## THE SCIENTIFIC INSTRUMENTS, APPLIANCES AND APPARATUS TRADE

Note.—For information regarding the scope of the Census, instructions given to firms for making returns, and definitions of the terms used in this report, reference should be made to the Introductory Notes on pages v to xviii.

Introductory

This trade comprises firms that were engaged wholly or mainly in the manufacture of scientific instruments, appliances and apparatus. The following table shows the main results of the Censuses of 1930 and 1924 in respect of firms in Great Britain that employed an average of more than ten persons:—

000	9,964 3,944	9,092
,,	2 044	
	0,944	4,011
,,	23	23
	5,997	5,058
No.	25,230	23,778
£	238	213
-		4 001
.P.	Control of the Contro	4,631
		11,106
Vo.	306	328
,,	356	*
	"" No. £ I.P. "No. ""	<ul> <li>5,997</li> <li>5,997</li> <li>25,230</li> <li>238</li> <li>4,524</li> <li>13,418</li> <li>306</li> <li>256</li> </ul>

<sup>\*</sup> Not available.

Deficiencies in 1930 aggregates.—The aggregate number of persons employed in 1930 by firms that stated that they employed not more than ten persons on the average was 2,910, the corresponding figure for 1924 being 1,743.\* The value of the gross output of the small firms in 1924 was £516,000,\* and particulars of the items included in this figure are given below:—

	£,000
Optical instruments and appliances	119
Dental, surgical, medical and veterinary instruments	
and appliances (other than optical)	137
Surgical and medical bandages and dressings	16
Photographic apparatus and appliances	21
Barometers, thermometers, hydrometers and	
similar instruments	31
Mathematical instruments, slide rules, calculating	
discs and cylinders	17
Gauges, precision balances and other scientific	
instruments and appliances	46
Electrical instruments and apparatus	12
Photographic printing, map-mounting, etc	16
Other goods made	9
Repair work	80
Other work done	12
TOTAL	516

<sup>\*</sup> These figures include particulars relating to the few firms in Northern Ireland, for which separate information is not available for publication.

In addition, 66 firms to which schedules were sent at the 1930 Census and 130 at that of 1924 furnished no information; these firms either had small businesses or had ceased productive operations before the end of the censal year.

Size of firms.—In the following table the main particulars recorded at the Census of 1930 are grouped according to the average numbers of persons shown in the returns:—

Size of firm (average numbers employed)	Number of returns	Gross output	Net output	Average number of persons employed (excluding outworkers)	Net output per person employed
	No.	£'000	£'000	No.	£
11-24	104	619	377	1,792	210
25-49	77	931	605	2,711	223
50-99	54	1,343	854	3,637	235
100-199	43	2,107	1,250	5,966	210
200-299	17	1,818	1,094	4,221	259
300-399	4	527	332	1,387	239
400 and over	7	2,619	1,485	5,516	269
TOTAL	306	9,964	5,997	25,230	238

Regional distribution.—In the following table the results recorded at the Censuses of 1930 and 1924 are grouped according to the principal areas\* of Great Britain in which firms in this trade are situated:—

Area	Number of returns	Gross output	Net output	Average number of persons employed (excluding outworkers)	Net output per person employed
	No.	£'000	£'000	No.	£
, (1930	187	6,560	4,023	15,298	262
$1 \qquad \dots \begin{cases} 1930 \\ 1924 \end{cases}$	210	5,718	3,195	14,317	223
2 1930	26	597	307	1,639	187
2 \ 1924	26	778	374	1,835	204
3 1930	14	370	234	1,424	164
1924	21	361	270	1,520	178
5 \ \int \frac{1930}{1930}	24	595	373	2,140	174
1924	29	640	385	2,063	187
$6 \qquad \dots \begin{cases} 1930 \\ 1930 \end{cases}$	28	1,340	705	2,932	240
1924	16	1,227	592	2,571	230
4 and 7 \ \ \frac{1930}{1934}	8	57	29	160	178
1924	7	39	21	148	142
9 \ \frac{1930}{2000}	13	410	303	1,479	205
(1924	13	301	198	1,213	163
10 \$1930	6	35	23	158	144
10\ 1924	6	28	23	111	207
Тотац 5 1930	306	9,964	5,997	25,230	238
1924	328	9,092	5,058	23,778	213

<sup>\*</sup> For particulars see page xviii.

