

WOMEN'S SUFFRAGE JOURNAL.

EDITED BY LYDIA E. BECKER.

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NOVEMBER 2, 1885.

PRICE ONE PENNY.
By Post THREE HALFPENCE.

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TO THE ELECTORS OF THE UNITED KINGDOM.

FIVE MILLION Householdors will be called on to vote in November at the General Election, two million of them for the first time.

While 800,000 householdors, who include

16 per cent of the Burgesses,

10 per cent of the Farmers,

12 per cent of the Landowners

of the country, will be denied the vote because they are women.

Yet these 800,000 women householdors pay the same rates and taxes, obey the same laws as the men householdors, and everything which makes a vote of value for a man makes it of value for a woman also.

ELECTORS, SEEK FAIR PLAY FOR ALL.

Ask your Candidates to vote for a measure which is not one of party but of JUSTICE, to give the Parliamentary vote to those householding, taxpaying women who already have the vote for Town Council, School Board, Local Board, and Poor Law Guardian Elections.

Forms of Petition and Leaflets, for circulation, may be obtained on application to the Secretaries of the National Society for Women's Suffrage, at the Society's Offices,

29, Parliament-street, Westminster, London;

28, Jackson's Row, Manchester;

20, Park-street, Bristol.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

MANCHESTER NATIONAL SOCIETY FOR WOMEN'S SUFFRAGE.—The Annual General Meeting to receive the Report, the Statement of Accounts, to appoint the Committee, and transact any other business which may arise, will be held on Wednesday, December 9th. Further particulars in future advertisements.

In the Press.

A WOMEN'S SUFFRAGE CALENDAR for 1886. Edited by H. B. Will contain Calendar with historic events and diary; Societies for Welfare of Women; Technical Classes, Examinations, and Scholarships open to Women; List of Registered Medical Women, and other information. 48 pages. Price 3d. J. W. Arrowsmith, Bristol; Simpkin, Marshall & Co., London; and the Editor, 20, Park-street, Bristol.

ELECTION LEAFLETS.—Assorted Packets of Women's Suffrage Leaflets, for distribution at public meetings, &c., may be had by application to Miss Balmorie, 29 Parliament-street, London, S.W., on receipt of postal order for One Shilling.

THE IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT HANDBOOKS. Edited by Sydney Buxton, M.P. "WOMEN SUFFRAGE HANDBOOK." By Mrs. ASHTON DILKE; with Introduction by WM. WOODALL, M.P. May be had, post free, for One Shilling, at 29, Parliament-street, London, S.W.

BIRMINGHAM.—Miss Jeannette G. Wilkinson will deliver a Lecture on November 3rd, on "Women and Politics," in the Nelson-street Board Schools; the chair to be taken by the Rev. H. W. CROSSKEY.

On November 5th, Miss Wilkinson will Lecture on "The Social and Political Position of Women," at the Dartmouth-street Board Schools; the chair to be taken by Mr. R. W. DALE.

On November 6th, Miss Wilkinson will Lecture on the subject, "If the vote is good for Jack, why not for Jill?" the chair to be taken by Councillor R. F. MARTINEAU.

Further particulars in local announcements.

LAMBETH.—A Public Meeting in favour of granting the Parliamentary vote to women householders will be addressed by Mrs. Ashton Dilke and Miss Florence Balmorie, on Tuesday, November 10, at Eight p.m., in the Wheatsheaf Hall, South Lambeth Road, London. Chair to be taken by the Rev. E. M'LEAN. Mr. G. Hewett, Mr. W. Glover, and other friends will take part.

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4s. 6d. & 11s.
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Invaluable for Coughs, Asthma, Bronchitis, Cholera, Diarrhoea, Consumption, Spasms, &c. One Dose speedily relieves. TOWLE'S CHLORODYNE LOZENGES and JUBUBES. 6d. and 1s. per box. A. P. TOWLE, Chemist, 75, Back Piccadilly, Manchester, and of Chemists.—Post free 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s.

WARNING!
When you ask for
Reckitt's
Blue
See that you get it!
As bad Qualities are
often substituted.

ENGLISHWOMAN'S REVIEW.—Published on the 15th of each month. Price 6d., or 6s. per annum.

CONTENTS FOR OCTOBER 15TH, 1885.

1. Importance of the Municipal Elections to Women.

2. The Late Lord Shaftesbury.

3. The Work of Two Parliaments.

4. Women in Mines.

Two New Professions for Ladies.

Notices of Books, &c.

Correspondence.

Record of Events: Royal University of Ireland, First University Examination—King's College—Technical Education for Women at Cambridge—Approaching School Board Election in London—Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland—London School of Medicine—Election Items—Church Congress, Portsmouth—Trades' Union Congress—Women in Temperance Work—Case under Married Women's Property Act—Miscellaneous.

Foreign Notes and News.

Paragraphs.

Published by Trübner and Co., Ludgate Hill, and at 22, Berners-street, London, W.

UNIVERSITY COLLEGE OF SOUTH WALES & MONMOUTHSHIRE.

ABERDARE HALL, CARDIFF, will be Opened on Oct. 5th for the accommodation of the Lady Students attending University College. Sessional fee, £40. Application to be made to the Honorary Principal, the Hon. ISABEL BRUCE, Duffryn, Mountain Ash.

