |  | 1,061 | 2,035 |

(a) For 1963 , estimates for firms not making satisfactory returns accounted for 4 per cent, of the total For 1963, estimates for firms not making satisfactory returns accounted for 4 per cent. of the total
figures in which they were incorporated.
(For 1958 the comparable figure was also 4 per cent. But
for items which no small firms were asked to report for 1958, estimates for small firms and for firms for items which no small firms were asked to report for 1958, estimates for small firms and for firms
not making satisfactory returns accounted for 24 per cent. of the total figure in which they were innot making satisfactory returns accounted for 24 per cent. of the total figure in which they were in-
corporated.) A sumary of the detailed returns received from Larger firms is $g$ iven in Table 2 (i), and
corporated. A summary of the detained returns received fected from a sample, is given in Table 2(ii).
(b) Including services rendered to other organisations (amounts charged for hiring out plant, machinery
(c) Administrative, technical and clerical employees.
(d) Including pensions and gratuities paid other than from pension funds.
(e) Excluding expenditure for establishments not yet in production.
(f) Acquisitions less disposals.

TABLE 2(i) Analysis of larger firms by sub-divisions within the industry, 1958 and 1963 Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdom (a)

|  | Unit | Sub-divisions of the industry (b) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Publishing (non-printing) |  |  |  |
|  |  | Books <br> 04 |  | Other published matter (except newspapers, magazines, etc.) 05 |  |
|  |  | 1958 | 1963 | 1958 | 1963 |
| Number of enterprises (e) | No. | 70 | 61 | 23 | 21 |
| Number of establishments |  | 78 | 82 | 24 | 23 |
| Gross output | £'000 | 37,062 | 50,451 | 3,517 | 5,723 |
| Net output | * | 13,548 | 24,484 | 1,589 | 3,161 |
| Net output per head | $\varepsilon$ | 1,643 | 3,112 | 1,129 | 1,371 |
| Sales and work done $\{$ goods produced and work done | £ 000 | 35,121 | 47,463(f) | 3,340 | 5,592(f) |
| Sales and work done $\{$ merchanted goods and canteen takings | " | 1,269 | 2,121 | 156 | 233 |
| Sales of characteristic products | " | 32,774(g) | 45,596(8) | 2,749 | 4,718(g) |
| Index of specialisation (i) | Per cent. | 93 | 96 | 82 | 84 |
| Purchases $\quad\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { materials for processing and } \\ \text { packaging, and fuel }\end{array}\right.$ | \& 000 | 6,726 | 7,309 | 1,188 | 1,229 |
| goods for merchanting and canteen purchases |  |  | 2,116 |  | 226 |
| Payments to other organisations for work done on materials given out, including also authors' royalties, copyright payments, payments to contributors and press agencies, and editoriai, artists' and readers' fees (less payments received from authors) | * | 16,273 | 15,842 | 701 | 1,064 |
| Payments to other organisations for transport Stocks and work in progress | * | 582 | 628 | 44 | 43 |
| Goods on hand $\quad$ change during year | * | + 545 | + 469 | + 33 | - 38 |
| for sale $\quad$ at end of year | * | 8,149 | 15,058 | 751 | 658 |
| Work in progress $\{$ change during year | * | + 127 | + 398 | - 12 | - 64 |
| Work in progress $\{$ at end of year | * | 2,744 | 2,562 | 105 | 300 |
| Materials, stores \{ change during year |  | + 66 | - 72 | + 6 | - 1 |
| and fuel $\quad$ at end of year | * | 1,677 | 2,422 | 177 | 456 |
| [total, including working proprietors | No. | 8,245 | 7,869 | 1,407 | 2,305 |
| Average number <br> employed $\quad$ operatives | * | 1,505 | 1,355 | 744 | 1,286 |
| other employees ( j ) |  | 6,740 | 6,498 | 662 | 1,002 |
| Wages and salaries $\{$ of operatives | £'000 | 778 | 875 | 294 | 717 |
| Wages and salaries $\{$ of other employees ( j ) | * | 4,752 | 5,964 | 543 | 869 |
| Wages and salaries \{operatives | \& | 517 | 646 | 395 | 557 |
| per head $\quad$ other employees ( $j$ ) | * | 705 | 918 | 820 | 887 |
| Employers' contributions to National Insurance (k) | £'000 | . | 211 | . | 57 |
| Employers' contributions to private pension schemes, etc. (1) | . | .. | 485 | .. | 59 |
| Capital expenditure (m) New building work | " | 58 | 394 | 22 | 67 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Land and existing }\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { acquisitions } \\ \text { buildings } \\ \text { disposals } \end{array}\right. \end{aligned}$ | * | .. | + 7(n) | .. | - 105(n) |
| Plant and $\quad\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { acquisitions }\end{array}\right.$ | * | 88 | 269 | 28 | 66 |
| machinery $\quad$ disposals | " | 2 | 12 | 3 | 9 |
| Vehicles $\quad\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { acquisitions }\end{array}\right.$ | * | 194 | 253 | 15 | 30 |
| disposals | * | 75 | 92 | 6 | 10 |


| Sub-divisions of the industry (b) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Publishing/printing (including printing only of published matter) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Books 01 |  | Book printing $\qquad$ <br> 06 |  | Other published matter (except newspapers, magazines, etc.) (c) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total | Total | Greeting cards 02 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Other } \\ & 03 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Printing } \\ & \text { only } \\ & 07 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1958 | 1963 |  |  | 1958 | 1963 | 1958 | 1963 |  |  |  |
| 10 | 13 | 51 | 39 | 61 | 65 | 20 | 25 | 20 |
| 12 | 18 | 61 | 49 | 80 | 75 | 23 | 30 | 22 |
| 8,055 | 18,762 | 21,593 | 21,656 | 13,156 | 20,909 | 11,249 | 5,507 | 4,153 |
| 4,518 | 10,490 | 14,610 | 15,648 | 7,332 | 13,133 | 6,436 | 4,007 | 2,690 |
| 915 | 1,391 | 897 | 1,165 | 891 | 1,353 | 1,379 | 1,337 | 1,318 |
| 8,005 | 18,350(f) | 21,190 | 21,277(f) | 12,648 | 19,072(f) | 10,187(f) | 4,937(f) | 3,948(f) |
| 5 | 330 | 143 | 233 | 198 | 1,119 | 789 | 134 | 196 |
| 6,280(g) | 9,676(g) | 15,584 | 11,941 | 10,653 | 14,137(g) | 8,121 | 3,451(g) | 1,856(g) |
| 78 | 53 | 74 | 56 | 84 | 74 | 80 | 70 | 47 |
| 2,250 | 5,145 | 5,474 | 4,258 | 4,539 | 5,390 | 3,210 | 1,139 | 1,041 |
|  | 648 |  | 211 |  | 949 | 742 | 114 | 93 |
| 1,093 | 2,236 | 1,196 | 1,313 | 1,012 | 1,380 | 786 | 282 | 312 |
| 138 | 315 | 272 | 222 | 283 | 239 | 185 | 29 | 25 |
| - 9 | - 60 | + 210 | - 34 | + 273 | + 633 | + 193 | + 424 | + 15 |
| 1,206 | 3,127 | 900 | 134 | 2,869 | 5,367 | 1,815 | 3,477 | 75 |
| + 54 | + 141 | + 50 | + 179 | $+\quad 37$ | + 86 | + 80 | $+\quad 13$ | - 7 |
| 951 | 1,517 | 1,849 | 2,232 | 805 | 1,230 | 886 | 150 | 194 |
| - 56 | + 73 | - 42 | - 3 | + 10 | + 183 | + 110 | + 64 | + 9 |
| 399 | 874 | 1,289 | 1.122 | 1,023 | 1,505 | 824 | 453 | 228 |
| 4,937 | 7.543 | 16,286 | 13,436 | 8,233 | 9,707 | 4,668 | 2,997 | 2,042 |
| 3,476 | 5,390 | 13.689 | 11,306 | 6,192 | 6,761 | 3,180 | 2,045 | 1,536 |
| 1,461 | 2,141 | 2,597 | 2,123 | 2,037 | 2,913 | 1,475 | 943 | 495 |
| 1,631 | 3,268 | 7,900 | 8,864 | 2,949 | 4,575 | 2,017 | 1,403 | 1,155 |
| 862 | 2,030 | 1,956 | 1,866 | 1,566 | 2,472 | 1,259 | 802 | 411 |
| 469 | 606 | 577 | 784 | 476 | 676 | 634 | 686 | 752 |
| 590 | 948 | 753 | 879 | 769 | 848 | 854 | 851 | 830 |
| .. | 185 | .. | 399 | . | 271 | 120 | 79 | 72 |
| .. | 310 | . | 266 | . | 166 | 79 | 45 | 42 |
| 17 | 1,619 | 242 | 337 | 87 | 172 | 125 | 25 | 22 |
| .. | $\}-328(\mathrm{n})\{$ | .. | 62 27 | .. | 18 16 | $8$ | $\}+1(n)$ | $+9(\mathrm{n})$ |
| 193 | 855 | 914 | 1,205 | 308 | 558 | 204 | 164 | 190 |
| 1 | 21 | 27 | 61 | 32 | 44 | 11 | 23 | 10 |
| 49 | 74 | 63 | 71 | 70 | 117 | 50 | 45 | 21 |
| 18 | 26 | 23 | 18 | 51 | 47 | 20 | 18 | 9 |