Northern Ireland.—Owing to the risk of disclosing particulars relating to individual firms, separate details of the production of scientific instruments, etc., in Northern Ireland were not published for either 1930 or 1924. The particulars were included with those of some other small trades to form a miscellaneous group (see page 200).

**Sub-divisions of the industry.**—In the following table the results obtained at the 1930 Census are classified in five groups, each of which comprises returns in which the principal output was of the kind specified in the first column. Corresponding information for 1924 is not available in similar detail.

Number of returns	Gross output	Value of characteristic products	Net output	Average number of persons em- ployed (exclud- ing out- workers)	Net output per person em- ployed
No.	£'000	£'000	£'000	No.	£
69	1,311	1,227	781	3,942	198
10	495	392	398	1,686	236
17	2,869	2,522	1,450	4,492	323
19	426	372	272	1,499	182
191	4,863	4,279	3,096	13,611	227
306	9,964	8,792	5,997	25,230	238
	No. 69 10 17 19	of returns         Gross output           No. 69 1,311         £'000           10 495         17 2,869           19 426         191 4,863	Number of returns         Gross output         of characteristic products           No. 69 1,311 1,227         10 495 392           17 2,869 2,522         19 426 372           191 4,863 4,279	Number of returns         Gross output output         of characteristic products         Net output           No. 69 1,311 1,227 781         10 495 392 398         392 398           17 2,869 2,522 1,450         19 426 372 272           191 4,863 4,279 3,096	Number of returns         Gross output teristic products         Value of characteristic products         Net output ployed (excluding outworkers)           No. £'000 £'000 f9 1,311 1,227 781 3,942         392 398 1,686           17 2,869 2,522 1,450 4,492         19 426 372 272 1,499           191 4,863 4,279 3,096 13,611

#### Production

**Principal products.**—The following table shows the value of scientific instruments, appliances, etc., made in 1930 and 1924:—

		19	30	1 1000	1924
	Retu	rned on	schedule	s for	
Kind of goods	Instru	eientific ments, Trade	All t	Total	
	Value	Entries	Value	Entries	Value
Optical instruments and appliances :—	£'000	No.	£'000	No.	£'000
Lenses (other than spectacle lenses), prisms, etc., optically worked, sold					
separately	97	13	97	13	316*
Telescopes, binoculars and microscopes Spectacles, pince-nez, etc.:—	143	19	143	19	95
Complete	478	48	478	48 50	
Spectacle lenses, sold separately Frames, mounts and other parts,	426 331	50	426 333	49	> 563†
sold separately Complete and parts, not separately	331	10	000	40	
distinguished Other optical instruments and appli-	29	5	47	6	J
ances (other than photographic)	252	30	257	31	166
Total—Optical instruments and appliances (other than photographic)	1,756		1,781	•••	1,140
Dental, surgical, medical and veterinary instruments and appliances (other					
than optical):— Instruments	283	35	283	35	187
Appliances, including trusses and artificial limbs	688	.48	690	51	818
Aseptic hospital furniture Surgical and medical bandages and	103	17	112	20	61
dressings Other sorts, including general dental	686	16	1,884	45	1,651
goods (except dental platinum)	500	21	531	25	477
Total—Dental, surgical, medical and veterinary instruments and appliances	2,260		3,500	•••	3,194
Photographic apparatus and appliances:— Cameras, complete (including cinema- tograph cameras) Thousand Cinematograph and projection appara-	405 1,060	$\Bigg  \Bigg\} \ 12 \Big\{$	415 1,086	} 13{	132 121
tus (including magic lanterns) Sensitised photographic paper	169 1,211	13 16	218 1,252	18 18	55 827
Sensitised photographic plates and films (including blank cinematograph films)  Other photographic and cinema-	1,333	10	1,333	10	1,107
tograph appliances (other than lenses), not elsewhere specified	95	23	114	28	56
Total—Photographic apparatus and appliances	3,213	•••	3,332		2,177

