

# BOARD OF TRADE

# THE REPORT on the CENSUS OF PRODUCTION FOR 1951

Volume 7

Trade F

LEATHER GOODS

Presented by the Board of Trade to Parliament in pursuance of the Statistics of Trade Act, 1947 (10 & 11 Geo. 6, Ch. 39, Sec. 7).

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\* Not applicable to this trade

(82953)

# LEATHER GOODS TRADE

THIS REPORT on the Leather Goods Trade relates to establishments engaged wholly or mainly in the manufacture of trunks, suitcases, hand-bags, pocket books, belts, straps, harness, saddlery and other goods (except clothing) of leather and leather substitutes.

This trade corresponds to minimum list heading 131 in the Standard Industrial classification.

> IMPORTANT NOTES and definitions appear on the inside of the back cover of this report. In interpreting the data in the following tables, it is essential to bear these in mind.

# LEATHER GOODS TRADE

Summary

Larger establishments (a)

TABLE 1

	Uni	ted Kingdom		Great E	Britain	United	Kingdom
	1951	1950	1949	1949(b)	1948	1937	1935
	£,000	£'000	£,000	£,000	· £.000	£,000	£,000
Gross output (production) (c)	17.122	15, 46 4	13,387		12,449	6.718	5.676
Cost of materials and fuel used (d)	9,708	8,597	7.338		6,248	3,666	3,067
Payment for work done on materials given out Transport payments (e)	41 185	88	89	••	64	10	14
Net output Wages and salaries of persons employed	7.187 4.477	6.778 4.106	5,960 3,741		6.137 3.557	3,042	2,595
Average number of persons employed (f)	No. 17.346 £	No. 16,871	No. 15.725	No. •. £	No. 15,138	No. 19,289	No. 17.816
Net output per person employed (f)	414 £'000	402 £'000	379 £'000	£'000	405 £'000	158 £'000	146 £'000
Stocks at end of year	£ 000	£ 000	£ 000	£ 000	£ 000	£ 000	£ 000
Products on hand for sale and work in progress Materials and fuel	1,137 2,540 No.	933 2, 205 No.	815 1,857 No.	No.	869 1,988 No.	No.	No.
Number of establishments	349	338	340		330		323

The values of gross output and of materials and fuel used are derived in the following way:-

	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000
Output of firms in this trade (g)							
Principal products (h) Other output (i)	16.135 798	15.448	13,547	{	11.800 646	6.191 527	5.210 466
Changes in stocks and work in progress (j)	+ 188	+ 118	- 82		+ 61		
	17,122	15,566	13,465		12,507	6.718	5,676
Less payment for transport outwards (e)	••	103	78	••	58		
Gross output (production)	17.122	15, 464	13,387	••	12,449	6.718	5.676
Materials and fuel used by firms in this trade							
Purchases Changes in stocks (j)	10.016 - 307	8.922 - 324	7.195 + 144	••	6.108	3.666	3,067
Materials and fuel used	9.708	8,597	7.338	••	6.248	3,666	3,067

(a) For small firms' summary see Table 2.

(b) Owing to the risk of disclosure of information relating to individual firms in Northern Ireland separate particulars for Great Britain cannot be given.

(c) Gross output for 1951 includes payments to other firms and undertakings and to firms' own separate transport organisations for transport services. For other years payments for transport services outwards on finished goods sold are excluded.

(d) Amounts paid for delivery services are excluded for 1951 but included for other years.

(e) Payments to other firms and undertakings and to firms' own separate transport organisations. For 1951 they cover payments for transport of both goods sold and materials and fuel purchased. For other years payments cover only transport outwards of finished goods sold.

(f) Excluding outworkers but including working proprietors. For an estimate of the total number of persons employed in this trade see Table 3.

(g) Total value of sales (1951, 1950, 1949 and 1948) or production for sale (1937 and 1935). (h) For details for 1951 and 1948 see Table 8.

(i) For details for 1951 and 1948 see Table 10.

(j) For details for 1951 see Table 21.

TABLE 2

Small firms (a)

Summary

	Great Britain		United Kingdom	Great Britain	
go ( to remine)	1951	1950	1949	1949	1948
Number of returns	789	779	911	852	922
Average number of persons employed (b)			3. 7 27 7 49		
Males	1,798	1.822	2,041	1,956	2,211
Females	1.279	1,192	1,261	1,241	1,310
Total	3,077	3,014	3,302	3,197	3,521

(a) Small firms (employing on the average ten or fewer persons) that made satisfactory returns. No information about small firms was collected in Northern Ireland for 1951 or 1950.

(b) Including working proprietors.