| TABLE 2(i) (cont inued) |
| :--- |

For notes to this table - see page 118/13


TABLE 2(ii) Summary for small firms, 1958 and 1963
Firms employing fewer than 25 persons: United Kingdom (a)

|  | Unit | 1958 | 1963 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of firms | No. | 5,263 | 5,871 |
| Gross output | \& 000 | .. | 91,119 |
| Net output | " | 38,027(b) | 52,446 |
| Net output per head | $\varepsilon$ | 840(b) | 1,067 |
| \{ goods produced and work done | £'000 | 63, 138 | 85,698(c) |
| Sales and work done $\quad$ merchanted goods | ${ }^{\prime}$ | 5,242 | 4,722 |
| Purchases of goods and fuel (d) |  | 23,237 | 31,318 |
| Payments to other organisations for work done on materials given out, including also authors' royalties, copyright payments, payments to contributors and press agencies, and editorial, artists' and readers' fees (less payments received from authors) | " | 7,116(e) | 7,210 |
| Payments to other organisations for transport | ${ }^{*}$ | . | 436 |
| Stocks and work in progress |  |  |  |
| Goods on hand for sale $\quad\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { change during year } \\ \text { at end of year }\end{array}\right.$ | " | . | $\begin{array}{r} 370 \\ +\quad 4,743 \end{array}$ |
| Work in progress $\quad\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { change during year } \\ \text { at end of year }\end{array}\right.$ | " | $\cdots$ | 4 $+\quad 329$ 2,404 |
| Materials, stores and fuel $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { change during year } \\ \text { at end of year }\end{array}\right.$ |  | .. | $\begin{array}{r} 290 \\ +\quad 4,068 \end{array}$ |
| Average number employed $\quad\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { working proprietors } \\ \text { other persons employed }\end{array}\right.$ | No. | 45,265 | 8,320 40,840 |
| Capital expenditure |  |  |  |
| New building work | £ 000 | .. | 757 |
| existing buildings $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { acquisitions }\end{array}\right.$ |  | .. | 468 |
| Land and existing buildings $\{$ disposals |  | .. | 391 |
|  |  | .. | 3,758 |
| Plant and machinery $\{$ disposals | " |  | 214 |
| Vehicles $\quad\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { acquisitions }\end{array}\right.$ | * | .. | 1,138 |
| Vehicles ${ }^{\text {disposals }}$ |  |  | 437 |

(a) Only a sample of firms supplied the full range of information, the remainder giving employment figures only. Except for employment, the figures, are estimates based on
the full return made, which accounted for 14 per cent. of the employment shown for the full returns made, which accounted for 14 per cent. of the employment shown for
the
Estimates are included for small firms not making 1963, and 26 per cent. for 1958. Estimates are included for small firms not making
(b) For 1958 the net output of small firms was defined as the difference between the value of sales and the cost of pur
work done on materials given out.
(c) Including services rendered to other organisations (amounts charged for hiring out plant, machinery and other goods, for providing transport, or for technical or other Including goods purchased for merchanting
(e) Payments to other organisations for work done on materials given out only for 1958 .

TABLE 3 Analysis of larger firms by size of enterprise within the industry, 1963
(i) Output, employment, capital expenditure and stocks

Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingiom

| Average number employed by in the industry (a) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Enter- } \\ & \text { prises } \\ & \text { (b) } \end{aligned}$ | Estab-lishments | Average employed (a) | Gross output | Net output | Net output per head | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Capital } \\ & \text { expendi- } \\ & \text { ture (c) } \end{aligned}$ | Total <br> value of stocks and work in end of year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Number | Number | £ 000 | £ 000 | \& | \& 000 | \& 000 |
| 25-49 | 542 | 567 | 19,602 | 37,983 | 22,337 | 1,140 | 1,744 | 4,061 |
| 50-99 | 391 | 437 | 26,583 | 56,846 | 32,992 | 1,241 | 2,002 | 8,466 |
| 100-199 | 191 | 257 | 25,850 | 51,826 | 31,471 | 1,217 | 2,511 | 7,218 |
| 200-299 | 66 | 120 | 15,979 | 37,475 | 21,653 | 1,355 | 1,584 | 7,638 |
| 300-399 | 32 | 60 | 11,173 | 31,333 | 18,653 | 1,669 | 1,108 | 6,193 |
| 400-499 | 24 | 61 | 10,514 | 26,070 | 14,725 | 1,400 | 1,441 | 6,041 |
| 500-749 | 28 | 99 | 17,166 | 36,898 | 21,804 | 1,270 | 2,259 | 7,942 |
| 750-999 | 7 | 19 | 6,166 | 15,743 | 9,904 | 1,606 | 732 | 8,222 |
| 1,000-1,499 | 8 | 40 | 9,237 | 19,059 | 11,463 | 1,241 | 1,209 | 3,069 |
| 1,500-1,999 | 4 | 17 | 6,616 | 13,301 | 7,930 | 1,199 | 1,752 | 2,353 |
| 2,000 and over | 6 | 75 | 24,632 | 52,703 | 33,414 | 1,357 | 3,173 | 9,170 |
| Total | 1,299 | 1,752 | 173,518 | 379,238 | 226,345 | 1,304 | 19,515 | 70,372 |