					The second secon
handakagan shore minus ha	antez. s	1924			
	Retu				
Kind of goods	The Scientific Instruments, etc. Trade		struments, All trades		
	Value	Entries	Value	Entries	Value
THE SHOW AND ADDRESS OF THE SHOWS AND ADDRESS	£'000	No.	£'000	No.	£'000
Barometers, thermometers, hydrometers and similar instruments	510	34	519	37	335
D 1 1	19	5	19	5	19
	88‡	14	180	23	104‡
Mathematical instruments	174	14	182	15	424
Slide rules, calculating discs and cylinders	6	6	6	6	7
Land surveying instruments, not else-	· ·	U	0		
where included	109	11	109	11	)
Nautical instruments, not elsewhere	100		100		
included	219	13	219	13	ADDITION
Instruments for scientific research and			SOLTA)	Section 1	S SELECTION OF SEL
experiment, not elsewhere included	70	16	70	16	878
Other and unclassified scientific instru-				at the	010
ments and apparatus (other than	The same	CONCLUSED.	market to	ri anni	
electrical instruments, electro-medical				Target Tark	
apparatus and wireless valves and	The st				
apparatus§)	755	54	1,114	72	)
m D	0.150	a beyone	17 001	100 (00)	0.050
Total—Principal products	9,179	mandials	11,031	10.333)	8,278
	t i londe	and the second	Total Control		The same of

\* Including spectacle lenses sold separately.

† Excluding spectacle lenses, sold separately, which are included with "Lenses, prisms, etc." above.

 $\ddagger$  Of which 44,335 were valued at £49,000 in 1930 and 105,312 at £66,000 in 1924.

§ For electrical instruments, etc., see the report on the Electrical Engineering Trade which forms part of a separate volume (Part II).

**Prices.**—As a result of the considerable increase in the output of the cheaper varieties of cameras, the average selling value of cameras of all kinds declined from 21s. 10d. in 1924 to 7s. 8d. in 1930. The partial information available for gauges indicates a rise in average value from 12s. 7d. to 21s. 11d. Owing to the lack of quantitative particulars, average values cannot be calculated for other classes of goods manufactured by this trade.

Volume of production in 1930 and 1924.—The absence of price data renders it impracticable to attempt any precise and detailed comparison of the volume of production of scientific instruments, appliances and apparatus in 1930 and 1924, but such information as is available indicates that the total value of the output of these products in 1924 (£8,278,000) would be equivalent to a sum of about £7,800,000 if re-valued in terms of 1930 prices. The total value recorded for similar products for 1930, viz., £11,031,000, was in excess of this estimate by 41 per cent.

**Production, exports and imports.**—The following table shows, in relation to production, the values of the principal classes of

scientific instruments exported from the United Kingdom in 1930 and 1924, together with the values of similar goods imported and retained. As regards the 1930 figures of production, the deficiencies referred to on page 235 of this report should be borne in mind; the figures for 1924 include the output of the small firms and of the few firms in Northern Ireland.

The production figures represent values "at factory", exports are stated f.o.b. and retained imports c.i.f., and these different bases of valuation should be borne in mind in comparing the figures given under these headings.

