## THE LINOLEUM AND OILCLOTH TRADE

Note.-For information regarding the scope of the Census, instructions given to firms for making returns and definitions of the terms used in this report, reference should be made to the Introductory Notes on pages $v$ to xviii.

## Introductory

This trade comprises firms that were engaged wholly or mainly in the manufacture of linoleum, oilcloth, artificial leather and the like. The following table shows the main results of the Censuses of 1930 and 1924. The particulars for both years are believed to cover all important firms engaged in the manufacture of these goods.


[^0]$\dagger$ Not available.
One firm to which a schedule was sent at the 1930 Census and two at that of 1924 furnished no information; these firms had small businesses and their omission has no appreciable effect on the results.

Size of firms.-In the following table the main particulars recorded at the Census of 1930 are grouped according to the average numbers of persons shown in the returns :-

| Size of firm (average numbers employed) | Number of returns | Gross output | Net output | Average number of persons employed | Net output per person employed |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | £'000 | £'000 | No. | £ |
| 11-49 | 8 | 233 | 95 | 273 | 350 |
| 50-99 | 6 | 332 | 104 | 447 | 234 |
| 100-199 | 7 | 770 | 239 | 992 | 241 |
| 200-399 | 4 | 880 | 348 | 1,058 | 329 |
| 500-999 ... | 3 | 1,639 | 735 | 2,082 | 353 |
| 1,000 and over ... | 4 | 5,110 | 2,035 | 8,001 | 254 |
| Total ... | 32 | 8,964 | 3,556 | 12,853 | 277 |

Regional distribution.-In the following table the results recorded at the Censuses of 1930 and 1924 are grouped according to the principal areas* of Great Britain in which firms in this trade are situated :-


Northern Ireland.-No production of linoleum, oilcloth, etc., was recorded in Northern Treland for 1930 or 1924.

## Production

Principal products. - The following table shows the quantity and value of linoleum, oilcloth, etc., made in 1930 and 1924 :-

| Kind of goods | 1930 |  |  |  |  |  | 1924 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Returned on schedules for |  |  |  |  |  | Total |  |
|  | The Linoleum and Oilcloth Trade |  |  | All trades |  |  |  |  |
|  | Quantity | Value | Entries | Quantity | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fnt- } \\ & \text { ries } \end{aligned}$ | Quantity | Value |
| Linoleum :- <br> Inlaid <br> (Tons) <br> Other <br> (Tons) <br> Cork carpet <br> (Tons) <br> Oilcloth | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Th. } \\ & \text { sq. yds. } \end{aligned}$ | $£^{\prime} 000$ | No. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Th. } \\ \text { sq. yds. } \end{gathered}$ | £'000 | No. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Th. } \\ \text { sq. yds. } \end{gathered}$ | £'000 |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 13,981 \\ (29,876) \end{gathered}$ | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} 2,117 \\ 3,070 \end{array}\right.$ | 7 | $\begin{gathered} 13,981 \\ (29,876) \\ 33,340 \end{gathered}$ | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} 2,117 \\ 3,070 \end{array}\right.$ | 7 | $\begin{gathered} 10,518 \\ (27,940) \end{gathered}$ | \} 2,191 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 33,340 \\ & (56,143) \end{aligned}$ |  | 15 |  |  | 15 | $\begin{gathered} 46,022 \\ (76,860) \end{gathered}$ | \} 5,067 |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 664 \\ (2,041) \\ 22,795 \end{gathered}$ | \} 127 | 7 | $\begin{gathered} (50,143) \\ 664 \\ (2,041) \\ 22,823 \end{gathered}$ | $\{127$ | 7 | $\left.\begin{array}{r} (76,860) \\ 704 \\ (1,970) \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | \} 150 |
|  |  | 1,213 | 12 |  | 1,214 | 13 | 52,840* | 3,907* |
| Artificial leather and the like | 29,187 | 2,129 | 10 | 29,325 | 2,141 |  |  |  |
| Felt base floor covering $\dagger$... | 7,451 | 298 | 7 | 8,724 | 349 | 8 |  |  |
| Total-Principal products | ... | 8,954 | ... | ... | 9,018 | $\ldots$ | ... | 11,315 |
| * Oilcloth for upholstery and all other purposes. $\dagger$ So far as separately recorded. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^1]Prices.-The average selling values of linoleum, oilcloth, etc., in 1930 and 1924, as calculated from the Census returns, are shown in the following table. It should be borne in mind that these comparisons do not take account of any changes that may have occurred since the earlier year in the quality or type of goods included under the specified descriptions.