(ii) Employees, wages and salaries, and employers' contributions Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdom

| Average number employed by the enterprise in theindustry (a | Employees |  | Wages and salaries |  | Employers ${ }^{\circ}$ contributions |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Wages and salaries } \\ & \text { per head } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oper- } \\ & \text { atives } \end{aligned}$ | Others (d) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oper- } \\ & \text { atives } \end{aligned}$ | Others <br> (d) | National Insurance <br> (e) | Private pension schemes schemes, etc. (f) | Oper - atives | Others (d) |
|  | Number | Number | \& 000 | \&.000 | \& 000 | \& 000 | $\varepsilon$ | $\varepsilon$ |
| 25-49 | 14,944 | 4,191 | 9,928 | 3,598 | 568 | 217 | 683 | 859 |
| 50-99 | 20,346 | 5,864 | 13,895 | 5,242 | 753 | 394 | 683 | 894 |
| 100-199 | 19,871 | 5,870 | 13,747 | 5,310 | 716 | 487 | 692 | 905 |
| 200-299 | 11,511 | 4,437 | 8,583 | 3,930 | 495 | 456 | 746 | 886 |
| 300-399 | 8,142 | 3,024 | 5,989 | 2,760 | 296 | 275 | 736 | 913 |
| 400-499 | 8,256 | 2,240 | 6,082 | 2,315 | 291 | 276 | 737 | 1,034 |
| 500-749 | 13,016 | 4,140 | 9,853 | 3,800 | 491 | 415 | 757 | 918 |
| 750-999 | 4,599 | 1,567 | 3,457 | 1,558 | 170 | 208 | 752 | 994 |
| 1,000-1,499 | 7,133 | 2,103 | 5,516 | 2,043 | 257 | 198 | 773 | 972 |
| 1,500-1,999 | 5,514 | 1,100 | 3,698 | 1,320 | 182 | 265 | 671 | 1,200 |
| 2,000 and over | 19,414 | 5,216 | 15,619 | 4,820 | 709 | 711 | 805 | 924 |
| Total | 132,746 | 39,752 | 96,387 | 38,698 | 4,928 | 3,901 | 728 | 923 |

(a) Including working proprietors.
(b) The sum of the figures for Tables 3(A), (B) and (C) exceeds the total for the industry to
(c) Acquisitions less disposals
(d) Administrative, technical and clerical employees.
(e) Including both flat rate and graduated contributions
(f) Including pensions and gratuities paid other than from pension funds. These amounted in

TABLE 3(A) Analysis of larger firms by size of enterprise, 1963
(i) Output, employment, capital expenditure and stocks Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdom

| Average number employed by the enterprise <br> (a) | Enter- prises | Estabments ments | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Average } \\ & \text { number } \\ & \text { employed } \\ & \text { (a) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Gross } \\ \text { output } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net } \\ \text { output } \end{gathered}$ | Net output per head | Capital ture (b) | Total value of stocks and wrki in progress at end of year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Number | Number | \& 000 | ع 000 | \& | £ 000 | £'000 |
| 25-49 | 22 | 24 | 844 | 3,850 | 1,795 | 2,127 | 38 | 989 |
| 50-99 | 34 | 41 | 2,341 | 13,785 | 5,673 | 2,423 | - 27 | 5.092 |
| 100-199 | 13 | 14 | 1,906 | 7,370 | 2,999 | 1,573 | 98 | 1,796 |
| 200-299 | 4 | 9 | 981 | 6,937 | 2,816 | 2,871 | 43 | 2,869 |
| 300-399 | 5 | 5 | 1,671 | 10,586 | 6,884 | 4.120 | 271 | 3,253 |
| 400 and over | 4 | 12 | 2,431 | 13,647 | 7,478 | 3,076 | 434 | 7,456 |
| Total | 82 | 105 | 10, 174 | 56,174 | 27,645 | 2,717 | 858 | 21,455 |

PUBLISHING/PRINTING
TABLE 3(B) Analysis of larger firms by size of enterprise, 1963 (i) Output, employment, capital expenditure and stocks Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdom

| Average number employed by the enterprise <br> (a) | Enter- <br> prises | Estabments | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Average } \\ & \text { number } \\ & \text { employed } \\ & \text { (a) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gross } \\ & \text { output } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net } \\ & \text { output } \end{aligned}$ | Net output per head | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Capital } \\ & \text { expendi- } \\ & \text { ture (b) } \end{aligned}$ | Total value of stocks and work in progress at end of year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Number | Number | £ 000 | \& 000 | $\varepsilon$ | \& 000 | \& 000 |
| 25-49 | 12 | 12 | 440 | 867 | 631 | 1,434 | 8 | 108 |
| 50-99 | 16 | 16 | 1,168 | 2,384 | 1,165 | 997 | 105 | 444 |
| 100-199 | 12 | 15 | 1,703 | 3,823 | 2,258 | 1,326 | 265 | 916 |
| 200-299 |  |  | 999 | 2,128 | 1,616 | 1,617 | 54 | 376 |
| 300-399 | 5 | 7 | 1,827 | 4,214 | 2,785 | 1,524 | 126 | 1,084 |
| 500-749 | 6 | 8 | 3,640 | 8,997 | 4,931 | 1,355 | 932 | 3,955 |
| 750 and over | 3 | 9 | 5,431 | 13,104 | 7,547 | 1,390 | 1,216 | 6,241 |
| Total | 58 | 71 | 15,208 | 35,518 | 20,933 | 1,377 | 2,707 | 13.123 |

(ii) Employees, wages and salaries, and employers' contribution Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdom

| Average number employed by the enterprise <br> (a) | Employees |  | Wages and salaries |  | Employers ${ }^{\text {c }}$ (contributions |  | Wages and salaries per head |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oper- } \\ & \text { atives } \end{aligned}$ | Others <br> (c) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oper- } \\ & \text { atives } \end{aligned}$ | Others (c) | National Insurance <br> (d) | Private pension schemes, etc. (e) erc. (e) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oper- } \\ & \text { atives } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Others } \\ & \text { (c) } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Number | Number | \&'000 | £'000 | £ 000 | \& 000 | \& | $\varepsilon$ |
|  | 360 | 73 | 197 | 54 | 12 | 3 | 517 | 745 |
| 50-99 | 59 | 403 | 418 | 304 | 31 | 13 | 550 | 754 |
| 100-199 | 1,236 | 452 | 713 | 353 | 46 | 30 | 577 | 781 |
| 200-299 | 558 | 439 | 383 | 295 | 22 | 37 | 687 | 672 |
| 300-399 | 1,211 | 616 | 795 | 596 | 49 | 68 | 657 | 968 |
| $300-399$ $500-749$ | 2,266 | 1,370 | 1,788 | 1,170 | 95 | 92 | 789 | 854 |
| 750 and over | 4,225 | 1,206 | 2,394 | 1,318 | 130 | 191 | 567 | 1,093 |
| Total | 10,615 | 4,559 | 6,688 | 4,091 | 384 | 434 | 630 | 897 |

(a) Including working proprietors.
(b) Acquisitions less disposals
(c) Administrative, technical and clerical employees
(d) Including both flat rate and graduated contributions.
(e) Including pensions and in from pension funds. These amounted in
total to $\varepsilon 105,000$.