THE ENFRANCHISEMENT OF WOMEN THE LAW OF THE LAND. By SIDNEY SMITH. Price Three-pence.—London: Trübner and Co. Manchester: A. Ireland and Co. May be had also at 28, Jackson's Row, Manchester.

WOMEN'S SUFFRAGE JOURNAL.—Communications for the Editor and Orders for the Journal to be addressed to the Office, 28, Jackson's Row, Albert Square, Manchester.

MANCHESTER NATIONAL SOCIETY FOR WOMEN'S SUFFRAGE.

SUBSCRIPTIONS AND DONATIONS, OCTOBER, 1885.

Table listing names and amounts for Manchester National Society for Women's Suffrage, categorized by location (HULL, DURHAM, SUDBURY, HYDE, HARROGATE, RIPON, NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE, THIRSK, NORTHALLERTON, MIDDLESBOROUGH, STOCKTON-ON-TEES, BISHOP AUCKLAND, WEST HARTLEPOOL, DARLINGTON).

MANCHESTER SUBSCRIPTION LIST—continued.

Table listing names and amounts for Manchester Subscription List, including Rev. John Hunter, Mrs. S. E. Gregson, Dr. Lamb, Dr. Fraser, Mr. H. Robinson, Mr. B. Tongue, Mr. G. Raven.

S. ALFRED STEINTHAL, TREASURER, 28, JACKSON'S ROW, MANCHESTER.

CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

SUBSCRIPTIONS AND DONATIONS FROM SEPT. 28TH TO OCT. 28TH, 1885.

Table listing names and amounts for Central Committee subscriptions, including Mrs. Pennington, Mrs. Eccles, Mr. Frank Morrison, Miss Peppercorn, Miss Beale.

LAURA M'LAREN, TREASURER, 29, PARLIAMENT-STREET, S.W.

BRISTOL AND WEST OF ENGLAND SOCIETY.

SUBSCRIPTIONS AND DONATIONS FROM SEPT. 22ND TO OCT. 24TH, 1885.

Table listing names and amounts for Bristol and West of England Society subscriptions, including Miss Mary Price, Mrs. Pease, Mrs. Beard, Mrs. W. H. Budgett, Miss K. Tanner, Mrs. Diplock, Mrs. Mallett, Dr. Nicholson, Mr. S. Tanner, Mr. J. G. Thornton, Miss J. Venning.

ALICE GRENFELL, TREASURER, 26, COLLEGE ROAD, CLIFTON. Office: 20, Park-street, Bristol.

WOMEN'S FAWCETT MEMORIAL.

Owing to unexpected delay in securing a site for the fountain, it is not found possible to hold the proposed meeting of committee early in November. As soon as circumstances permit due notice will be given to the members of committee. The sum now at the London and Westminster Bank, Stratford Place, amounts to about £530. It is much to be hoped that some addition to this may be forthcoming. Donations can be paid to the Women's Fawcett Memorial Fund at London and Westminster Bank, or to the Honorary Treasurer, (Louisa) Lady Goldsmid, St. John's Lodge, Regent's Park, N.W.

CANON WHITAKER ON WOMEN'S SUFFRAGE.

On October 7th, a bazaar in connection with the Church Institute was opened in the Town Hall, Oldham, by Canon Whitaker. In the course of his address the reverend Canon said:—I have had large experience in raising funds for religious and educational objects, and I have always found the ladies foremost in helping me, and therefore naturally I am a very warm advocate of woman's rights. You will not be surprised, therefore, if I tell you I would give them the suffrage—(hear, hear)—not to spinsters and widows only who happen to be householders, according to Miss Lydia Becker's opinion, but especially on behalf of the wives. I consider that this will be a most conservative measure, not in the narrow sense of party, but in the very broad sense of being for the public good. If I were twenty years younger I think I should not mind coming forward as an agitator on their behalf. I cannot at all understand the attitude of statesmen and politicians in this matter. We trust the ladies with our interests and our happiness, with the management of our houses and our domestic finances, and with that which is the most important of all, the bringing up of our children, and yet we are afraid to give them votes, those votes which we have so freely given to those bad, brutal husbands who sometimes thrash their wives, and to every clodhopper and ragamuffin in the land.

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PRICE ONE PENNY. BY POST THREE HALFPENNY.

BEFORE another issue of this Journal reaches the hands of our readers, the Parliament elected in 1880 will have ceased to exist, and the election of its successor will be proceeding. We take this last opportunity of urging our friends to press the question of women's suffrage upon candidates at election meetings, by letters from constituents, and in any other manner that may be available for the people in ascertaining the views of the men who desire to represent them in the House of Commons.

FRIENDS will find great encouragement in the cause by looking at the list of candidates who have declared themselves in favour of giving votes to duly qualified women in the selected body of men from whom the Parliament of the future will be chosen. Among these candidates we find:—In England, 232 Liberals, 202 Conservatives, 15 Labour candidates, 7 Independents, and 1 Nationalist; in Wales, 15 Liberals, 7 Conservatives, 1 Labour candidate, and 1 Independent; in Scotland, 36 Liberals, 19 Conservatives, and 3 Crofters.

The list of nominations for Ireland is not complete, and it is more difficult to obtain authentic information; but, as far as the nominations have been already announced, we find 7 Conservatives, 8 Liberals, and 17 Nationalists. The total number of friendly candidates is 571.