| Kind of goods | Average value |  | 1930 as a percentage of 1924 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1930 | 1924 |  |
|  | £ | £ | Per cent. |
| Linoleum :- per thous sq. yds. |  |  |  |
| Inlaid $\quad \ldots\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { per thous. sq. yds. } \\ \text { per ton ... }\end{array}\right.$ | 151.4 70.9 | $208 \cdot 4$ 78.4 | $\begin{aligned} & 72 \cdot 6 \\ & 90 \cdot 4 \end{aligned}$ |
| pper thous. sq. yds. | $92 \cdot 1$ | $110 \cdot 1$ | $83 \cdot 7$ |
| Other $\quad . .\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { per } \begin{array}{l}\text { pen ... }\end{array} . . .\end{array}\right.$ | $54 \cdot 7$ | 65.9 | $83 \cdot 0$ |
| Cork carpet ... $\{$ per thous. sq. yds. | $191 \cdot 6$ | $212 \cdot 6$ $76 \cdot 0$ | $90 \cdot 1$ |
| Cork carpet $\cdots$. ${ }_{\text {per ton ... }}^{\text {per }}$ (.. | ${ }_{53}{ }^{62 \cdot 2}$ | $76 \cdot 0$ |  |
| Oilcloth _.. per thous. sq. yds. | $53 \cdot 2$ |  |  |
| Artificial leather and the like... | $73 \cdot 0\} 60 \cdot 8$ | 73•9* | $82 \cdot 3$ |
| Felt base floor covering ... | $40 \cdot 0$ |  |  |

* Oilcloth for upholstery and all other purposes.

Volume of production in 1930 and 1924.-The following table compares the volume of production of linoleum, oilcloth, etc., in 1930 and 1924, the revaluation of the output figures for 1924 being based on the average values per 1,000 square yards.

| Kind of goods | Total production |  |  | 1930as a percentage of 1924 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1930 | 1924 |  |  |
|  | $\stackrel{\mathrm{As}}{\text { returned }}$ | $\underset{\text { returned }}{\text { As }}$ | At 1930 average values |  |
|  | £'000 | $£^{\prime} 000$ | £'000 | Per cent. |
| Linoleum :Inlaid | 2,117 | 2,191 | 1,591 | 133 |
| Onlaid ... | 3,070 | 5,067 | 4,241 | 72 |
| Cork carpet $\ldots$... $\ldots$... $\ldots$ | 127 | 150 | 135 | 94 |
| Oilcloth ... $\ldots$ | 1,214 2141 , 704 |  |  |  |
| Artificial leather and the like... Felt base floor covering | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 2,141 \\ 349 \end{array}\right\} 3,704$ | 3,907* | 3,215 | 115 |
| Total | 9,018 | 11,315 | 9,182 | 98 |

[^2]On the basis of superficial measurement, the volume of production in 1930 was less by about 2 per cent. than in 1924 . If, for linoleum and cork carpet, the weight of the goods is taken as the basis of revaluation, the total for 1924 would be increased to $£ 9,525,000$, the decline in 1930 in this case being about 5 per cent.

Production, exports and imports.-The following table shows, in relation to production, the quantities of the principal classes of linoleum, oilcloth, etc., exported from the United Kingdom in 1930 and 1924 , together with the quantities imported and retained.

| Kind of goods | Production | Exports | Proportion of production exported | Retained imports | Available for use in the United Kingdom | Share of home market held by British products |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Per cent. |  |  | Per cent. |
| Linoleum :- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\text { Inlaid }\left\{\begin{array}{l} 1930 \\ 1924 \end{array}\right\} \begin{gathered} \text { The } \\ \text { Th. sq. yds. } \\ \text { Tons } \end{gathered}$ | 29,876 | 6,616 | $22 \cdot 1$ | 615 | 23,875 | $97 \cdot 4$ |
|  | 10,518 | 3,595 | $34 \cdot 2$ | 15 | 6,938 | $99 \cdot 8$ |
|  | 27,940 | 8,275 | $29 \cdot 6$ | 50 | 19,715 | $99 \cdot 7$ |
| \}Th.sq.yds. | 33,340 | 9,837 | $29 \cdot 5$ | 1,664 | 25,167 | $93 \cdot 4$ |
| 1930 Tons | 56,143 | 16,221 | $28 \cdot 9$ | 3,289 | 43,211 | $92 \cdot 4$ |
| Other $\{1924$ Th.sq.yds. | 46,022 76860 | 18,169 28,679 | $39 \cdot 5$ $37 \cdot 3$ | 1,450 | 29,303 50,426 | $95 \cdot 1$ $95 \cdot 5$ |
| 1924 ${ }^{\text {chens }}$ | 76,860 | 28,679 | $37 \cdot 3$ | 2,245 | 50,426 | 95.5 |
| 1930 $\left\{\begin{array}{c}\text { Th. sq. yds. } \\ \text { Tons }\end{array}\right.$ | 664 2,041 | $\begin{array}{r}97 \\ 221 \\ \hline 25\end{array}$ | $14 \cdot 6$ $10 \cdot 8$ | * | 567 1820 | $100 \cdot 0$ $100 \cdot 0$ |
| Cork $\left.{ }^{1930}\right\}^{19} \begin{gathered}\text { Tons } \\ \text { Th. sq. } \mathrm{y} \text { ds. }\end{gathered}$ | 2,041 704 | 221 256 | $10 \cdot 8$ $36 \cdot 4$ | 15 | 1,820 463 | $100 \cdot 0$ 96.8 |
| carpet 1924 \{ Tons | 1,970 | 455 | $23 \cdot 1$ | 21 | 1,536 | $98 \cdot 6$ |
| Oilcloth $\{1930$ Th. sq. yds. | 60,872 $\dagger$ | 12,143 | $19 \cdot 9$ | 6,295 | 55,024 | $88 \cdot 6$ |
| Oilcoth $\{1924$ Th.sq.yds. | 52,840 | 15,862 | $30 \cdot 0$ | 1,132 | 38,110 | $97 \cdot 0$ |