TABLE $3(C)$ Analysis of larger firms by size of enterprise, 1963 (i) Output, employment, capital expenditure and stocks

Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdom

| Average number employed by the enterprise <br> (a) | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Enter- } \\ \text { prises } \end{array}$ | Estab- lish-1ish- | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Average } \\ & \text { number } \\ & \text { employed } \\ & \text { (a) } \end{aligned}$ | Gross output | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net } \\ & \text { output } \end{aligned}$ | Net output per head | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Capital } \\ & \text { expendi- } \\ & \text { ture (b) } \end{aligned}$ | Total value of stocks and mork in progress at end of year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Number | Number | \&'000 | £ 000 | \& | \&'000 | \&'000 |
| 25-49 | 531 | 559 | 19,212 | 35,127 | 21,140 | 1,100 | 1,900 | 3,173 |
| 50-99 | 384 | 430 | 26,293 | 50,245 | 31,062 | 1,181 | 2,311 | 4,806 |
| 100-199 | 197 | 245 | 26,942 | 51,365 | 32,098 | 1,191 | 2,504 | 6,454 |
| 200-299 | 71 | 120 | 17,348 | 33,216 | 20,566 | 1,185 | 1,788 | 4,366 |
| 300-399 | 29 | 47 | 10,050 | 21,081 | 12,739 | 1,268 | 1,154 | 2,503 |
| 400-499 | 19 | 34 | 8,318 | 17,806 | 10,346 | 1,244 | 866 | 2,783 |
| 500-749 | 19 | 66 | 12,085 | 23,909 | 14,041 | 1,162 | 1,290 | 3,354 |
| 750-999 | 6 | 12 | 5,396 | 11,811 | 7,439 | 1,379 | 841 | 2,131 |
| 1,000-1,499 | 4 | 17 | 4,956 | 7,578 | 5,427 | 1,095 | 269 | 1,084 |
| 1,500 and over | 7 | 46 | 17,536 | 35,407 | 22,909 | 1,306 | 3,027 | 5,141 |
| Total | 1,267 | 1,576 | 148,136 | 287,546 | 177,767 | 1,200 | 15,948 | 35,793 |

(ii) Employees, wages and salaries, and employers' contributions Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdom

| Average number employed by (a) <br> (a) | Employees |  | Wages and salaries |  | Employers' contributions |  | Wages and salaries per head |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oper- } \\ & \text { atives } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Others } \\ & \text { (c) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oper- } \\ & \text { atives } \end{aligned}$ | Others <br> (c) | National Insurance (d) | Private pension schemes. etc. (e) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oper- } \\ & \text { atives } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Others } \\ & \text { (c) } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Number | Number | \& 000 | 2'000 | \&.000 | \& 000 | $\varepsilon$ |  |
| 25-49 | 15,058 | 3.696 | 10,124 | 3,172 | 559 | 196 | 672 | 858 |
| 50-99 | 21,187 | 4,754 | 14,815 | 4,236 | 748 | 366 | 699 | 891 |
| 100-199 | 21,741 | 5,107 | 15,373 | 4,925 | 756 | 502 | 707 | 964 |
| 200-299 | 13,874 | 3,443 | 10,414 | 3,238 | 535 | 398 | 751 | 940 |
| 300-399 | 8,321 | 1,720 | 6,566 | 1,586 | 275 | 164 | 789 | 922 |
| 400-499 | 6,814 | 1,499 | 5,541 | 1,500 | 235 | 146 | 813 | 1,001 |
| 500-749 | 9,728 | 2,354 | 7,272 | 2,179 | 351 | 312 | 748 | 925 |
| 750-999 | 4,337 | 1,059 | 3,243 | 1.074 | 154 | 162 | 748 | 1,014 |
| 1,000-1,499 | 4,006 | 949 | 3,153 | 848 | 144 | 107 | 787 | 894 |
| 1,500 and over | 14,424 | 3,112 | 11.587 | 3.015 | 521 | 568 | 803 | 1,032 |
| Total | 119,490 | 27,693 | 88,087 | 25,773 | 4,276 | 2,922 | 737 | 931 |

(a) Including working proprietors
(b) Acquisitions less disposals.
(c) Administrative, technical and clerical employees.
(e) Inciang both flat rate and graduated contributions.
(e) Including pensions and gratuities paid other than from pensions funds. These amounted in

| TABLE 4 | Percentage analysis of employees, by age and sex, all ${ }^{\text {firms, 1963: United Kingdom (a) }}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ages | Males | Females | All employees |
|  | Per cent. | Per cent. | Per cent. |
| Under 18 | 5 | 6 | 11 |
| 18 and over | 58 | 31 | 89 |
| All ages | 63 | 37 | 100 |

a) The percentages relate to the numbers employed (excluding
working proprietors) at mid-June, 1963 .

Footnotes to Table 2(i).
(a) For small firms' summary see Table 2 (ii).
(b) The method of classifying returns to sub-divisions of the Industry is explained in the introduction to this report; the in Table 5 (ii) $)$.
(c) Owing to a revision of the sub-divisions of thi
(c) separate particulars cannot be given for 1958 .
(d) For 1963 printing work, etc. carried out on materials mainly supplied by customers was deemed to be characterist
of this sub-division whereas for 1958 it was classified of this sub-division sub-division of General printing and Other work done. The classification of individual return
could be affected and the figures for 1958 and 1963 are could be affected and the figures
therefore not strictly comparable.
(e) The sum of the figures for the sub-division exceeds the total for the industry to the extent that enterprises mad returns for more than one sub-division.
(f) Including services rendered to other or ganisations (amounts charged for hiring out plant, machinery and other goods,
for providing transport, or for technical or other services for providi
rendered).
rendered).
(g) Including net advertisement revenue
(h) Characteristic products relate only to specific sub
divisions of the industry.
(i) For sub-divisions of the industry, this is the ratio of sales of characteristic products to total sales of goods produced and work done. For the industry as a whole, this is the ratio of total sales of principal products by the
industry to total sales of goods produced and work done.
(j) Administrative, technical and clerical employees.
(k) Including both flat rate and graduated contributions.
(1) Including pensions and gratuities paid other than from
pension funds.
(ii) Excluding expenditure for establishments not yet in
(n) Acquisitions less disposals.

TABLE 5(i) Estimates of total sales of principal products of the industry, 1958 and 1963 (a)
All firms: United Kingdom

|  | All firms (b) |  | Small firms in the ${ }_{\text {industry (c) }}^{\text {che }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1958 (d) | 1963 (d) | 1958 (d) | 1963 (d) |
|  | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| Published matter <br> Published by firms other than the printer |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Books | 40,593 | 66,331 | 7,800 | 10,079 |
| All other published matter (e.g. music, diaries, Christmas cards, calendars, etc.) | 3,338 | 6,354 | 240 | 476 |
| Printed and published by the same firm |  |  |  |  |
| Books |  | 15,397 |  | 695 |
| All other published matter (e.g. music, diaries, Christmas cards, calendars, etc.) |  | 18,115 |  | 707 |
| Printing work done for commercial and other publishers | 57,147(e) |  | 1,256 (e) |  |
| Books |  | 20,130 |  | 809 |
| All other published matter (e.g. music, diaries, Christmas cards, calendars, etc.) |  | 6,678 |  | 681 |
| Other printing work done |  |  |  |  |
| On materials supplied by firms doing the work (excluding manuscript books, manufactured stationery and paper bags) | 209,021 | 275,843 | 46,529 | 60,054 |
| On customers' own materials | (f) | 21,068 | (f) | 6,491 |
| Other work done or goods made (g) | 14,441(e) | 11,800 | 7,314(e) | 5,043 |
| Royalties and receipts for reproduction rights, including royalties received by publishers (non-printers) |  | 2,519 | .. | 591 |
| Total | 324,540 | 444,234 | 63,139 | 85,625 |

(a) Including estimated figures for firms not making satisfactory returns
(b) Including sales of principal products of the industry by larger firms but not by small firms, classified to other industries. For a more detailed analysis of sales by larger
firms see Table 5 (ii
(c) Estimates based on a sample of small firms which account for 14 per cent. of
employment of small firms in the industry for 1963 and 26 per cent, for 1958 .
(d) Including net advertisement revenue for printed books and all other published matter (e. music, diaries, Christmas cards, etc. but excluding newspapers, magazines, reviews, trade
jer journals and similar periodicals). The amounts so included are:

|  | All firms |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Small firms in the } \\ \text { industry } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1958 | 1963 | 1958 | 1963 |
|  | £'000 | £ ${ }^{\prime} 000$ | $£^{\prime} 000$ | £'000 |
| Published by firms other than the printers |  | 1,735 |  | 149 |
| Printed and published by the same firm | 2,063( ( ) | 288 | .. | 121 |
| Printed for commercial and other publishers |  | 535 |  | 71 |