# Estimated average employment (a)

#### All firms

TABLE 3

Number

The deposit of the second of t	United Kingdom			Great Britain		
232   250   250   250 V V V	1951	1950	1949	1949	1948	
As returned by firms				1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	C du Can	
Employing on the average more than ten persons (b) Employing on the average ten or fewer persons (d)	17,346 3,077(e)	16,871 3,014(e)	15.725	(c) 3,197	15,138 3,521	
Estimated average employment in firms not making	20,423	19.885	19,027	(c)	18,659	
satisfactory returns	310	259	293	293	405	
Estimated average employment in all firms	20,733(e)	20,144(e)	19,320	(c)	19,064	

(a) Including working proprietors.

(b) See Tables 13(iv) and 14. (c) Owing to the risk of disclosure of information relating to individual firms in Northern Ireland separate

particulars cannot be given.

(d) See Table 2.

(e) Excluding any small firms in Northern Ireland.

## Analysis by size, 1951

# Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

#### TABLE 4

Average				1				
number employed	Establish- ments	Gross output	Net output	Persons employed	Operatives	Other employees (a)	Total	Net output per person employed
marina estado	No.	£,000	£'000	No.	€.000	£,000	£'000	£
11 - 24	125	2,037	938	2,213	448	136	584	424
25 - 49	106	3,723	1.512	3,681	7 47	209	9 56	411
50 - 99	81	5,000	2.078	5.524	1,042	340	1.382	376
100 - 199	30	3,814	1,585	3.971	740	216	956	399
200 - 499	7	2.548	1,075	1.957	420	178	599	549
Total	349	17.122	7,187	17.346	3,398	1.079	4,477	414

(a) Administrative, technical and clerical employees.

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# Analysis by standard region, 1951 Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

TABLE 5

		29.01	Net o	utput		F	Remuneration		Net output
Region	Estab- lish- ments	Gross output	Value	Percent- age of total	Persons employed	Operatives	Other employees (a)	Total	per person employed
21.00 PM 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	No.	£,000	£,000		No.	£'000	£,000	£,000	£
England and Northern Ireland		5.94							Larest 14
Northern	15	577	263	3.7	1,055	167	6.5	232	249
East and West Ridings	11	778	279	3.9	721	135	34	170	387
North Midland	7	291	111	1.5	352	71	15	86	314
Eastern	14	583	229	3.2	642	115	33	148	3 57
London and South Eastern	156	7.967	3,386	47.1	6,689	1,545	485	2,030	506
Southern; and Northern Ireland	11	442	166	2.3	475	78	24	102	350
South Western	10	333	147	2.1	366	58	24	82	402
Midland	78	3,293	1.423	19.8	3.782	638	229	868	376
North Western	26	1.836	792	11.0	1.955	362	102	464	405
Total England and Northern Ireland	328	16,101	6.796	94.5	16,037	3.170	1,012	4.182	424
Wales	7	336	170	2.4	529	87	28	115	321
Scotland	14	685	222	3.1	780	142	38	180	284
United Kingdom	349	17,122	7,187	100.0	17.346	3,398	1,079	4.477	414

(a) Administrative, technical and clerical employees.

TABLE 6 - Analysis according to specialisation within the trade, 1951

Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

No specialisation within this trade was distinguished.

TABLE 7 - Total make of intermediate products: Larger establishments

This table is not applicable to the trade.

# Sales of the principal products of the trade, including sales of these products by establishments classified to other trades

Larger establishments

TABLE 8

	Uni	ted Kingdom 1951		Great B	
and the same of th	Quantity	Value	Entries	Quantity	Value
Travel goods (a)	Gross	£,000	No.	Gross	£,000
Trunks of all kinds (b)	283	204	17 {	359	196
Carrying cases of all kinds, including school satchels	I hammone o				
Wholly or mainly of leather	5,658	1,223	99 {	4,438	773 169
Wholly or mainly of fibre	17.892	1.708	31 {	8.703	980 75
Of other materials (b)	8,213	1.078	65	4.365	689
Carrying bags of all kinds, other than sports bags	manufaction of				
Wholly or mainly of leather	1,915	333	45	928	202
Of other materials (b)	29,513	1,980	81 {	8.357	9 4 5 1 4 2
Total travel goods	-	6.525			4, 205
Ladies hand-bags, pochettes and sling bags (a)					
Of leather	3,515	1,130	72	4,174	1,350
Of plastic materials	36,574	2,716	90 {	14.956	1,153
Of other materials resembling leather (c)	10.647	935	38 {	14.440	1.243 236
Wallets, note-cases, purses, pocket books and the like			1	a had	236
Of leather	32,912	1.166	100 {	25.419	799 111
Of materials resembling leather (c)	46.416	440	35 {	4.933	54 18
Beauty and manicure cases and the like $(a)$	3,525	279	34 {	4.225	188
Other fancy goods				d paragratisms	34
Wholly or mainly of leather		831	74		- 417
Of materials resembling leather (c)		145	27	Washington of Page	162
Saddlery and harness		297	31	the rest of	320
eather braces, dog collars, dog harness, leads and whips		405	43		313
Straps and belts		400	40	Actions 1 . 1 a way	313
Luggage straps of leather	6.372	71	28 {	4.330	45 49
Watch straps of leather	64,917	676	25 {	32,209	325
Other straps and belts of leather or leather					48
substitutes	91.970	919	95 {	54,914	528
otor and cycle accessories (e.g., cycle bags and radiator muffs)	31,412	660	24 {	16,348	408

TABLE 8 (contd.)