WITHIN the last month a letter has been addressed on behalf of this Journal to candidates in the general election whose views on the question of women's suffrage were unknown, asking permission to include their names in the list of candidates in favour of the extension of the franchise to duly qualified women which it was proposed to publish in this Journal. To that letter 190 replies have been received. Of these 160 assented to the principle, 13 candidates declined to allow their names to appear in the list, but expressed no opinion on the merits of the question. Seventeen only declared themselves adverse to women's suffrage. Most of the candidates who gave permission to include their names in the list did so in general terms. Some accompanied their assent with definitions

We publish in another column a number of extracts from letters addressed by candidates to various friends. In every case where the candidate has defined his views exactly, we have thought it right to give his own words.

We believe that so numerous and representative a body of supporters of one particular proposal is unique in political history, and that there is no other question of the day which unites among its adherents so many candidates in the approaching general election, and these of all shades of political opinions and all grades of social rank.

ON the twentieth of June in next year will begin the fiftieth year since the accession to the throne of Her Majesty Queen VICTORIA. The occasion will call forth sentiments of loyalty and enthusiasm throughout the whole extent of the empire, and the retrospect of the years of the QUEEN'S happy reign will show a period not to be surpassed in greatness and prosperity by any period of similar duration in the past history of our country. We do not now desire to anticipate the thoughts that will naturally arise when the actual anniversary arrives. But it has been suggested that the occasion might be marked by some national celebration of the jubilee year of Queen VICTORIA. No doubt the event will be celebrated in many ways, and we desire to indicate one mode of doing so which would be both appropriate and worthy of the occasion.

THE QUEEN reigns in virtue of the principle that women of royal rank have political rights and duties as well as men of royal rank. If a woman is duly qualified by her place in the line of succession, she is not passed over because she is a woman; she ascends the throne and exercises every function of royalty as fully and completely as if she were a man. Therefore, so far as regards members of the Royal family, the political capacity of women is fully and completely acknowledged. But political capacity, i.e., the ability to understand political questions and discharge political duties, is not the exclusive natural heritage of women of Royal blood. The women of the people are also capable of understanding and of sharing

the political rights of the men of the class to which they belong.

A most worthy celebration of the jubilee year of a woman sovereign would be by the extension to the women of the people of a share in the government of the country, through the passing of a measure admitting duly qualified women to the exercise of the Parliamentary franchise. We appeal to the people at large in support of this view, and we urge them to give to the men whom they are about to choose to represent them in the councils of the nation an expression of their desire that this great act of political justice shall be accomplished by the new Parliament.

It is sometimes asked what good will a vote do to a woman. Some light has been thrown on this question by a recent incident in New Zealand. The *New Zealand Herald* of August 25th, in a telegraphic summary of Parliamentary news, says of women's suffrage: "One of the most curious arguments in favour of this new political principle was adduced to-day by an hon. member. It was this, 'The nurses of the Wellington Hospital were turned into the streets without a moment's notice, but the male attendants all received a month's notice.' The women had no votes, but the men had, hence it follows that if the women had votes they would have got a month's notice as well. Who can say there is not a substantial ground for claiming women's political rights after this?"

In things political as in things personal we need a rule of life—require some guiding principle whereby to adjust our view of questions affecting the aggregate conduct of the community, as well as of questions touching the conduct of the individual unit.

To those who still hesitate whether to include the equal citizenship of women within the grip of their political principles one clear, simple rule of life appeals, would they but heed it. Things which, in any given state of civilisation, are essential to the healthy existence of all should be accessible to all—even as the air and sunshine, which are barred to none.

Consciously or unconsciously—whether we have reasoned it out to ourselves as a principle or not—we all act every day on this principle when we men and women partake together at the same table of the same food, speak together in the same tongue, worship together with the same prayers, share together social pleasures and intellectual culture.

Even as these things are essential to the healthy family

life of a civilised people, equality before the law is essential to the healthy national life of a free people. But equality before the law comes only through political liberty; in other words, through the possibility of each unit attaining to a share in that collective co-ordinated will of the whole whence comes a nation's strength. Hence a rule of conduct stands forth clear and plain; it must be open to all to attain those powers without which the common life of the multitude will lose its healthy tone, whether in its intellectual, its social, or its political functions. H. B.

ELECTION INTELLIGENCE.

ENGLAND AND WALES.

BEWDLEY.

In October, a meeting of the Liberal electors in the Bewdley district was held in the Town Hall, Bewdley, in support of Mr. John Fell, the Liberal candidate for the Western Division of the county of Worcester. In the course of his speech, he said that already it was clear that an extension of the franchise was needed, and he urged that the same right should be extended to women who were called upon to bear the burden of taxation.

BRISTOL.

MR. BRINSLEY NIXON'S CANDIDATURE.

On October 13th, Mr. Brinsley Nixon, Liberal candidate for West Bristol, addressed a meeting of the electors at Anglesea Place Schoolroom. In the course of his address, Mr. Nixon said he wished to say on another point that women who were householders were not included in the electors, and they were as competent to form a just opinion and act wisely as most men were; and he felt sure that under the same conditions, all being householders and paying rates and taxes, it seemed no valid reason could be given to deprive women of a vote on account of their sex. (Cheers.) It seemed monstrous to give a vote to an illiterate drunkard and deny it to a thoughtful and wise and distinguished woman. That was an addition to the Reform Bill of 1884 which he hoped the next Parliament would introduce. (Cheers.)

CAMBERWELL NORTH.

MR. STRONG'S CANDIDATURE.