(d) Large firms only.
(e) Including for 1958 , royaluies received
(f) Not recorded separately
(g) Including any sales by small firms of goods other than principal products of the industry e.g. newspapers, magazines, reviews, trade journals and similar periodicals
merchanted goods and the value of services rendered to other organisations)

TABLE 5(ii) Sales of principal products of the industry by larger firms, including sales by establishments classified to other industries, 1958 and 1963 Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdon



TABLE 5(ii) (cont inued)


TABLE 5(ii) (cont inued)

(a) The number given is that of the sub-division of which the item is a character istic product. The
sales shown are the total sales by larger firms, not merely sales by establishments classified to sales shown are t
the sub-division.
(b) Including net advertisement revenue for printed books and all other published matter (e.g. music diaries, Christmas cards, etc. but excluding newspapers, magazines, reviews, trade journals and similar periodicals)

| The amounts so included are: |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 1958 | 1963 |
|  | $£^{\prime} 000$ | $£^{\prime} 000$ |
| Published by firms other than the <br> printers |  | 1,537 |
| Printed and published by the same <br> firm | 2,045 | 162 |
| Printed for comnercial and other <br> publishers |  | 450 |

(c) Including for 1958 the printing of published matter for overseas customers and for non-commercial (c) Incited kingdom publishers (manufacturers, learned societies, etc.) who do not make Census of
Uniter United Kingom pubs iners manufactur
Production returns in this industry.
(d) In 1958 some of this work was done for manufacturing publishers whose sales are recorded under

Books and other matter printed and published and some for the non-printing publishers
(e) Not recorded separately.
(f) So far as recorded separate 1
(h) ithis fors agents' commissions, etc.
(h) This figure represents the total number of returns made by larger firms in this industry, which is
less than the total number of establishments in Table $2(i)$ on account of combined returns cover ing more than one establishment.

TABLE 6 Sales of principal products of the industry by establishments classified to other industries, 1958 and 1963
Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdom

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{1958} \& \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{1963} \\
\hline \& Quantity \& Net
selling
保 \(\underset{(a)}{\text { value }}\) \& Quantity \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { Net } \\
\& \text { selling } \\
\& \text { value } \\
\& \text { (a) }
\end{aligned}
\] \& Entries \& Principal industries in which produced (b) \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Books and other matter published \\
Published by firms other than the printer Printed books, other than Bibles \\
Calendars \\
Photographs \\
Other and unclassified published matter (excluding newspapers, magazines, reviews, trade journals and similar periodicals but including Bibles) \\
Total books and other matter published by firms other than the printer
\end{tabular}} \& .. \& \begin{tabular}{l}
£'000 \\
(c)
\end{tabular} \&  \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
\hline \text { £ } 000 \\
9,520 \\
64 \\
58
\end{array}
\] \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Number \\
45 \\
5 \\
17 \\
40
\end{tabular} \& 117
\(115,116,117\)
117

64,117 <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& 10,016 \& .. \& <br>

\hline | Printed and published by the same firm (d) Printed books, other than Bibles Diaries |
| :--- |
| Christmas cards and greeting cards |
| Photographs |
| Other and unclassified published matter (excluding newspapers, magazines, reviews, photographs and printed books, but including Bibles, calendars and other published matter) | \& ." \& | 7,602 |
| :--- |
| 1,658 | \&  \& | 814 |
| :--- |
| 479 |
| 41 |
| 372 |
| 190 | \& | 20 |
| :--- |
| 12 165 |
| 35 | \& 116,117

116
117

117 <br>
\hline Total books and other matter printed and published by the same firm (d) \& \& 9,260 \& \& 1,895 \& .. \& <br>

\hline \& \& $$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Net } \\
\text { amount } \\
\text { charged } \\
\text { (a) }
\end{gathered}
$$ \& \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Net } \\
\text { amount } \\
\text { charged } \\
\text { (a) }
\end{gathered}
$$
\] \& \& <br>

\hline Printing work done for United Kingdom commercial publishers \& \& £ 000 \& \& £ 000 \& \& <br>
\hline Books and other published matter Printed books, other than Bibles \& \& 1,535 \& \& 1,610 \& 35 \& 115, 117 <br>
\hline Other published matter (excluding newspapers, magazines, reviews, trade journals and similar periodicals) Unclassified published matter \& \& 458 \& \& 44
142 \& 9

33 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 117 \\
& 117
\end{aligned}
$$ <br>

\hline Total printing work done for United Kingdom commercial publishers \& \& 1,994 \& \& 1,796 \& .. \& <br>

\hline | Printing work done for concerns other than United Kingdom commercial publishers |
| :--- |
| Books and other published matter | \& \& (c) \& \& 77 \& 37 \& 117 <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

TABLE 6 (continued)

|  | 1958 | 1963 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Net amount charged (a) | Net amount charged (a) | Entries | Principal industries in which |
| General printing and other work done Work done on materials supplied by firms doing the work | £ 000 | £’000 | Number |  |
| Letterpress printing |  |  |  |  |
| Catalogues, trade lists and advertising material | 2,716 | 3,163 | 164 | 109,115,116,117 |
| Forms for loose leaf binders | 105 | 16 | * | 115,116 |
| Label, tag and ticket printing | 57 | 633 | 6 | 84,115,116,117 |
| Letter headings and invoices | 5,770 | 61 | 6 | 115, 116,117 |
| Other letterpress printing |  | 6,279 | 197 | 34,115,116,117 |
| Lithographic, chromo-1itho, photo-1itho and typelitho printing |  |  |  |  |
| Catalogues, trade lists and advertising material | (c) | 284 | 18 | 40,115,116,117 |
| Posters Other | 1,312 | 357 | 22 | 115, 116, 117 |
| Photogravure printing | 105 |  |  |  |
| Other photographic printing | 292(e) | 1,168 | 8 | $73,111,116,117$ |
| Transfer printing |  |  |  |  |
| Tin printing |  | 474 | 5 | 31,40,87,115 |
| Silkscreen printing | 97 |  |  |  |
| Machine ruling | 72 |  |  |  |
| Binding (including re-binding) | 207 | 99 | 10 | 115,116,117 |
| Stitching, folding, cutting, etc. | 104 |  |  |  |
| Engraving of blocks, plates, etc. |  |  |  |  |
| Process blocks (relief work) | 800 | 661 | 91 | 116,117 |
| Other | 100 | 386 | 32 | 31,116,117 |
| Stereotyping and electrotyping |  | 110 | 31 | 115,117 |
| Typesetting | 265 | 238 | 66 | 115,117 |
| Gilding, blocking, stamping, lettering, etc. |  |  |  |  |
| Photo-1itho offset plates |  | 68 | * | 31,53,116 |
| Die sinking and relief stamping | 167 |  |  |  |
| Other work done | - | 2,615 | 106 | 115,116,117,124 |
| Work done on customers' own materials | - | 361 | 32 | 115,116 |
| Total printing, bookbinding, etc. | 12,167 | 16,972 | . |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net selling } \\ \text { value } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net selling } \\ & \text { value } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Other goods sold | £'000 | £'000 |  |  |
| Showcards, price tickets, etc. | 1,747 | 1,914 | 45 | 115,116,124 |
| Albums and the like | 240 | 239 | 11 | 115,116,125 |
| Playing cards | - |  |  | 115,116,125 |
| Total (a) | 25,407 | 32,911 | .. |  |

[^0](b) The references given are to the list of industries at the back of this report.
(c) Included with sales of published matter printed and published by the same firm.
(d) Including for 1958 books and other published matter published by firms other than the printer
and printing work done for concerns other than United Kingdom commercial publishers.
(e) Including copper and steel printing for 1958.