	Î.		Particular Property
Kind of goods	Production	Exports	Retained imports
7 1 0 0 0 1 april 7	£'000	£'000	£'000
(1930	1.781	116	213
Optical instruments and appliances \\ 1924	1,259	78	265
Dental, surgical, medical and veterinary instruments and appliances (except optical):—	Totales o	ter column	
Instruments 1930	283	83	6
1924	206	102	36
Appliances, including trusses and 1930	690	129	†
artificial limbs 1924	913	126	12
Aseptic hospital furniture \[ \frac{1930}{1094} \]	112	19	4
Aseptic hospital furniture 1924	65	15	15
Other sorts, including general dental			- more
goods (except dental platinum) but [ 1930	531	210	127
excluding surgical and medical [1924]	496	198	§
bandages	Literargan		<b>国籍的信息联节</b>
Photographic:—	blos ggaltel	SELECTIONS 2	rilaber t
Cameras, complete (including cinema- 1930	415	23*	100
tograph cameras) 1924	133	36*	128*
Cinematograph and projection appara- 1930	218	27*	66*
tus (including magic lanterns) \ 1924	57	14*	27*
Sensitised photographic paper \ \frac{1930}{1024}	1,252 836	468 335	93
1324			110
Sensitised photographic plates and 1930	1,333	489 580	755
films and blank cinematograph films \ 1924	1,107	980	782
Other photographic and cinematograph appliances, not elsewhere 1930	114	129	194
	65	108	AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF
specified (excluding photographic figures) 1924 chemicals and exposed films)	00	100	64
(1030)	19	9	14
Precision balances $\parallel$ $1924$	20	7	5
Causes \$1930	180	20	43
Gauges $\dots \qquad \dots \qquad \dots \qquad 1924$	120	18	18
Mathematical instruments 1930	182	27	11
1924	441	53	9
Slide rules, calculating discs and 1930	6	1	3
eylinders   1924	10	1	3
	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1		CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE

† Re-exports in excess of imports by £69,000.

Re-exports in excess of imports by £107,000.

\* Excluding lenses.

‡ Re-exports in excess of imports by £6,000.

Parts are included in the figures for overseas trade.

¶ Less than £500.

Exports of cameras numbered 22,000 in 1930 and 30,000 in 1924. In the earlier year retained imports numbered 385,000 but in 1930 re-exports exceeded imports by 184,000. From the average values of imports and re-exports in 1930 it is clear that the re-exports consisted mainly of cameras imported prior to that year. It would appear that in 1930 all but a negligible proportion of the cameras available for use in the United Kingdom were of British manufacture; in 1924 only 19 per cent. were of British manufacture.

Imports of optical glass and optical instruments were liable to Key Industry Duty at the rate of  $33\frac{1}{3}$  per cent. ad valorem in 1924; in 1930 the rate of duty was 50 per cent. ad valorem.

Repairs and work done for the trade.—The total amount recorded under these headings for 1930 was £236,000 (including £192,000 for repair work) and for 1924, £299,000 (including £237,000 for repair work).

Other products.—In addition to the output shown in the table of principal products on pages 238-9, the following goods were produced in 1930 and 1924 by firms that made their returns on schedules for the Scientific Instruments, Appliances and Apparatus Trade. These goods are dealt with in the reports on those trades in which the principal output was recorded.

Kind of goods	1930	1924
i Innocor at Meadley as according to	£'000	£'000
Electrical goods and apparatus:—	BOT of all	
Electrical instruments, scientific	154	319
X-ray and other electro-medical apparatus and		CONTROL TO TOMORYSIA
wireless apparatus	36	)
Other electrical goods and appearatus	34	> 527
other electrical goods and apparatus	J# (I	1
Total—Electrical goods and apparatus	994	2010
Total—Electrical goods and apparatus	224	846
Washington and the second of		
Machinery and accessories and other manufactures		
of metal	118	109
Manufactures of wood	18	97
Printing, engraving and manufactures of paper and		
cardboard	***76	21
Other goods made	113	65
	1113	09
Tomas Other medicate	740	: 5 7 705
Total—Other products	549	1,138