On October 23rd, Mr. Richard Strong, the Liberal and Radical candidate for the representation of North Camberwell, addressed a large meeting held in Oakley Hall, Old Kent Road. In the course of his address Mr. Strong said he would give the franchise to every unmarried woman who paid rates.

DARLINGTON.

MR. FRY ACCEPTED BY THE ELECTORS.

On September 10th, in accordance with a rule of the Darlington Liberal Association, a public meeting was held in the Central Hall, Darlington, to consider, and, if approved, to confirm the nomination of Mr. Theo. Fry, M.P., as a candidate to contest the representation of the borough in the Liberal interest. In the course of his address, Mr. Fry said the question of conferring votes upon female householders will probably come up shortly. (Cheers.) You know my opinions upon this subject. As we have conferred the vote upon so many men, I don't see any reason why those females which have votes for municipal and local government elections should not have the same rights at Parliamentary elections. (Cheers.) Many of them may not care a great deal about it, but if they had the vote many of those questions affecting women and children might come more prominently forward, and receive more attention than they do at present. (Cheers.)

MR. WAIT AT GLOUCESTER.

On October 12th, a meeting of the electors of the city of Gloucester in support of the candidature of Mr. W. K. Wait, who is

before the constituency in the Conservative interest, was held at the Corn Exchange, under the presidency of Mr. Vassar Smith. The chairman was supported by the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor of London, Mr. W. K. Wait, the Hon. John Plunkett, Mr. C. B. Walker, Captain Froude, Mr. A. C. Wheeler, and several other leading Conservatives. In the course of his address, Mr. Wait said if sent to Parliament he would also support a measure for properly qualified women having the franchise. There were a great many subjects discussed in Parliament in which women and children were largely interested, and the direct influence of women would be most useful. That properly qualified women should have the franchise would, he thought, be a source of great strength to the State.

HANLEY.

MAJOR WRIGHT AT NORTHWOOD.

A meeting, called in support of the candidature of Major Vere Wright, the Conservative candidate for the Parliamentary Borough of Hanley, was held in the National Schoolroom, Northwood, on October 28th. Proceeding, he said that on some things his views were in common with those of Mr. Woodall, and there was one that he would allude to, and that was woman suffrage. It was a curious thing that Mr. Woodall had taken up the subject so strongly. It was a subject which he had touched upon before he came to the Potteries, but mind, he did not go so far as Mr. Woodall did. He (Mr. Woodall) was in favour of all women having votes, that was universal suffrage. He (Major Wright) only went as far as household suffrage. He thought that if a person was the head of the household, whether woman or man, they were taxpayers, ratepayers, and ought to have equal rights. (Hear, hear.)

HEREFORD CITY.

MR. B. MOLESWORTH'S CANDIDATURE.

Mr. Bagot Molesworth, the gentleman who has been chosen as the Conservative candidate for the city of Hereford, addressed a meeting in the Corn Exchange, Hereford, on October 20th. In the course of his address Mr. Molesworth said there was another extension of the franchise which these Liberals with all their reforming zeal would not bring about, and that was granting votes to women householders. It seemed to him that a widow lady, possessed perhaps of a large estate and paying heavy taxes and rates, and of position in the county, should have a vote as well as her servants. (Hear, hear.) The reason for the opposition of the Radicals was the same as in the case of policemen—nine out of ten were Conservatives. (Cheers and laughter.)

HULL: WESTERN DIVISION.

CANDIDATURE OF DR. ROLLIT.

On October 19th, Dr. Rollit, Conservative candidate for Hull West, addressed a crowded and enthusiastic meeting of the electors of Park Ward at the Cave-street Schoolroom, Hull. In the course of his address, Dr. Rollit said he also thanked the ladies who, he was informed, were working for him in all parts of the division. The only return he could make them was to say that if he was elected he would vote in favour of women's suffrage. (Applause.) Since they (the ladies) were entitled to vote at municipal elections, and were properly qualified, he could see no distinction which should deprive them of the franchise in relation to National affairs. (Renewed applause.)

NORTH LEEDS.

On October 2nd Mr. A. W. Rücker, the Liberal candidate for North Leeds, addressed a crowded meeting of the electors of the town, in the Albert Hall, Leeds.

Prior to the meeting in the Albert Hall, a deputation of ladies, including Dr. Alice Ker, Mrs. Scatcherd, Mrs. Luccock, Mrs. Sunley, Miss Passavant, Mrs. Frederick Kitson, and Miss Carbutt, waited upon Mr. Rücker to ask him whether he was in favour of women householders having the right to vote.

Dr. ALICE KER said the deputation, which represented 4,000 of the women householders of Leeds, came before him to ask him to give his careful consideration to their claims to be directly represented in Parliament. They were all obliged to pay rates and taxes, which many of them had to earn as hardly as any one, and they felt very strongly the injustice of having no voice in the making of the laws, which they were obliged to obey. With regard especially to those laws which concerned women, either exclusively or equally with men, they felt that it was very unjust that they

should be framed and deliberated upon by the representatives of men alone, and they believed that the whole country would be as much benefited as their sex by a reform in that respect. It was emphatically not a party question, but as the Liberals had been in the habit of enforcing the maxim that "Taxation without representation was robbery," it was from the Liberal party that they most naturally expected to receive this act of justice; after which the Liberals might make with truth the boast which was at present a false one, that every household in the kingdom was represented in Parliament. They had all the more reason to hope when they had to deal with such a man as Mr. Rücker, whose scientific training had taught him to judge all questions on their own merits, unbiassed by time-worn prejudices and preconceived opinions, and to examine all the more closely into the side of the question presented, if it happened to be different from the side he had been accustomed to regard as the correct one.