	Uni	ted Kingdom 1951	Great Britain 1948		
	Quantity	Value	Entries	Quantity	Value
Other leather goods (except apparel, machinery	ned Samuel	£,000	No.		£,000
belting and sports goods)		376	20		377
Scrap and waste products		18	61		6
Repair work (d)		38	77		61
Work done for the trade or on commission (d)		120	25		109
Total		17,745			12,784
Sales in other trades (see Table 9)		1,610	)		984
Principal products of this trade sold by establishments in the trade		16,135	335	let Lines	11,800

(a) The value of toilet articles and similar fittings purchased for dressing cases, hand-bags, etc. is included.
(b) Excluding goods of metal, wood, plastic or matting made by establishments in other trades.
(c) The 1951 figures may include goods of materials not resembling leather made in this trade.
(d) Amount charged.

# Sales of principal products of the trade by establishments classified to other trades

#### Larger establishments

TABLE 9

	Unit	ted Kingdom 1951		Great Br 194	
	Quantity	Value	Entries	Quantity	Value
and the second s	Gross	£'000	No.	Gross	£.000
Travel goods					
Trunks of all kinds	-	-	- {	1	2 3
Carrying cases of all kinds, including school satchels					
Wholly or mainly of leather	392	84	8 {	310	39 18
Of other materials including fibre	2,209	182	5 {	380	76 6
Carrying bags of all kinds, other than sports bags	4. 59 2	459	10 {	855	160 22
Total travel goods		725	••		326
Ladies hand-bags, pochettes and sling bags	533	39	{	1,830	98
Wallets, note-cases, purses, pocket books and the like	32,166	337	9 {	1,616	14 69
Other fancy goods of leather or materials resembling leather		114	7		92
Saddlery and harness, leather braces, dog collars, dog harness, leads and whips		88			77
Straps and belts of leather or leather substitutes	8.056	78	12	7,357	56 29
Motor and cycle accessories (e.g., cycle bags and radiator muffs)	6.229	194	7 {	4,918	140
ther leather goods (except apparel, machinery belting and sports goods)		34	7	•••	62
Repair work and work done for the trade or on commission		•	-	< •	6 (a)
Total		1,610			984

(a) Amount charged.

(82953)

Sales in the trade of other than principal products Larger establishments

	United K. 195		Great Br 1948			
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value		
Sports requisites	List. Winner	£'000 45		£'000 79		
Gloves, industrial, wholly or partly of leather	Th.doz.prs.	77				
Other leather goods (clothing, gloves (other than industrial), boots and shoes, machinery belting,		F1.5	}	144		
etc.)	1799 ··	109				
Plastic goods and fancy articles		149	}	385		
Other goods		354				
Work done (a)		64	100 C 400 C 400 C 400 C	38		
Total		798		6 4 6		

(a) Amount charged.

# Production, exports and imports of certain principal products (a)

TABLE 11

	and the same of	Production (b)(c)	Exports (d)	Retained imports (e)
Ladies hand-bags, pochettes and sling bags		Gross	Gross	Gross
Of leather	{ 1951 1948	3.515 4.174	39 1 486	7 <b>4</b> 68
Of materials resembling leather	{ 1951 1948	10,647(f) 17,158(f)(g) £'000	961 340 £'000	766 78
Travel goods (excluding sports bags) and wallets, note-cases, purses, pocket books and the like of leather and materials resembling leather	{1951 1948	8,131 5,186	1.195 771	£'000 68(h) 32(h)
Other fancy goods		Special X Postul		21645714
Wholly or mainly of leather	{ 1951 1948	831 417	302 114	1 2
Of materials resembling leather	${1951 \atop 1948}$	145 162	45 22	1
Saddlery and harness	{ 1951 1948	297 320	153 117	1

(a) Figures of production (sales) refer only to larger establishments in the United Kingdom (1951) or Great Britain (1948). All recorded exports from and imports into the United Kingdom are given in the Table. The figures, therefore, are not strictly comparable.
(b) Sales.
(c) Including production (sales) by establishments classified to other trades.
(d) Valued f.o.b.
(e) Valued c.i.f.
(f) Excluding handbage of plastic materials.