### Employment and Wages

**Employment.**—The following table shows the average numbers of persons employed in 1930 and 1924;—

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	Males		Females		Total	
Persons employed	Under 18	All	Under 18	All	Under 18	All
1930 Operatives (average for the year) Administrative, technical and	2,415	13,864	2,135	7,215	4,550	21,079
clerical staff (as at 18th October)	232	2,537	298	1,614	530	4,151
TOTAL	2,647	16,401	2,433	8,829	5,080	25,230
1924 Operatives (average for the year) Administrative, technical and	2,135	12,313	2,652	7,935	4,787	20,248
clerical staff (as at 18th October)	163	2,189	214	1,341	377	3,530
TOTAL	2,298	14,502	2,866	9,276	5,164	23,778
Average number of outworkers :- 1930 1924	4		23		The August Color	19

Wages.—The available information as to the amount of wages paid in 1930 and 1924 is given on pages 210 and 211.

#### Power

The following table shows the capacity of prime movers, electric generators and electric motors ordinarily in use and in reserve or idle in 1930 and 1924:—

Power		1930	e us z dea dege dit	1924			
equipment	Ordinarily in use	In reserve or idle	Total	Ordinarily in use	In reserve or idle	Total	
PRIME MOVERS	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	
Reciprocating steam engines Steam turbines Internal combustion	1,936 365		2,006 365	1,6 <b>3</b> 0 50	108	1,738 50	
engines :— Gas Petrol, kerosene, or	771	55	826	1,580	321	1,901	
other light oils	_	6	6	32		32	
Heavy oils	951	370	1,321	435	400	835	
Water engines	202797	Beat toe	OFFI OFFI	75	-	75	
TOTAL	4,023	501	4,524	3,802	829	4,631	

Power	ediceon	1930		1924			
equipment	Ordinarily in use	In reserve or idle	Total	Ordinarily in use	In reserve or idle	Total	
ELECTRIC GENERATORS Driven by Reciprocating steam	Kw.	Kw.	Kw.	Kw.	Kw.	Kw.	
engines Steam turbines Internal combustion engines :—	1,196 250		1,196 250	726 35	23 —	749 35	
Gas Heavy oils Water engines	210 420 —	29 40 —	239 460 —	512 295 33	88 335 —	600 630 33	
TOTAL	2,076	69	2,145	1,601	446	2,047	
ELECTRIC MOTORS Driven by Electricity generated	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	
in same works Purchased electricity	2,316 12,026	22 1,392	2,338 13,418	2,023 9,996	83 1,110	2,106 11,106	
TOTAL	14,342	1,414	15,756	12,019	1,193	13,212	

## Consumption of fuel

The following table shows the quantities of coal, coke and electricity recorded as used in 1930:—

Kind of fuel used	For power (driving engines)	For other purposes (so far as recorded)	For power and other purposes not separately distinguished
Coal	Tons 1,607 71	Tons 6,950* 4,087*	Tons 9,573
Electricity used for all purposes :— Generated in same works Purchased Total—Elec	box ass	e Ano Loci Pour I escalarno Ano 	B.T.U. (Kwhrs.) '000 3,025 9,990 13,015

<sup>\*</sup> These figures were recorded by firms representing  $86 \cdot 8$  per cent. of the net output of the whole trade.

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#### TABLES

I. Summary of results

. P. 1988 1 20 1 20 1 20 1 20 1 20 1 20 1 20 1				
Particulars Particulars	Unit	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain
Value of goods made and work done	77.M	7 7	TARRE	DA TOTAL SECTION AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF
(Gross output)	£'000	9,519	445	9,964
Cost of materials used	,,	3,825	. 119	3,944
Paid for work given out to other firms	,, 100	23	*	23
Net output	,,	5,671	326	5,997
Average number of persons employed			Surray from 1	mala.
(excluding outworkers)	No.	23,593	1,637	25,230
Net output per person employed (exclud-	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	and the second		aston se
ing outworkers)	£	240	199	238
Power available:—			onstinent	manufacture.
Prime movers	H.P.	4,473	51	4,524
Electric motors driven by purchased	100			F11 575
electricity		11,542	1,876	13,418
OF THE	A STATE OF		conner ma	77.51.750

\* Less than £500.