Mrs. SCATCHERD said that to her it had always seemed that the rate-book was the basis of the franchise in this country, and therefore the women were not departing from the constitutional lines in making the request that women householders should have a vote. One of their greatest grievances was that the law was always interfering with the right of women to earn their own bread, and they therefore claimed to have a share in the making of the laws which ruled their lives, and in the expenditure of the funds which they, together with men, helped to provide. There were nearly 8,000 women householders in Leeds, of whom about 7,000 had been visited. The canvas and the preparation of the petition had occupied nearly eight months.

Mrs. SUNLEY having advanced the claims of working women to a vote,

Mr. RÜCKER said he was not one of those who thought it would be advantageous for all women to have votes on the same platform as men. He looked upon the conferring of a vote upon women householders as a reform that would come. He should not, however, oppose it when the question came up before Parliament; but he was not prepared to urge it upon any Government now. The deputation then withdrew.

LISKEARD DIVISION OF CORNWALL.

COLONEL EDGUMBE AT LOSTWITHIEL.

A large meeting was held in the Grammar School, Lostwithiel, on October 16th, in support of the candidature in the Conservative interest of Colonel Edgumbe for the Liskeard Division. After the speeches, questions were invited.

Mr. TREBILLCOCK: I see there are a lot of ladies in the room, would you vote for women's suffrage?

Colonel EDGUMBE said that it was a difficult question. He had always said that before this last Reform Bill he would vote for women's suffrage on the same conditions as that of men. But, as so many lodgers had been added to the voting list, it would be a very serious matter to add so many women to the franchise, some of whom were certainly hardly qualified to exercise it.

LIVERPOOL: WALTON DIVISION.

CANDIDATURE OF MR. BIRRELL.

On October 23rd an enthusiastic meeting of Anfield electors was held in the Mission Hall, Anfield Road, Anfield, in support of the candidature of Mr. Augustine Birrell, the Liberal candidate for the Walton Division. After the address, the Chairman having invited questions, Mr. Birrell said, in reply to a gentleman in the meeting, that he was in favour of the extension of the franchise to women.

SOUTH MANCHESTER.

SIR H. E. ROSCOE'S CANDIDATURE.

Sir Henry E. Roscoe, the Liberal candidate for the representation of the Southern Division of Manchester, made his first public appearance before the constituency at a crowded meeting which was held on October 20th in the Chorlton Town Hall. After his address, in reply to a question, Sir Henry Roscoe said that after the newly enfranchised electors had got accustomed to their electoral duties he would vote for a Parliamentary vote being given to women having the necessary qualifications.

MANSFIELD DIVISION OF NOTTINGHAMSHIRE.

MEETING AT KIRKBY-IN-ASHFIELD.

On October 10th, Mr. Horne-Payne, Conservative candidate for the Mansfield Division of Nottinghamshire, addressed a meeting at

the schoolroom, Kirkby-in-Ashfield. In the course of his address, Mr. Horne-Payne said that he should vote for female suffrage when he got the chance. (Loud cheers.)

MERIONETHSHIRE.

CANDIDATURE OF MR. H. ROBERTSON, M.P.

Mr. H. Robertson, M.P., who is candidate in the Liberal interest for Merionethshire, in a recent address, said that at one time he was not in favour of the extension of the franchise to women, but since there had been so large an extension of the franchise as had lately taken place under the Reform Bill, he did not see why women who paid rates should not have votes. If, therefore, Mr. Woodall again introduces his Woman Suffrage Bill, he (Mr. Robertson) should support it.

THE PEMBROKE AND HAVERFORDWEST BOROUGHES.
ADMIRAL MAYNE AT TENBY.

Admiral Mayne, C.B., the Conservative candidate for these boroughs, addressed a large and enthusiastic audience in the Royal Assembly Rooms, on September 29th. In the course of his address, the gallant Admiral said: Then there was another question he would refer to. It concerned the ladies. He was glad to see them at his meeting in such force. As a rule they were not Radicals. They generally thought the right thing—he supposed from the finer instinct they possessed. Besides, the ladies were an excellent advertising medium, and if he could gain their ear he knew the cause he advocated would not suffer. The first letter he received in Tenby was from a lady, and had reference to giving them a vote. He quite agreed with that proposal, because he could not see why a woman, holding say a farm and paying rates, and managing her own affairs, while her labourers were given a vote, she should be deprived of it. (Applause.) Married women ought not to be debarred from the franchise.

RIPON DIVISION OF YORKSHIRE.

On October 2, a large open-air meeting of the electors was held at the Market Cross, Kirkby Malzeard, near Ripon, in support of the candidature of Mr. W. Harker, in the Liberal interest for the Ripon Division. Being the fair day there was a representative gathering from all parts of the district. Dr. MILLAR, of Kirkby Malzeard, presided.

The CHAIRMAN, in introducing Mr. Harker, after some other remarks said: We had been governed now for fifty years by a queen, and he ventured to say that in the history of the world there had never been such a life-long promotion of the well-being of subjects as Queen Victoria had shown in conducting the interests of that vast empire. (Cheers.) Why should ladies be debarred from exercising the same privileges as men in the selection of members of Parliament? (Cheers.) There were many widows with families who were more interested in good government than many men, and who were equally conversant with public affairs, so that he had no fear if the vote was granted that they would tend to the strengthening of our institutions. (Loud cheers.)