(f) Excluding handbags of plastic materials.(g) Partly estimated.(h) Excluding fibre suitcases and similar articles of fibre.

# Usage of certain specified purchased materials, 1951

# Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

TABLE 12

Materials used	Quantity
Woven cotton cloth	Th.sq.yds. 2,463
Hardwood	Th.cu.ft.
Softwood	34

TABLE 13

Employment in September

Larger establishments (a)

	1	United Kingdom			Britain	United Kingdom	
	1951(b)	1950(b)	1949(Ь)	1949(c)	1948 (d)	1937 (d)	1935(d)
Males	C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C -	500	477		453	1.309	1,243
Under 18 All ages	503 4.609	599 4.562	4.278		4.244	5.743	5,369
Females Under 18 All ages	1.398	1.493 10.339	1.225 9.649	1	1.244 8.832	4.154 11.436	3,387 10,387
Total Under 18 All ages	1,901	2.092 14.901	1.702 13.927	::	1.697 13.076	5.463 17.179	4.630 15.756

	U	United Kingdom			Great Britain		United Kingdom	
	1951	1950	1949	1949(c)	1948	1937	1935	
Males Under 18 All ages	22 1.159	1.144	8 1.163		11 1,120	68 1.200	58 1.173	
Females Under 18 All ages	145	150 943	122 914	•	95 850	221 910	177 887	
Total	barker to he	1 birmansada	100	steel to a	106	289	235	
Under 18 All ages	167 2.167(f)	194 2.087(f)	130 2,077(f)	\$ \$ 200 E S \$ 500	1.970(f)	2.110	2.060	

TABLE 13 (contd.)

	United Kingdom			Great I	Britain	United Kingdom	
	1951	1950	1949	1949(c)	1948	1937	1935
Males	laboratezak		manifestation to trans	and the second s	10 10 10 10 TO		
Under 18	525	643	485		46 4	1,377	1,301
All ages	5.768	5,706	5,441	a Tradition of	5.364	6,943	6.542
Females							The State of the S
Under 18	1,543	1,643	1,347		1,339	4.375	3,564
All ages	11.465	11,282	10,563		9,682	12,346	11.274
Total		actions of the	land -				
Under 18	2,068	2,286	1,832		1.803	5.752	4.865
All ages	17,233(f)	16.988(f)	16,004(f)		15.046(f)	19,289	17,816

(a) Excluded employees. The following persons were employed at the larger establishments in this trade in 1951 but are not included in the above tables or in any other Census of Production report (employees in Great Britain engaged, for example, in merchanting and in Northern Ireland canteen and welfare workers):-

> 1 Male 46 Males Canteen workers Other workers

100 Females 19 Females

(b) In week ended September 22, 1951, September 30, 1950, and September 24, 1949.

(c) Owing to the risk of disclosure of information relating to individual firms in Northern Ireland separate particulars for Great Britain cannot be given.

(d) Average for the year.

(e) In week ended September 22, 1951, September 30, 1950, September 24, 1949, September 25, 1948, October 16, 1937, and October 12, 1935.

(f) Working proprietors. In addition working proprietors, shown in Table 13(iv) below, were engaged in this trade in larger establishments. The 1937 and 1935 figures include working proprietors.

#### (iv) Working proprietors

	Un	ited Kingdor	1	Great	Bri tain
	1951	1950	1949	1949	1948
Males Females	88 14	83 15	91 16		78 14
Total	102	98	107		92

#### Average employment

#### Larger establishments (a)

Number

TABLE 14							Number
	United Kingdom		Great Britain		United Kingdom		
A STATE OF THE STA	1951	1950	1949	1949(b)	1948	1937	1935
Operatives Administrative, technical and	15,097	14.740	13,618	••	13.076	17.179	15.756
clerical employees	2.147	2.033	2,000	A CANADA SA	1,970 (c)	2.110(c)	2,060(c)
Total	17.244	16,773	15,618	••	15,046	19, 289	17.816

(a) For employment in small firms (employing on the average ten or fewer persons) that made satisfactory returns

(b) Owing to the risk of disclosure of information relating to individual firms in Northern Ireland separate

particulars for Great Britain cannot be given. (c) In week ended September 25, 1948. October 16, 1937, and October 12, 1935. The 1937 and 1935 figures include working proprietors.

Outworkers. In addition to the employees shown above the firms in this trade employed outworkers whose

and the state of t	United Kingdom			Great	Britain	United Kingdom	
	1951	19 50	1949	1949	1948	1937	1935
Males Females	67 1.705	85 1.874	97 1.377	98972 3 2013 - 10033 3	55 913	53 304	40 193
Total	1.772	1,959	1, 474	9 m2 mg . 1 m . 1 m	968	357	233

TABLE 15 - Shift working, 1951: Larger establishments in Great Britain No establishment in this trade recorded shift working in the week ended September 22, 1951.