* Re-exports in excess of imports.
$\dagger$ Including artificial leather and felt base floor covering.

Other products.-In addition to the output shown in the table of principal products on page 292 , other goods valued at $£ 10,000$ in 1930 and $£ 25,000$ in 1924 were produced by firms that made their returns on schedules for the Linoleum and Oilcloth Trade. These goods are dealt with in the reports on those trades in which the principal output was recorded.

## Employment and Wages

Employment.-The following table shows the average numbers of persons employed in 1930 and 1924 :-

| Persons employed | Males |  | Females |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ 18 \end{gathered}$ | All <br> ages | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ 18 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { ages } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & 18 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { ages } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1930 Operatives (average for the year) | 855 | 10,755 | 97 | 889 | 952 | 11,644 |
| Administrative, technical and clerical staff (as at 18th October) | 67 | 985 | 14 | 224 | 81 | 1,209 |
| Total | 922 | 11,740 | 111 | 1,113 | 1,033 | 12,853 |
| 1924 <br> Operatives (average for the year) | 1,300 | 10,119 | 230 | 1,215 | 1,530 | 11,334 |
| Administrative, technical and clerical staff (as at 18th October) | 73 | 844 | 13 | 177 | 86 | 1,021 |
| Total | 1,373 | 10,963 | 243 | 1,392 | 1,616 | 12,355 |

Wages.-The available information as to the amount of wages paid in 1930 and 1924 is given on pages 210 and 211.

## Power

The following table shows the capacity of prime movers, electric generators and electric motors ordinarily in use and in reserve or idle in 1930 and 1924 :-

| Power equipment | 1930 |  |  | 1924 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ordinarily in use | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { In } \\ \text { reserve } \\ \text { or idle } \end{array}$ | Total | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Ordinarily } \\ \text { in use } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { In } \\ \text { reserve } \\ \text { or idle } \end{array}$ | Total |
| Prive movers | H.P. | H.P. | H.P. | н.Р. | H.P. | H.P. |
| $\begin{array}{cr}\text { Reciprocating } & \text { steam } \\ \text { engines } & \ldots \\ \ldots\end{array}$ | 17,001 | 4,301 | 21,302 | 21,805 | 4,939 | 26,744 |
| Steam turbines ... | 14,840 | 4,900 | 19,740 | 8,934 | - | 8,934 |
| Internal combustion engines :- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gas ... ... ... | 45 | 73 | 118 | 130 | 28 | 158 |
| Petrol, kerosene, or other light oils ... |  | 22 | 22 | 22 | - | 22 |
| Heary oils ... ... | 107 | 1,000 | 1,107 | 160 | 1,250 | 1,410 |
| Water engines | 190 | 1,00 | 190 | 178 | 120 | 198 |
| Total ... | 32,183 | 10,296 | 42,479 | 31,229 | 6,237 | 37,466 |


| Power equipment | 1930 |  |  | 1924 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ordinarily in use | In reserve or idle | Total | Ordinarily in use | In reserve or idle | Total |
| Electric generators Driven by | Kw. | Kw. | Kw. | Kw. | Kw. | Kw. |
| Reciprocating steam engines | 2,072 | 1,223 | 3,295 | 2,599 | 1,158 | 3,757 |
| Steam turbines | 11,125 | 3,675 | 14,800 | 5,752 |  | 5,752 |
| Internal combustion engines :- <br> Gas | 29 | 29 | 58 | - | - | - |
| Petrol, kerosene, or other light oils | $\begin{array}{r} \\ - \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 19 | 19 | 19 |  | 19 |
| Heavy oils ... | 33 | 680 | 713 | - | 820 | 820 |
| Water engines ... | 10 | 16 | 26 | 10 | 21 | 31 |
| Total ... ... | 13,269 | 5,642 | 18,911 | 8,380 | 1,999 | 10,379 |
| Electric motors Driven by | H.P. | H.P. | H.P. | H.P. | H.P. | H.P. |
| Electricity generated in same works ... | 25,531 | 2,428 | 27,959 | 14,039 | 1,253 | 15,292 |
| Purchased electricity | 12,057 | 333 | 12,390 | 5,326 | 434 | 5,760 |
| Total ... | 37,588 | 2,761 | 40,349 | 19,365 | 1,687 | 21,052 |