Mr. HARKER, in the course of his address, said he regretted that while the extension of the franchise had had the effect of adding two million voters to the register, that it was not a more complete measure. He advocated the desirability and the justice of placing upon the register widows and single ladies who contributed to the national expenditure, and who were as much interested in the good government of the country as the lords of creation. (Cheers)

YORK.

SPEECH BY MR. LOCKWOOD, Q.C.

Under the auspices of the Bootham and Guildhall Wards of the York Liberal Association, a public tea and entertainment were held on October 14th, in the Victoria Hall, York. At intervals in the musical entertainment speeches were delivered by Mr. F. Lockwood, Q.C., and Mr. A. Pease, the Liberal candidates for the city, and other gentlemen. Mr. Councillor Dickenson presided, and on the platform, besides the candidates, were Mrs. Lockwood, Miss Wilkinson, Mrs. E. W. Smithson, and others. In the course of his address Mr. Lockwood said: When the municipal elections took place Mr. Dickenson and Mr. Croskell would have the advantage—an advantage which he trusted some day or other would be accorded to Parliamentary candidates—of being supported at the poll, not only by the men, but by the women of York. (Cheers.) Having regard to the approaching municipal elections he was very glad indeed to

observe that so many ladies had testified by their presence there that night that they took the keenest possible interest in the contest in which they were permitted to take part. (Cheers.)

ELECTION ADDRESSES.

The following paragraphs relating to women's suffrage are extracted from the election addresses of the candidates named:—

MR. V. K. ARMITAGE

(Liberal candidate for the Eccles Division of South-East Lancashire) says, in his address to the electors: "I am in favour of giving the franchise to women householders."

MR. JACOB BRIGHT, M.P.
(Liberal candidate for South-West Manchester).

"Some men ask for manhood suffrage. That every man should have political protection and every woman be deprived of it is the last thing I should desire to see. My view is that men and women should be equal before the law. I would give the vote to every woman who is a ratepayer, married or single, as we give the vote to men."

MR. JOHN BURNS

(Labour candidate for Nottingham West) has a number of points in his address. No. 3 is "Adult Suffrage."

CAPTAIN W. F. JAMES
(Conservative candidate for West St. Pancras).

"I consider that the time has come when the franchise should be extended to women in the same position as men who now hold that privilege. It is an absurdity that a woman employer of labour may confer the franchise on her employes by the service franchise and yet not be able to exercise it herself."

MR. MACDONA

(Conservative candidate for Chesterfield Division).

"Woman suffrage I hold to be a natural adjunct of the extension of the franchise."

MR. J. W. MACLURE

(Conservative candidate for Stretford, Lancashire.)

"The extension of the suffrage to women possessing property or paying rates I have always advocated, and shall not fail to support it in Parliament."

MR. E. DRESSER ROGERS

(Independent candidate for Peckham Division of Camberwell).

"I hope the day is not distant when the suffrage may be further extended to every ratepayer and lodger, male and female, because I have an unflinching faith in the good sense of the people."

W. SHOWELL

(Conservative candidate for Bordesley Division of Birmingham).

"I am heartily in accord with the spirit of the recent Reform Act, which, accompanied by a just redistribution of seats, admits for the first time a large body of my countrymen to the exercise of the franchise, and I am in favour of still further extending it to unmarried women and widows who are householders."

MR. HENRY S. TROWER

(Independent candidate for Marylebone West).

"Thorough reforms can only be effected through an overpowering expression of the popular will. To obtain this expression I advocate adult suffrage for both sexes, to include married women."

LETTERS FROM CANDIDATES.

The following are extracts from letters which have been received by friends of women's suffrage from the candidates in the general election:—

MR. WILLIAM G. AINSLIE,

Conservative candidate for North Lonsdale, "presents his compliments to Miss Lydia Becker, and begs to say he is in favour of extending the suffrage to duly qualified women. This, in his opinion, excludes married women."

MR. W. ASHWORTH,

Conservative candidate for the Chester-le-Street Division of North

Durham, replies to the inquiry whether he will vote for the extension of the franchise to duly qualified women, "Yes! Not only am I in favour of such, but I have for years, and especially during the last twelve months, been one of its staunchest advocates on the public platform."

MR. CHAS. BALFOUR,

Conservative candidate for Roxburghshire: "I am in favour of extending the franchise to women owners or occupiers of property which would entitle a man to vote, but not of extending it to married women, or of extending qualification for a seat in Parliament."

MR. G. W. BALFOUR,

Conservative candidate for Leeds Central, writes: "I am in favour of the Parliamentary franchise being conferred on duly qualified women. Let me add, however, that by 'duly qualified' I do not necessarily mean that the qualification should be the same for women as for men. This is a point on which I must reserve my opinion."

MR. THOS. BAYLEY,

Liberal candidate for West Riding E, Barkstone Ash, writes that he is in favour of women enjoying the advantages of the franchise at Parliamentary elections to the same extent as in municipal affairs.

MR. A. BEDDALL,

Conservative candidate for Southwark West, writes: "The movement you represent has my most hearty sympathy. There cannot, as it seems to me, be any doubt that women householders are far better fitted to exercise the franchise than many of those on whom the vote has been conferred."