# Wages and salaries and employers' National Insurance contributions paid during the year

#### Larger establishments

TABLE 16		632	616.06		£'000
		United Kingdo	Great Britain		
	1951	1950	1949	1949(a)	1948
Wages and salaries (b) of					
Operatives Administrative, technical and	3,398	3,156	2.773		2,625
clerical employees	1,079	9 50	968		932
Total	4.477	4,106	3.741		3,557
Employers' contributions to all National Insurance Schemes	152	146	134	7 And 1 . 187 12.	105

(a) Owing to the risk of disclosure of information relating to individual firms in Northern Ireland separate particulars for Great Britain cannot be given.

(b) Including bonus and commission payments, but excluding payments to outworkers shown below.

Un	ited Kingdom	Great	Britain	
1951	1950	1949	1949	1948
184	177	134	1	104

Plant, machinery and vehicles - acquisitions and disposals, and capital expenditure on new building work

#### Larger establishments

1	A.	B	J,	Ľ	1	1
		186			115	

The inelegant the class of the capture of the captu	United K	inadom	Great Br	itain
the state of the s	On I teu n	I	diedt bi	Itain
	1951	1949	1949(a)	1948
Plant, machinery and vehicles Acquisitions Plant and machinery		124 M. 3.	The Same Service	
New	76	78		80
Second-hand Vehicles	7	7 7		11
New	66	43	Stand	34
Second-hand	43	24		20
Total acquisitions	192	152	de Comitant and	145
Disposals				
Plant and machinery Vehicles	4 40	8 26		10 21
Total disposals	43	34		31
ew building work Capital expenditure on new building and other	E 7 0842			
constructional work of a capital nature (excluding site values and development charges)	25	10		15

(a) Owing to the risk of disclosure of information relating to individual firms in Northern Ireland separate particulars for Great Britain cannot be given.

1951

Summary

#### Larger establishments

TABLE 18

	England (a)	Wales	Scotland	Great Britain	Northern Ireland(a)	United Kingdom
	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£'000
Gross output (production)	16,101	336	685		1.4	17,122
Cost of materials and fuel used Payment for work done on materials	9,090	16 4	454			9.708
given out Transport payments	40 174	3	1 9			41 185
Net output Wages and salaries of persons employed	6.796 4.182	170 115	222 180	::	::	7.187 4.477
Average number of persons employed (b)	No. 16,037	No. 529	No. 780	No.	No.	No. 17.346
Net output per person employed (b) Stocks at end of year	£ 424 £'000	£ 321 £'000	£ 284 £'000	£,000	£	£ 414 £ 000
Products on hand for sale and work in progress Materials and fuel	1, 101 2, 397	10 15	27 129		::	1.137
Number of establishments	No. 328	No.	No. 14	No.	No.	No.

The values of gross output and of materials and fuel used are derived in the following way:-

	£,000	£'000	£,000	£,000	£'000	£,000
Output of firms in this trade		4		The state of the s		
Total value of sales (see Table 20) Changes in stocks and work in	15,918	337	679	3 8.		16,934
progress (see Table 21)	+ 183	- 1	+ 6	1		+ 188
Gross output (production)	16, 101	336	685			17,122
aterials and fuel used by firms in this trade				14 15 A		
Purchases Changes in stocks (see Table 21)	9.410 - 319	16 5 — 1	441 +13		:	10,016 - 307
Materials and fuel used	9,090	164	454	1 H	1	9.708

(a) Owing to the risk of disclosure of information relating to individual firms, particulars for Northern Ireland, where net output was less than 1 per cent. of that for the United Kingdom, cannot be given separately and have been included with those for England.
 (b) Excluding outworkers but including working proprietors.

#### Summary

# Small firms in Great Britain (a)

TABLE 19

	England	Wales	Scotland	Great Britain
Number of returns	664	23	102	789
Average number of persons employed (b)  Males  Females	1,558	41 13	199 67	1.798 1.279
Total	2.757	54	266	3.077

(a) Small firms in Great Britain (employing on the average ten or fewer persons) that made satisfactory returns. (b) Including working proprietors.