TABLE 7 Sales of other than principal products by larger firms in the industry, 1958 and 1963
Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdo

Newspapers and other matter published
Published by firms other than the printers
News papers
Magazines, reviews, trade journals and simila
periodicals
periodicals
Printed and published by the same firm
Newspapers
Magazines, reviews, trade journals and similar
periodicals
Printing work done for United Kingdom commercial
publishers Newspapers
Daily
Other
Magazines, reviews, trade journals and similar
periodicals
Printing work done for concerns other than United
Kingdom comercial
Kingdom commercial publ ishers
Newspapers, other than daily, and manazines, reviews,
trade journals and similar periodicals
oxes and cartons of paper and cardboard
Boxes and cartons of paper and cardboard
Rigid boxes (including rigid boxes delivered in the
flat, and round boxes)
Cartons
Paper bags
Manufactured stationery
Notepaper and pads
Envelopes
Loose leaf binders
Manuscript books

## Account books

Other manuscript books, stapled, etc., including ruled
Tabulating machine cards
Other manufactured stationery
Miscellaneous manufactures of paper and board Leather goods
Miscellaneous metal manufactures
Other goods


TABLE 7 (cont inued)

|  | 1958 |  | 1963 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Value (a) | Quantity | Value(a) |
|  |  | \& 000 |  | £ 000 |
| Services rendered to other organisations (c) |  | .. |  | 1,472 |
| Total value of goods sold without having been subjected to any manufacturing process (merchanted or factored) |  | 10,169 |  | 22,904 |
| Canteen takings |  | 301 |  | 600 |
| Total |  | 34,410(d) |  | 60,975 |

(a) Including advertisement revenue. The total amount of advertisement revenue from newspapers, magazines, reviews, trade journals and
\&1,083,000: for 1863 the amount was $£ 2,408,000$.
(b) Index cards and other off ice systems of paper and cardboard were included in 1958.
(b) Amounts charged for hiring out plant, machinery or other goods, for providing transport, or
for technical or other services rendered to other organisations.
(d) Excluding amounts charged for services rendered to other organisations.

TABLE 8 Production of certain principal products of the industry by larger firms, including production by establishments classif ied to other industries, 1958 and 1963

This table is not applicable to this industry

TABLE 9 Purchases of selected principal products of the industry by larger firms, 1963

This table is not applicable to this industry

TABLE 10 Purchases by larger firms in the industry, 1954 and 1963 Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdom

|  | 1954 |  | 1963 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Cost | Quantity | Cost |
| Materials for processing | Th.tons | £ 000 | Th.tons | £ 000 |
| Newsprint | 4.3 | 259 \{ | $\begin{array}{r}8.9 \\ \hline .\end{array}$ | 506 120 |
| Stationery and writing paper for printing | . | 5,868 | .. | 4,643 |
| Metal foil or laminates incorporating paper and foil for printing | .. | (a) | .. | 990 |
| Other paper for printing work | . | 25,893 | .. | 42,921 |
| Other paper | .. | 1,961 | .. | 3,432 |
| Strawboard, cardboard, millboard or fibreboard | . | 3,714 | . | 4,886 |
| Printers' inks | . | 3,413 | . | 5,588 |
| Process blocks | . | 1,596 | . | 3,134 |
| Type and type metal including stereo-metal (b) | . | 797 | . | 1,453 |
| Photographic materials | . | 771 | .. | 1,898 |
| Copper, zinc, aluminium, etc., sheets and plates (c) | . | 777 | .. | 2,522 |
| Metal for tin printing | . | 234 | . | 28 |
| Leathercloth | .. | 418 | . | 645 |
| Other piece goods for bookbinding | . | 894 | . | 1,320 |
| Glues and adhesives (including compound synthetic resin adhesives, but excluding synthetic resins bought as such) | .. | 459 | . | 670 |
| Other bookbinding materials | . | 711 | . | 1,185 |
| Loose printed sheets or bound books imported for publication | . | 302 | Th.gal. $121$ | 1,939 36 |
| Lubricating oils and greases | .. | (a) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Th.cwt. } \\ 0.4 \\ . \end{gathered}$ | 38 28 |
| Replacement parts for firms ${ }^{\circ}$ own machinery, plant and vehicles, and accessories and consumable tools bought as replacement | .. | 1,695 | .. | 1,939 |
| All other materials for processing | .. | 7,483 | . | 10,684 |
| Packaging materials |  |  |  |  |
| Paper and board |  |  |  |  |
| Boxes, cartons, packing cases, and drums and canisters (with or without metal ends) of paper, cardboard and fibreboard |  |  | .. | 887 |
| Wrapping paper (including paper coated with plastics and any laminates incorporating paper but not metal), moulded pulp units, labels and other packaging materials of paper, cardboard and fibreboard (except multiwall sacks) | .. | 1,073 | .. | 719 |
| All other packaging materials |  |  |  | 349 |
| Fuel and electricity (d) |  |  | Th.tons |  |
| Coal | 54.3 | 241 | 29.1 | 175 22 |
| Coke (including screenings) and manufactured fuel | 35.6 | 187 | $\begin{array}{r}8.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 81 80 |

TABLE 10 (continued)

|  | 1954 |  | 1963 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Cost | Quantity | Cost |
|  | Th.gal. | \& 000 | Th.gal. | \& 000 |
| Fuel and electricity (d) (continued) |  |  |  |  |
| Derv fuel and motor spirit for use in road vehicles | 1,457 | 310 40 | 2,080 | 464 150 |
| Other liquid fuels (including creosote/pitch mixtures, etc., and liquefied petroleum gases) | 3,348 $\cdots$ | 162 17 | 12,175 | 575 90 |
|  | Th.therms |  | Th.therms |  |
| Gas | $\begin{array}{r}4,772 \\ \hline .\end{array}$ | ${ }^{296} 72$ | $\begin{array}{r}4,910 \\ \hline .\end{array}$ | 298 169 |
|  | Th.kwh |  | Th.kWh |  |
| Electricity | 126,893 | 912 188 | 196,232 | 1,495 928 |
| Total cost of materials and fuel |  | 60,744 |  | 97,013 |
| Goods purchased for merchanting |  | .. |  | 19,242 |
| Canteen purchases |  | . |  | 656 |
| Total cost of purchases |  | . |  | 116,911 |

(a) Not recorded separately in 1954
(b) 'Stereo-metal' was not specifically included in 1954
(c) Described as 'Copper and zinc sheets and plates' in 1954.
(d) The total quantity of electricity generated in firms' own establishments in this industry was
5,771 Th.kWh in 1954 and 2,576 Th.kWh in 1963 .

TABLE 11 Transport costs and employment of larger firms, 1963 Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdom

|  | Unit | 1963 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Average number employed mainly on transport | No. | 2,197 |
| Transport costs |  |  |
| Wages and salaries | £'000 | 1,682 |
| Derv fuel and motor spirit | " | 614 |
| Payments to other organisations for transport | ${ }^{*}$ | 3,282 |
| Costs of operating road goods vehicles |  |  |
| Insurance | " | 129 |
| Vehicle licences | " | 79 |
| Depreciation | * | 561 |
| Payments to other organisations for repairs and maintenance | * | 349 |
| Total |  | 6,696 |

TABLE 12 Payments for certain services, etc. by larger firms, 1963 (a)

| Firms employing 25 or more persons: |
| :--- |
| United Kingdom |


|  | Amounts <br> payable |
| :---: | :---: |
| Repairs and maintenance to | £ 000 |
| Buildings | 924 |
| Road goods vehicles | 347 |
| Plani, machinery, and other capital equipment | 2,049 |
| Insurance, licensing and depreciation of road goods vehicles (b) | 789 |
| Rates, excluding water rates | 2,893 |
| Hire of plant and machinery | 309 |
| Postage, telephone, telegrams and cables | 3,386 |
| Total | 10,678 |

(b) For details see Table 11.