MR. F. F. BELSEY,

Liberal candidate for Faversham, writes: "Although I much fear the triumph of your cause would be a serious blow to the Liberal party, I have yet always felt justice was on your side, and I should therefore, vote in support of the suffrage being extended to women householders."

MR. WILFRID SCAWEN BLUNT,

Conservative candidate for North Camberwell, writes: "Though unwilling to commit myself to the support of any special Bill, I am glad to be able to inform you that on principle I am in favour of women's suffrage."

MR. J. H. BOTTOMLEY,

Conservative working men's candidate for Gateshead, writes: "I am now, and always have been, very strongly in favour of extending the Parliamentary franchise to duly qualified women. I have often referred to the subject in speeches, and intend to mention the matter in my election address."

MR. J. BENNETT BURLEIGH,

Liberal candidate for Govan, Lanarkshire, writes: "I favour adult suffrage. That, I think, answers your query, as it includes extending the franchise to women."

MR. JOHN BURNS,

Social Democratic Labour candidate for Nottingham West, writes: "Being a Social Democrat, I am in favour of adult suffrage for women and men."

MR. ALFRED CARPENTER,

Liberal candidate for Reigate: "I have for years advocated the equality of the sexes in matters relating to the taxation of the country, and am of opinion that qualified women should have the franchise."

MR. J. CHISHOLM,

Conservative candidate for Perth, writes: "I have received your letter of 8th instant, including proof of list of candidates who are in favour of extending the Parliamentary franchise to duly qualified women, and asking if you may include my name in the list. In reply, allow me to say I am in favour of the extension. Of course I do not understand that it is proposed to extend it to married women living with their husbands. You may, therefore, include my name in the list."

MR. GEO. COLLINS,

Liberal candidate for Dulwich, writes: "I am in favour of women being put on the register on exactly the same terms as men."

CAPTAIN COLOMB,

Conservative candidate for Tower Hamlets, Bow, and Bromley, writes: "I am one of those who do not think sex should be a bar

to the franchise, and am, therefore, in favour of the removal of restrictions which deprive women qualified in all other respects from voting for members of Parliament."

MR. JOHN COOKE,

Conservative candidate for Battersea, writes: "If I understand you aright, I am asked to support the right of women to vote for members of Parliament who are qualified in the sense required by the present men's Franchise Acts to do so. I am pleased to tell you that I would support such a measure if it be meant to apply to spinsters and widows, but I do not think it wise or judicious that married women (who might, I presume, under the new Act claim the same privilege) should vote."

MR. EDWARD CROSSLEY,

Liberal candidate for the Sowerby Division, West Riding North, writes: "You can add my name to the list of those in favour of giving the Parliamentary suffrage to women on the same qualifications as that given to householders by the last Reform Act."

SIR WILLIAM CROSSMAN,

Liberal candidate for Portsmouth, writes: "I have already announced to the electors of this borough that I am in favour of giving votes to all unmarried women and widows who, if men, would be entitled to vote."

LORD CURZON,

Conservative candidate for Wycombe, writes: "I am in favour of the Parliamentary franchise being extended to women who own property and pay rates and taxes."

MR. J. NELSON CUTHBERTSON,

Conservative candidate for St. Rollox Division, Glasgow, writes to say that he has for years supported the extension of the franchise to women ratepayers.

MR. JOHN DUMPHREY,

Conservative candidate for Birmingham West, writes: "I am in favour of extending the franchise to all women who are householders, whether widows or single women."

LORD ELCHO,

Conservative candidate for Haddingtonshire, writes: "I have much pleasure in letting my name be included in the list of candidates who are in favour of extending the franchise to duly qualified women."

MR. RICHARD EVE,

Liberal candidate for Basingstoke, writes: "I should be in favour of granting single women household suffrage in Parliamentary as well as in municipal and other elections."

HON. HAROLD FINCH HATTON,

Conservative candidate for Nottingham E., writes: "I have great pleasure in adding my name to the list of candidates who are prepared to support the extension of the Parliamentary franchise to duly qualified women."

MR. W. H. FISHER,

Conservative candidate for Fulham, writes: "Capable citizenship having been recently declared to be the foundation of the claim to the franchise, and women in my opinion being every whit as 'capable citizens' as those who have so recently been enfranchised, I shall certainly use any influence I have to extend to women the voting power which is given to men, under certain prescribed conditions and qualifications; but I am not prepared to enfranchise married women living with their husbands, who it is generally believed would thereby obtain practically their votes."

MR. H. GEORGE FORDHAM,

Liberal candidate for Hitchin, writes: "I am decidedly in favour of placing women on exactly the same footing with men in respect to the Parliamentary suffrage."

MR. R. GENT DAVIES,

Conservative candidate for Lambeth, writes: "I am strongly in favour of giving the Parliamentary vote to women, and on several occasions I have advocated that publicly. Those who are assessed to Imperial taxation should be admitted to vote at all elections."

MR. R. A. GERMAINE,

Conservative candidate for Shoreditch: "Since the passing of the recent Franchise Act the question of women's suffrage has entered upon a new phase. I do not like to pledge myself to any particular measure until the form it is intended it should take appears in the House of Commons. I may mention, however, that

as an individual I am prepared to give the franchise to women rate-payers while not under coverture."

MR. LALMOHUN GHOSE,
Liberal candidate for Deptford, writes: "I am in receipt of your letter of the 25th instant, and in reply have much pleasure in informing you that I am in favour of the extension of the Parliamentary franchise to duly qualified women."