(82953)

# Larger establishments

ABLE 20	- 3	Larg	er establ	Isluments		1 10	12 5 10 3	The same		
100	England o	and Wales	Scot	land	Great E	Britain	Northern	Ireland	United N	Cingdom
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
\$144-44-46 N - 1 45	Gross	£,000	Gross	£, 000	Gross	£, 000	Gross	£,000	Gross	£,000
Principal products	13 7 7 7 7 7					50	Se 1 1 1 1			
Travel goods										
Trunks of all kinds Carrying cases of all kinds, including school satchels		(b)		(b)	283	204	-	•	283	204
Wholly or mainly of leather Of other materials including fibre	22,861	(b) 2,489(a)	1,036	(b) 116			1::	(b)	5,266 23,897	1.139 2.605
Carrying bags of all kinds, other than sports bags	23.791	1,637(a)	3.045	217				(a)	26,836	1,854
Total travel goods		(b)		(b)				(P)		5,801
Ladies hand-bags, pochettes and sling bags Wallets, note-cases, purses, pocket books	48,968	4,615(a)	1,235	127		1		(a)	50,203	4,742
and the like Beauty and manicure cases and the like	1	(b) (b)	::	(b)	47,162 3,525	1,269 279	: 1	:	47.162 3,525	1,269 279
Other fancy goods of leather or materials resembling leather		8 5 9	•••	2		861	pl - 1	-		861
Saddlery and harness, leather braces, dog collars, dog harness, leads and whips		59 5	7.8	18	2 = 2.	613				613
Straps and belts of leather or leather substitutes		(b)		(b)				(b)	155,203	1.587
Motor and cycle accessories (e.g., cycle bags and radiator muffs) Other leather goods (except apparel,	••	(b)	••	(b)	25, 183	466	-	•	25,183	466
machinery belting and sports goods)		322	2	20	7.4	341	35 - 329	- 2		341
Scrap and waste products	••	17	••	2		18				18
Repair work (c) Work done for the trade or on commission (c)		38 120				38 1 20		-		38 120
Total principal products		15.545(a)		590				(a)		16,135
Other output										
Sports requisites		(b)		(b)	Th. doz.	45	1		Th. doz.	45
Gloves, industrial, wholly or partly of leather		(b)		(b)	prs.	77			prs.	77
Other leather goods (clothing, gloves (other than industrial), boots and shoes,		70		31		109		15		109
machinery belting, etc.) Plastic goods and fancy articles	1 1 1 1	78 146	::	31		149				149
Other goods		317		37		354				354
Work done (c)		60		4	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	64		-		6.4
Total	1	16,255(a)		679			100	(a)		16.934

 <sup>(</sup>a) Owing to the risk of disclosure of information relating to individual firms, particulars for Northern Ireland cannot be given separately and have been included with those for England and Wales.
 (b) Owing to the risk of disclosure of information relating to individual firms, separate particulars cannot be given.

<sup>(</sup>c) Amount charged.

#### Stocks of products on hand for sale and work in progress, and stocks of materials and fuel

#### Larger establishments

TABLE 21

£,000

		England and Wales(a)	Scotland	Great Britain	Northern Ireland(a)	United Kingdom
Products on hand for sale	at beginning of year at end of year	624 761	11 17	::	;;	. 635
Work in progress	at beginning of year at end of year	30 4 3 4 9	9 10			314 359
Total products on hand for sale and work in progress	{ at beginning of year at end of year	9 28 1,110	20 27	7 ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) (	0.15 0.15 0.11 0.15 0.15 0.15 0.15 0.15	9 49 1,137
Materials and fuel	at beginning of year at end of year	2.090 2.411	142 129			2.233 2.540

(a) Owing to the risk of disclosure of information relating to individual firms, particulars for Northern Ireland cannot be given separately and have been included with those for England and Wales.

# Employment in September

#### Larger establishments(a)(b)

Note - Owing to the risk of disclosure of information relating to individual firms, particulars for Northern Ireland cannot be given separately and have been included with those for England and Wales throughout this table.

TABLE 22

	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain	Northern Ireland	United Kingdom
Males					
Under 18	459	44	ASSESSMENT OF THE PARTY OF THE		503
All ages Females	4,403	206			4.609
Under 18 All ages	1,341 9,977	57 480	This Section	::-	1,398 10,457
Total					
Under 18 All ages	1.800 14.380	101 686		To but Tap burns	1,901 15,066

	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain	Northern Ireland	United Kingdom
Males	TO THE EXTREME TO THE PERSON OF THE PERSON O	nerth ods week	in interest production is	of and Table, at	and determined to
Under 18	22			yeards.	22
All ages Females	1, 107	52	Will completely	•	1,159
Under 18	136	9	74K 13 Y		145
All ages	968	40		ES CASTELLANDS	1,008
Total			The second second second	he reserved the	
Under 18 All ages (c)	158	9			167
All ages (C)	2.075	92	• •		2,167

(continued overleaf)

#### TABLE 22 (contd.)

	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain	Northern Ireland	United Kingdom
Males Under 18 All ages	481 5,510	44 258	s se parios	::	525 5,768
Females Under 18 All ages	1,477 10,945	66 520		::	1,543 11,465
Total Under 18 All ages (c)	1,958 16,455	110 778	Tony to commente	14	2,068 17,233

(a) Excluded employees. The number of persons employed at the larger establishments in this trade but not included in the above tables or in any other Census of Production report (employees in Great Britain engaged, for example, in merchanting and in Northern Ireland canteen and welfare workers) are shown in Table 22(v) below.