#### II. Production

Kind of goods made and work done	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain
Optical instruments and appliances:— Lenses (other than spectacle lenses),	£,000	£,000	£'000
prisms, etc., optically worked, sold separately	97	_	97
Telescopes, binoculars and microscopes  Spectacles, pince-nez, etc.:—	*	int acimoli a bahangar	143
Complete	*	*	478
Spectacle lenses, sold separately Frames, mounts and other parts,	*	*	426
sold separately Complete and parts, not separately	*	hear fort to 1	331
distinguished Other optical instruments and appli-	29	_	29
ances (other than photographic)	*	*	252
Total—Optical instruments and appliances	1,587	169	1,756
Dental, surgical, medical and veterinary instruments and appliances (other than optical):—	-1.0000	sing ils sol ins	The substitute of
Instruments	281	2,	283
artificial limbs Aseptic hospital furniture	685 *	*	688 103
Surgical and medical bandages and dressings Other sorts, including general dental	all git thebra	or crest seems	2 8 <b>686</b>
goods (except dental platinum)	*	*	500
Total—Dental, surgical, medical and veterinary instruments and appliances	2,230	30	2,260

Kind of goods made and work done	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain
	6,000	C'000	C'000
Photographic apparatus and appliances: Cameras, complete (including cinema-	£'000	£'000	£'000
tograph cameras) Cinematograph and projection	405†	bergolomia	405†
apparatus (including magic lanterns)	169	s fees to only on	169
Sensitised photographic paper Sensitised photographic plates and films (including blank cinema-	1,211	_	1,211
tograph films)	1,333	: eski	1,333
Other photographic and cinema-	11 818 1		uovidinion.
tograph appliances (other than lenses), not elsewhere specified	95		95
TOTAL—Photographic apparatus and			
appliances	3,213		3,213
Barometers, thermometers, hydro-	PI I	note .	witorelainsi
meters and similar instruments	*	*	510 19
Precision balances	*	*	88‡
Mathematical instruments	174	<del></del>	174
Slide rules, calculating discs and cylinders	6	· ·	6
and surveying instruments, not specified above	109		109
Nautical instruments, not elsewhere included	139	80	219
nstruments for scientific research and experiment, not elsewhere included Other and unclassified scientific instru-	70	- Characterist	<b>-70</b>
ments and apparatus (other than electrical instruments, electro-medical apparatus and wireless valves and	ELOGON BOVE	1.131.224) GEL	
apparatus)	744	A home solution	755
COTAL—Scientific instruments, appliances and apparatus (other than electrical)	8,857	322	9,179
llectrical goods and apparatus:—			
Electrical instruments, scientific	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	188 X * 1199	154
X-ray and other electro-medical apparatus and wireless apparatus	***	* 100	36
Other electrical goods and apparatus	34		34
lachinery and accessories and other	170	THE THE PERSON	110
metal manufactures	118		118
rinting, engraving and manufactures	SITTION	EVALUE GOT	
of paper and cardboard	76	The state of the second	76
ther goods made epair work	113	-	113
ork done for the trade	162§ 38§	30§ 6§	192§ 44§
OTAL VALUE OF GOODS MADE AND		Transcol	
WORK DONE (GROSS OUTPUT)	9,519	445	9,964

<sup>\*</sup> Owing to the possible disclosure of information relating to individual firms, figures can only be given for Great Britain as a whole.

† The number of complete cameras recorded was 1,060,000.

† Of which £49,000 was recorded as the value of 44,335 gauges.

§ Amount received for work done.