TABLE 13 Percentage analysis of twelve-month periods Percentage analysis of twelve-month periods
covered by returns from larger firms, 1963 Firms employing 25 or more persons
United Kingdom

| Year ended | Percentage of <br> total number <br> employed | Year ended | Percentage of <br> total number <br> employed |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1963 | Per cent. | 1963 <br> (contd.) | Per cent. |
| April (a) | 3.8 | November | 2.3 |
| May | 1.6 | December | 37.1 |
| June | 6.9 | 1964 |  |
| July | 1.0 |  |  |
| August | 1.2 | January | 3.0 |
| September | 8.8 | February | 5.1 |
| October | 1.6 | March | 27.6 |
|  |  | Total | 100 |

(a) Including returns made for twelve-month periods ended
1st to 5 th April, 1964 .

TABLE 14 Sales of all parts of machinery and plant by larger firms, including sales by establishments classified to other industries,
-
This table is not applicable to this industry.
This table

Capital Expenditure (continued)
(ii) Land and existing buildings.

The items shown are the capital cost of
freeholds purchased and the capital cost or
premium payable for leaseholds acquired
(excluding the value of any assets acquired
in taking over an existing business) and
in taking over an existing business), and
the amounts receivable for any freeholds or
the amounts receivable for any freeholds or
leaseholds disposed of. The value is that
chat
charged to capital account during the year
of return.
or return
(iii) Plant, machinery and vehicles.

The items shown are the value of plant and
mach inery and of vehicles
new and second-hand, and the amount
received for items disposed of during the
year. The value of plant and machinery
year. The value of plant and machinery
acquired includes plant, etc. which firms
produced for the ir own use in connection
With the business covered by the return.
The value of plant, etc. acquired is the
The value of plant, etc. acquired is the
expenditure charged to capital account
expend the year of return less any dis-
counts received, but including the cost of
transport and installation. No deduction
trasport and instailation. No deduct ion
is made for depreciat ion, amortisation or
obsolescence. The proceeds of items
obsolescence. The proceeds of items
disposed of during the year exclude amount isposed of during the year excl
ritten of for items scrapped.
Capital expenditure during the year in respec
of manufacturing establishments where pro-
of manufacturing establishments where pro-
duction had not started before the end of the
duction had not started before the end of the
year is excluded in this report for both 1958 and 1963.
Characteristic Products
The characteristic products of a sub-division
are those in terms of which the sub-division is defined. They are products comb-division is ted in production and are usually similar in nature or manner of product ion. In most cases the character istic product sof each sub-
division are indicated in Table 5 of the industry reports. For those industries for which an analysis by sub-divisions has bee
made, Table 2 shows the total sales of suc made, Table 2 shows the total sales of such
characteristic products for each sub-division The totals include, besides the products whic
define the sub-division, other items of outpu define the sub-division, other items of outp
assumed to be closely related to them, waste products and work done.
Enterprise
The term enterprise is used in this report to
mean one or more firms under common ownership or control. An enterprise normally consists either of a single firm, or of a parent company Entries
The number of entries shown in Tables 5,6 and The number of entries shown in Tables 5, 6 and
8 against a particular output or production heading is the number of returns on which Establishment
the census was based comprising in most cases the whole of the
premises under the same ownership or managemen at a particular address (e.g. a factory or nine), but firms were asked to exclude fr alat sections of their returns particulars
relating to any department not engaged in duction for which they kept a separate set of
dep accounts. Where separate accounts were not
kept, they were asked to include merchant ing factoring, canteens operated by them and other
ancillary activities such as bottling, packing and the manufacture of containers for packing and the manufacture of containers for pack
the ir own products, whether or not these activities are carried on at the same addre
as the works. Building and engineering as the works. Building and engineering
maintenance departments and selling and trans naintenance departments and seliling and trans
port departments were treated similarly.
Gross Output
The gross output of an industry is the aggregate value of goods made and other work done
during the year by the establishments classified to the industry. It is derived by subracting from the value of sales and work done
the value of stocks of goods on hand for sale and work in progress at the beginning of the year and adding the value at the end of the

Larger Firms
These are firms in which twenty-five or more
persons were employed on the average during the year.

Net Outpu
The net output of an industry represents the value added to materials by the process of pro-
duction. It includes the gross margin on any nerchanted or factored goods sold; it constitutes the fund from which wages, salaries insurance, pensions, hire of plant and ance, costs of operating road vehicles, rents, rates and taxes, advertising and other selling
expenses and all other similar charges have to expenses and all other similar charges have t.
be met, as well as depreciation and prof its. be met, as well as depreciation and prof its.
There is no appreciable duplication in net out put. Net output has been obtained by deduct-
ing from the gross output the cost of purchase ing from the gross output the cost of purchase
adjusted for stock changes, payments for work iven out to other firms, and payments for ransport
Normally
Normally any customs or excise duty on
naterials purchased is included in the cost naterials. Similarly included in the cost materials. Similarly, finished goods sold
have been valued as they were sold, duty paid or duty free. The amounts of duty, subsidies,
allowances and levies receivable or payable llowances and levies receivable or payable where of substant ial importance in the industry,
were required to be stated separately, and these tems were taken into account when calculating et output
Net output per person employed
The figures for net output per person employed are derived by dividing the net output by the
average number of persons employed (full-time and part-time) on all act ivities covered by the eturns, including operatives, administrative proprietors, but excluding outworkers.
Principal Products
The principal products of an industry are those in terms of which the industry is defined They are products commonly associated in production, and are usual
manner of production.
Production
This means the total quantity of a product made our ing the year, whether sold in the year, added the same firm, or used to another department of the same irm, or used in the manuracture of
other products within the business covered by
the return. It includes goods produced from naterials supplied by other firms.

Purchases include the cost of materials and components bough for use in production; of
fuel and electricity for all purposes; of pack aging materials, including the full cost of returnable cases and containers when first purchased; of workshop materials, off fice
materials and materials for repairs to firms
, man buildings, plant and vehicles when carried
out by their own workpeople included in the out by the ir own workpeople included in the return; of consumable tools; and of parts for
machinery purchased during the year as replacements. Water charges are also included. In
meneral purchases of gods for merchant ing or general purchases of goods for merchant ing or
factor ing and canteen supplies are included. factor ing and canteen supplies are included.
Materials supplied by customers for processing are excluded.
The values shown include any duty paid (less The values shown include any duty paid (less
rebate, etc.) but exclude trade discounts rebate, etc.) The cost of transport is included
allowed.
The only if included in the cost of materials as
invoiced; amounts paid to transport organisainvoiced; amount paid to transport organisa-
tions, including firms own separate transport organisations, for delivery of mater ials and
fuel are, therefore, excluded. Materials fuel are, therefore, excluded. Materials
purchased overseas are included at their c.i. cost plus any duty payable if the cost of
con
cost transport from the docks was not included in the
invoiced price, but at their full delivered cost if invoiced 'carriage paid home'. Materials and fuel transferred from another department of
the firm not covered by the same return are the firm not covered by the same return are
included at the estimated selling value recorded by the other department.
Sales
Sales are in respect of goods made by the
business covered by the return, goods made for business covered by by other firms from
it by outworkers or ber
mater ials given out to them (sometimes descr ibed materials given out to them (sometimes describe
as goods made on commission) and waste products. as goods made on commission) and waste product
Any machinery or other capital items produced for use in the business covered by the return are included, the value being that adopted in
the firm's capital asset account. Goods sold without being subjected to any manufacturt ing process (merchanted or factored) and canteen takings are included as in 1958 .
The value shown for sales is the net selling value, def ined as the amount charged to customers whether on an ex-works or delivere
basis, net of any trade discounts, agents basis, net of any trade discounts, agents