(b) Number employed in the week ended September 22, 1951.
(c) Working proprietors. In addition working proprietors, shown in Table 22(iv) below, were engaged in this trade in larger establishments.

	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain	Northern Ireland	United Kingdom
Males	83	5	•.,		88
Females	14			••	14
Total	97	5	of a solf field which	995 SSF 15 96 2 58	102

	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain	Northern Ireland	United Kingdom
Canteen workers	1		1		1
Males Females	98	2	100	-	100
Total	99	2	101	-	101
Other workers Males Females	46 19		46 19	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	46 19
Total	65	-	65	- 1907 194	6.5
Total excluded employees	16 4	2	166		166

#### Average employment

## Larger establishments (a)

TABLE 23					Numb
	England and Wales (b)	Scotland	Great Britain	Northern Ireland (b)	United Kingdom
Operatives	14,411	686	7		15,097
Administrative, technical and clerical employees	2,058	89	. CM8	1	2,147
Total	16,469	775	egle in land	Short in start	17.244

Outworkers. In addition to the employees shown above the firms in this trade employed outworkers whose

	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain	Northern Ireland	United Kingdom
Males	66	1	67		67
Females	1,702	1	1,703	2	1,705
Total	1.768	2	1.770	2	1.772

(a) For employment in small firms in Great Britain (employing on the average ten or fewer persons) that made satisfactory returns see Table 19.

(b) Owing to the risk of disclosure of information relating to individual firms particulars for Northern Ireland cannot be given separately and have been included with those for England and Wales.

# Wages and salaries and employers' National Insurance contributions paid during the year

## Larger establishments

T	A	RI	F	24

£'000

	England and Wales (a)	Scotland	Great Britain	Northern Ireland (a)	United Kingdom
Wages and salaries (b) of					
Operatives Administrative, technical and clerical employees	3,257	142			3,398
	1.040	38			1.079
Total	4,297	180			4,477
Employers' contributions to all National Insurance Schemes	145	7		•	152

(a) Owing to the risk of disclosure of information relating to individual firms particulars for Northern Ireland cannot be given separately and have been included with those for England and Wales.

(b) Including bonus and commission payments but excluding payments to outworkers shown below.

England and	Scotland	Great	Northern	United
Wales		Britain	Ireland	Kingdom
183	1	184		184

Plant, machinery and vehicles - acquisitions and disposals, and capital expenditure on new building work

#### TABLE 25

#### Larger establishments

£'000

	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain	Northern Ireland	United Kingdom
Plant, machinery and vehicles Acquisitions Plant and machinery					- W
New Second-hand Vehicles	72(a)	4 -	.;	(a) -	76 7
New Second-hand	61 43(a)	5 -	66	(a)	66 43
Total acquisitions	183(a)	9		(a)	192
Disposals Plant and machinery Vehicles	4 38 (α)	- 2	4	- (a)	4 40
Total disposals	41(a)	2		(a)	43
New building work Capital expenditure on new building and other constructional work of a capital nature (excluding site values and					
development charges)	(b)	(b)	25	_	25

(a) Owing to the risk of disclosure of information relating to individual firms, particulars for Northern

Ireland cannot be given separately and have been included with those for England and Wales.

(b) Owing to the risk of disclosure of information relating to individual firms, separate particulars cannot be given.

# Payments for transport services for finished goods sold and materials and fuel purchased

#### Larger establishments

TABLE 26						
	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain	Northern Ireland	United Kingdom	
Amounts paid to other firms and undertakings Amount paid or credited to firms' own separate	171 (a)	8	••	(a)	179	
transport organisations	6	1	6	•	6	
Total	177 (α)	9		(a)	185	

<sup>(</sup>a) Owing to the risk of disclosure of information relating to individual firms, particulars for Northern Ireland cannot be given separately and have been included with those for England and Wales.

The following brief notes refer to Great Britain and, unless otherwise stated, to the census of production for 1951. Reference should be made to the separate booklet in this series entitled 'The Report on the Census of Production for 1951: Introductory Notes' (price 1s.6d. net) for particulars of the minor differences in the Northern Ireland censuses and other details about the census of production.

Trade classification: Establishments are classified to trades according to the nature of their output. Certain products, called principal products, are identified as characteristic of the production of individual trades, the principal products for a given trade being of a similar nature or commonly associated in production. An establishment is classified to a trade if its output of principal products of that trade accounted for a greater proportion of the value of its output than did its output of principal products of any other trade.