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## III. Employment

# A.—Numbers employed in week ended 18th October, 1930 (excluding outworkers)

Persons employed (excluding outworkers)	Males		Females		Males and females	
(Cathaing outworkers)	Under 18	All ages	Under 18	All ages	Under 18	All
England and Wales:— Operatives Administrative, etc.*	2,213 216	12,469 2,346	2,019 278	6,890 1,484	4,232 494	19,359 3,830
TOTAL	2,429	14,815	2,297	8,374	4,726	23,189
Scotland:— Operatives Administrative, etc.*	155 16	1,129 191	75 20	185 130	230 36	1,314 321
TOTAL	171	1,320	95	315	266	1,635
Great Britain:— Operatives Administrative, etc.*	2,368 232	13,598 2,537	2,094 298	7,075 1,614	4,462 530	20,673 4,151
TOTAL	2,600	16,135	2,392	8,689	4,992	24,824

<sup>\*</sup> Administrative, technical and clerical staff.

## B.—Operatives (excluding outworkers) employed in one week in each month of 1930

Week	Male	s and females		Woolr	Males and females		
ended	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain	Week ended	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain
Jan. 18	19,619	1,327	20,946	July 19	20,120	1,331	21,451
Feb. 15	19,854	1,342	21,196	Aug. 16	19,950	1,317	21,267
Mar. 15	19,904	1,334	21,238	Sept. 13	19,695	1,302	20,997
April 12	20,115	1,342	21,457	Oct. 18	19,359	1,314	20,673
May 17	20,329	1,353	21,682	Nov. 15	19,087	1,263	20,350
June 21	20,350	1,350	21,700	Dec. 13	18,778	1,212	19,990
AVERAGE 1	FOR THE 7	TWELVE M	ONTHS		19,763	1,316	21,079

### C.—Numbers of outworkers at two specified periods in 1930

January			LONE TH	July	
Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total
41	7	48	43	7	50

All the outworkers were recorded for England and Wales.

### IV. Power

# PARTICULARS OF PRIME MOVERS, ELECTRIC GENERATORS AND ELECTRIC MOTORS

330300000000000000000000000000000000000	1		101010	Town In		
Power	Englar Wa		Scot	land	Gre Brita	
equipment	Ordinarily in use	In reserve or idle	Ordinarily in use	In reserve or idle	Ordinarily in use	In reserve or idle
Court with the best of	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.
PRIME MOVERS Reciprocating steam engines Steam turbines Internal combustion engines :—	1,936 365	70	=		1,936 365	70
Gas Petrol, kerosene, or	726	55	45	200 <u>2-</u> 1576	771	55
other light oils Heavy oils	951	370	_	6	— 951	6 370
TOTAL	3,978	495	45	6	4,023	501
TOTAL OF PRIME MOVERS INSTALLED	4,473		51		4,524	
ELECTRIC GENERATORS	Kw.	Kw.	Kw.	Kw.	Kw.	Kw.
Driven by Reciprocating steam engines Steam turbines Internal combustion engines :—	1,196 250	Ξ.	_		1,196 250	_
Gas Heavy oils	195 420	20 40	15 —	9	210 420	29 40
TOTAL	2,061	60	15	9	2,076	69
TOTAL OF ELECTRIC GENERATORS INSTALLED	2,12	21	24		2,145	
ELECTRIC MOTORS Driven by	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.
Electricity generated in same works Purchased electricity	2,312 10,459	22 1,083	1,567	309	2,316 12,026	22 1,392
TOTAL	12,771	1,105	1,571	309	14,342	1,414
TOTAL OF ELECTRIC MOTORS INSTALLED	13,87	6	1,88	0	15,75	6

## V. Consumption of fuel

Kind of fuel used	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain
Coal used for power* Coke used for power	Tons 1,607 71	Tons —	Tons 1,607 71
Electricity used for all purposes :-	B.T.U. (Kwhrs.)	B.T.U. (Kwhrs.)	B.T.U. (Kwhrs.)
Generated in same works Purchased	3,014 8,820	11 1,170	3,025 9,990
Total—Electricity	11,834	1,181	13,015

<sup>\*</sup> In addition, 9,573 tons of coal (all in England and Wales) were recorded as used for power and for other purposes, not separately distinguished.