## Consumption of fuel

The following table shows the quantities of coal, coke and electricity recorded as used in 1930 :-

|  | Kind of fuel used |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

[^3]
## TABLES

I. Summary of results

| Particulars | Unit | England and Wales | Scotland | Great <br> Britain |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Value of goods made (Gross output) ... | $£^{\prime} 000$ | 5,627 | 3,337 | 8,964 |
| Cost of materials used ... ... ... | ", | 3,430 | 1,975 | 5,405 |
| Paid for work given out to other firms... | ", | 3 |  | 3 |
| Net output |  | 2,194 | 1,362 | 3,556 |
| Average number of persons employed... | No. | 8,332 | 4,521 | 12,853 |
| Net output per person employed ... | £ | 263 | 301 | 277 |
| Power available :- |  |  |  |  |
| Prime movers ... ... ... ... | H.P. | 25,141 | 17,338 | 42,479 |
| Electric motors driven by purchased electricity | " | 7,736 | 4,654 | 12,390 |

II. Production


* Owing to the possible disclosure of information relating to individual firms, separate particulars for England and Wales and for Scotland cannot be given.


## IV. Power

Particulars of prime movers, electric generators and electric MOTORS

| Power equipment | England and Wales |  | Scotland |  | Great Britain |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ordinarily in use | $\begin{gathered} \text { In } \\ \text { reserve } \\ \text { or idle } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Ordinarily } \\ \text { in use } \end{array}$ | In reserve or idle | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Ordinarily } \\ \text { in use } \end{gathered}\right.$ | In <br> In reserve or idle |
| Prime movers | H.P. | H.P. | H.P. | H.P. | H.P. | H.P. |
| Reciprocating $\begin{gathered}\text { steam } \\ \text { engines }\end{gathered}$... $\quad \ldots$ | 11,763 | 3,371 | 5,238 | 930 | 17,001 | 4,301 |
| Steam turbines ... | 8,470 | 100 | 6,370 | 4,800 | 14,840 | 4,900 |
| Internal combustion engines :- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gas ... ... ... | 45 | 73 | - | - | 45 | 73 |
| Petrol, kerosene, or other light oils ... | - | 22 | - | - | - | 22 |
| Heavy oils ... ... | 107 | 1,000 |  | - | 107 | 1,000 |
| Water engines ... | 190 |  | - |  | 190 |  |
| Total .. | 20,575 | 4,566 | 11,608 | 5,730 | 32,183 | 10,296 |
| Total of prime movers installed | 25,141 |  | 17,338 |  | 42,479 |  |
| Electric generators | Kw. | Kw. | Kw. | Kw. | Kw. | Kw. |
| Driven by Reciprocating steam |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Steam turbines $\ldots$ | 6,275 | 75 | 4,850 | 3,600 | 11,125 | 3,675 |
| Internal combustion engines :Gas |  |  | - | - |  |  |
| Petrol, kerosene, or other light oils | 29 | 29 |  |  | 29 | 29 |
|  |  | 19 | - | - | - | 19 |
| Heavy oils ... | 33 | 680 |  | - | 33 | 680 |
| Water engines ... | 10 | 16 | - | - | 10 | 16 |
| Total | 6,864 | 1,542 | 6,405 | 4,100 | 13,269 | 5,642 |
| Total of electric GENERATORS INSTALLED | 8,406 |  | 10,505 |  | 18,911 |  |
| Electric motors Driven by Electricity generated in same works ... Purchased electricity | н.Р. | H.P. | H.P. | H.P. | Н.P. | н.Р. |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 11,998 | 819 | 13,533 | 1,609 | 25,531 | 2,428 |
|  | 7,566 | 170 | 4,491 | 163 | 12,057 | 333 |
| Total ... | 19,564 | 989 | 18,024 | 1,772 | 37,588 | 2,761 |
| Total of elettrio motors installed | 20,553 |  | 19,796 |  | 40,349 |  |

## V. Consumption of fuel



* In addition, 2,000 tons of coal (all in England and Wales) were recorded as used for power and for other purposes, not separately distinguished.


[^0]:    * Not ascertained.

[^1]:    * For particulars see page xviii

[^2]:    * Oilcloth for upholstery and all other purposes.

[^3]:    *These figures were recorded by firms representing 76.6 per cent. of the net output of the whole trade.