commissions, allowances for returnable cases, | purchase tax, etc. $\begin{array}{l}\text { the net amount charged for } \\ \text { packing materials is included. Goods charged }\end{array}$ |
| :--- | packing materials is included. Goods charged

on a delivered bas is to customers overseas are on a delivered bas is to customers overseas are
included at the f.o.b. value. For work done
Fol incmuission or for the tra
Where amount chaduced. in one department were transferred to another department of the same
fant firm not covered by the return, these transfers
were treated as sales by the producing departwere treated as sales by the producing depart-
ment and valued as far as poss ible as if they had been sold to an independent purchaser.
Goods transferred to wholesale or retail sellGoogs transfarren to whoesale or retaich separate accounts ing organisations for which separate acco
were kept were valued on the same basis. Est imations of a similar kind were also some-
times necessary in valuing transfers between times necessary in valuing transfers between
different firms belonging to the same enterprise. To the extent that the sales of
finished products of one establishment ma finished products of one establishment may
constitute the materials purchased by another constitute the materials purchased by anothe
total figures of the value of sales (and of materials and fuel purchased) include an
element of duplicatio

## Services rendered

This represents the amounts charged for hiring out plant, machinery and other goods, providing
transport, or for any technical or other
services rendered to other organisations. includes amounts credited for similar services
rendered to other departments of the same firm not covered by the return.
Small Firms
These are firms in which fewer than twenty-five persons were employed on the average dur ing the

Stocks and Work in Progres
Values are given of stocks of goods on hand for sale, and of materials and uel, at the be-
ginning and end of the year of return, includin ginning and end of the year of return, incluad
any stocks of goods held for merchanting or
factoring. The values include duty in the case factoring. The values include duty in the case of dutiable goods held out of bond. The val
of work in progress at the two dates is also usually show. This excludes any progress
payments made to sub-contractors, and no depayments made to sub-contractors, and no de-
duction is made on account of progress payments duct ion is
received.
Transport Payments
These represent the total amount paid or These represent the total amount paid or
credited during the year for both outwards transport of finished goods sold and inwards
transport of materials and fuel purchased. transport of materials and fuel purchasen.
They include payments to other firms, and to any separate transport organisation of the same
firm, not covered by the return firm, not covered by the return, but exclude
the value of transport services provided by the the value of transport services provided by the
business covered by the return. The items included are payments for hired cartage and for
inwards and outwards carriage by all forms of inwards and outwards carriage by all forms of
inland transport, i.e. railways. road haulage, canals, coast-wise shipping, air, etc. Payments made for sea freight on goods sold to
customers overseas and on materials and fuel customers overseas and on materials and fuel
purchased from overseas suppliers are excluded.
Wages and Salaries These are the amounts paid during the year to
operatives and to administrative, technical
and clerical employees. Payments to working and clerical employees. Payments to working
and proprietors, whether called salaries or no
are excluded; in Northern Ireland this are excluded; in Northern Ireland this
exclusion extends also to payments to exclusion extends also to payments to
directors of limited companies. The values shown include all overtime payments, bonuses
and comisions, whether paid regularly or not and commissions, whether paid regularly or not,
and no deduction is made for income tax, insurances, contr $r$ ibutory pensions, etc.
value of any payments in kind, travelling The value of any payments in kind, etraveling
expenses, lodging allowances, etc. and expenses, lodging autionaces, etc. and
employers. contributions to National Insurance

## Work given out

The figures shown represent the total amount paid for work done by other firms on materials supplied to them, and also by firms, own
establ ishments for which separate returns were made. They do not include payments to
individual outworkers or payments for business and other services.
Symbols used
The following symbols are used throughout the report: $\quad$ Not available

Not available
Niil or negligible (less than half the Figures cannot be shown owing to the isk of disclosing information about individual enterprises.
Rounding of Figures
The figures in the tables have, where necessary,
been rounded to the nearest final digit. There been rounded to the nearest final digit. There
may, therefore, be apparent slight discrepancies bet ween the sums of the constituent items and
the totals shown.

```
Part No. and title
Introductory Notes
Coal Mining
4 Chalk, Clay, Sand and Gravel Extraction
4
Mining and Quarrying
7Grain Mill ing
Bread and Flour Confectionery
9 Biscuits 
*) Bacon Curing,
Sugar Chocolate and Sugar Confectionery
14 Fruit and vegetable Produc
5 Animal and Poultry Foods
\ Starch and Miscellaneous Foods
8 Brewing and Malting
9 Spirit Distilling and Compounding
21 Tobacco 
2 Coke Ovens and Manufactured Fue
l
25 Dyestuffs
26 Fertillzers Chemals
28 Pharmaceutical Preparations
lol
lol
32 vegetable and Animal Oils and Fats 
34 Sythet ic
36 Gelatine, Adhesives, elc.
37 Iron and St
38}
40 Non-ferrous Metals
```



```
43 Engineers' Small Tools and Gauges
44 Industrial Engines Acesories
$ Textile Machinery and Accessories 
47 Mechanical Handl ing Equipment
48 office Machinery,
49 Miscellaneous (Non-electrical)
51 Ordnance and Smal1 Arms 
$, General Nechanical Engineering
54 Watches and Clocks
54 Watches and Clocks 
55 Electrical Machinery Cables
lol
58 Radio and Other Electronic App
```



```
61 Shipbuilding and Mar ine Engineer ing
63 Motor Cycle, Three-wheel Vehicle and Peda
64 Aircraft Manufacturing and Repairing
64 Aircraft Manufactur ing and Repairing
65 Locomot ives and Railway Track Equipment
66 Railway Carriages and Hagons and 
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```
Part No.and title
lol
l
Metals,
```



```
lol
    Man-made Fibres 
    Man-made Fibres (tinen and Man-made Fibres 
    l
```



```
1 Hosiery 
Carpets
Narrow Fabrics
Household Text ales and Handkerchiefs
Canvas Goods and Sacks
8 Asbestos
    9 Miscellaneous Textile Industries 
    Leather (Tanni
91 Leather
2 Fur l
4 Men's and Boys'Tr.ilored Outerwear 
#omen's and Gir1s' Tailored Outerwear 
*)
l
99 Corsets
1 Footwear 
Bricks, Fireclay and Refractory Goods
103 Pottery
105 Cement
l
8 Timber (uneous Building
09 Furniture and Upholstery 
lol
Wooden Containers and Baskets
l
Cly Cardboard Boxes, Cartons and Fibre-board
Packing Cases 
6 Miscel laneous Manufactures of Paper and Board
l
Meriodicals ( Pring, Publishing, Bookbinding,
M9 Rngravi
120 Linoleum, Leathercloth, etc.
121 Brushes and Brooms
lol
```



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123 Miscellaneous Stationers'Goods 
l25 Miscell laneous
26 Construction
27 Gas
128 Electricity
l
131 Summary Volume
l
            H-.
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Printed and published by
Her Majesty's Stationery Office
To be purchased from
49 High Holborn, London w.c. 1
13A Castle Street, Edinburgh 2
109 St. Mary Street, Cardiff CF1 IJw
Brazennose Street, Manchester m60 8 as
50 Fairfax Street, Bristol BS1 3DE
258 Broad Street, Birmingham 1
7 Linenhall Street, Belfast BT2 8 AY
or through any bookseller
Printed in England


[^0]:    (a) Including net advertisement revenue amount ing to $£ 314,000$ in 1958 and $£ 629,000$ in 1963.