The establishment: The basic unit for the collection of information is generally the establishment which in most cases comprises the whole of the premises under the same ownership or management at a particular address (e.g., a factory). Offices, warehouses and other ancillary places of business situated apart from the producing works are included in the return for the works.

Larger establishments and small firms: Larger establishments are those which employed more than 10 persons on the average during the year; small firms are those employing on the average 10 or fewer persons.

Working proprietors are proprietors of businesses other than limited companies, and include members of their families who work in the business without receiving fixed wages or salaries. Any persons working less than half the normal hours are excluded.

Persons employed: Administrative employees include directors other than those paid by fee only, managers, superintendents and works foremen; research, experimental, development, technical and design employees (other than operatives); draughtsmen and tracers; and travellers and office (including works office) employees. Operatives include all other classes of employees, that is, broadly speaking, all manual workers.

All these figures exclude canteen employees and persons engaged in merchanting or any other activity not covered by a firm's return who are shown separately as excluded employees.

Figures for employees include only persons on the pay-roll (that is whose National Insurance cards were held by the firm), whether full-time or parttime employees.

Outworkers, who are shown separately, are persons employed by the firm who work on materials supplied by the firm, but do not work on the premises; operatives directly employed who work out of doors (e.g., maintenance workers) and sub-contractors are not included as outworkers.

Wages and salaries include all overtime payments, bonuses, and commissions, without any deduction for income tax, insurance, contributory pensions, etc. They exclude payments to working proprietors.

Capital expenditure: Expenditure on plant, machinery and vehicles relates to expenditure charged to capital account during the year of return, including transport and installation costs involved. Expenditure on new building work is similarly that charged to capital account during the year.

Materials and fuel: The cost of materials and fuel purchased includes all purchases during the year of materials for use in production and of fuel (including oil, gas, and electricity for all purposes, including heating and lighting): all packing materials, including the full cost of returnable containers when first purchased: workshop materials; office materials: water charges; materials for repairs to firms' own buildings, plant and vehicles when carried out by

their own work people included in the return; and consumable tools and parts for machinery purchased as replacement. Materials, components, etc. which were purchased and re-sold in the same state (that is, merchanted or factored goods) were excluded. For 1951 firms in many trades were required to state the quantities of certain purchased materials used.

Stocks and work in progress: Firms were instructed to give these at income tax value.

Output: Sales means sales during the year of goods made in the establishment covered by the return or made on commission for it, whether produced in the year or not. For all post-war censuses the value of sales was the net selling value, that is, the amount charged to customers, whether on an exworks or delivered basis, and net of any trade discounts, agents' commissions, allowances for returnable cases, purchase tax, etc. For goods charged on a delivered basis to customers overseas, firms were required to give the f.o.b. value.

Gross output of a trade is the total value of goods made and other work done during the year; this means the value of sales and work done during the year adjusted for changes in the values of stocks.

Net output is the amount left after deducting from the value of gross output the aggregate of the cost of materials and fuel used and the amount paid for work given out and, for 1951, any transport payments included in firms' returns. This represents the value added to materials by the process of production, and constitutes the fund from which wages, salaries, rents, rates and taxes, advertising and other selling expenses and all other similar charges have to be met as well as depreciation and profits.

Customs and Excise Duty paid on materials purchased is included in the cost of materials, but where it is especially important separate figures are shown.

Later reports: Reports will be published later summarising the main census results and giving information about power equipment and fuel consumption.

Disclosure of information: The report has been prepared in conformity with the disclosure provisions of the Statistics of Trade Act, 1947. Figures have been combined with others of a similar nature in certain cases where publication of separate details might disclose the operations of an individual firm.

Symbols used: '..' for 'Not available', '-' for 'Nil or negligible (less than half the final digit shown)'

The figures in the tables have been rounded off to the nearest final digit, and there may be an apparent slight discrepancy between the sums of the constituent items and the totals shown.

Tables 1 to 17 show figures for the United Kingdom (or Great Britain).

Tables 18 to 26 are country tables and give, where practicable, separate details for England and Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland.

Table 6: Specialist producers refer to those establishments 50 per cent. or more of whose total output by value is accounted for by the groups of products specified.

Table 8 (or 8(i)) shows the total sales of principal products of the trade, and includes therefore the sales of these products returned by establishments whether classified to the trade or to other trades. Those produced by establishments in other trades are shown in Table 9.

Table 10 shows the sales by establishments in the trade of products other than those regarded as principal products of the trade.

Table 20 (or 20(i)) shows sales by establishments in the trade of products, whether principal products or not, and broadly the aggregates here are equal to the corresponding figures in Table 8 (or 8(i)) less those in Table 9, plus those in Table 10.

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