MR. HERBERT GLADSTONE,
Liberal candidate for Leeds West, writes that "he is in favour of the principle of giving votes to unmarried women who are properly qualified."

MAJOR-GENERAL GOLDSWORTHY,
Conservative candidate for Hammersmith, writes: "I am in favour of widows and unmarried women who are otherwise qualified having a vote. In the case of married women who would if they were single be eligible to a vote, I would give two votes to the husband."

LORD ESMÉ GORDON,
Liberal candidate for Huntingdonshire, writes that he will certainly support the extension of the franchise to duly qualified women.

MR. WILLIAM HARKER,
Liberal candidate for the Ripon Division of Yorkshire, writes that he fully approves of extending the franchise to widows and single ladies who are in possession of the same qualification as men.

MR. BRODIE HOARE,
Conservative candidate for Sheffield, Attercliffe, writes: "I am, as at present advised, in favour of granting the franchise to women who are householders and ratepayers, but I think that there would be grave objections to granting the lodger franchise to women, and difficulties in withholding it if it is granted to householders. With this qualification you may add my name to your list."

RIGHT HON. SIR HENRY HOLLAND, M.P.,
Conservative candidate for Hampstead, writes: "I am in favour of giving votes to women householders who pay the same rates and taxes as men householders."

MR. H. C. HOWARD,
Liberal candidate for Mid-Cumberland, writes: "As regards women's suffrage, should a Bill be brought in by Government dealing with the question, I shall be prepared to support it, as far as giving women who are householders votes. I cannot, however, promise to support any individual member's Bill on the question."

SIR W. GUYER HUNTER,
Conservative candidate for Hackney Central, writes that he is in favour of extending the franchise to the women householders of the country.

MR. LEWIS H. ISAACS,
Conservative candidate for Newington, Walworth: "I am in favour of giving the electoral franchise to women householders (spinsters and widows)."

F. WOOTTON ISAACSON,
Conservative candidate for Stepney: "I am entirely in favour of women of property having a vote, with certain restrictions."

CAPTAIN WALTER H. JAMES,
Conservative candidate for St. Pancras West, writes: "I enclose you a copy of my address, in which you will see I have laid stress on the extension of the franchise to women. It is a matter in which I take a great interest, and if I am successful in being returned to Parliament at the general election I shall do my best to further the cause."

MR. J. H. JEFFERSON,
Conservative candidate for Morley, writes: "I certainly am in favour of the Parliamentary franchise being conferred on duly qualified women, though, of course, the term 'duly qualified' opens out a considerable field for argument. As I said in my speech at Dewsbury, it seems to me most unreasonable that an educated single lady superintending the management of her own property should not have a vote, while her coachman and gardener, without one-hundredth part of her stake in the country, have votes."

MR. JAMES KENYON,
Conservative candidate for Heywood, Lancashire, writes: "I am in favour of extending the franchise to all duly qualified ratepayers, women as well as men."

MR. HENRY KIMBER,
Conservative candidate for Wandsworth: "I am quite in favour of giving women a vote. I see no reason why they should not have, equally with men, the benefit of the principle of representation with taxation. The question may, perhaps, differ a little as between married and single women."

MR. W. F. LAWRENCE,
Conservative candidate for Abercromby, Liverpool, writes: "You may put my name down on your list. As your proposition stands its propriety cannot be questioned, though I shall regret the consequences which seem to follow from its being carried out."

SIR ROPER LETHBRIDGE,
Conservative candidate for Kensington N., writes: "I have much pleasure in informing you that I am and have always been a warm advocate of the extension of the franchise to women householders."

THE RIGHT HON. THE MARQUIS OF LORNE,
Liberal candidate for Hampstead, writes: "I have expressed my opinion in favour of giving votes to properly qualified women."

MR. CUMMING MACDONA,
Conservative candidate for Chesterfield, writes: "It will give me great pleasure to advance the cause you have so much at heart and so ably advocate amongst my constituents."

MR. W. MALTHOUSE,
Independent candidate for Newington, Walworth: "I am thoroughly and earnestly in favour of extending the Parliamentary franchise to women, and, if elected for Walworth, will do all in my power to rectify the present gross injustice of taxation without representation that unmarried women householders labour under."

MR. W. C. MAUGHAN,
Conservative candidate for Glasgow, Blackfriars, writes: "I shall be happy to see my name included in said list. I stated some days ago, at one of my public meetings, that I considered the franchise ought in justice to be given to women."

MR. W. H. MEREDYTH,
Conservative candidate for Swansea Town, writes: "It affords me much pleasure to reply to your memorial. The claim of householding, taxpaying women to the Parliamentary franchise has ever appeared to me most reasonable and just. I can conceive that no equitable state of society can regard women as capable citizens in every respect and yet deny them the privilege enjoyed by the most irresponsible person. Although I fear several of the leading ladies in this movement are opposed to myself in politics, if returned to Parliament I shall certainly support any measure tending to enfranchise duly qualified women."

MR. E. S. NORRIS,
Conservative candidate for Tower Hamlets, Limehouse: "I have advocated women's suffrage. My views are quite in favour of it by unmarried women who have household property, and, I may add, perhaps an education qualification."

MR. R. PEACOCK,
One of the Liberal candidates for Gorton, Lancashire, writes to Miss Becker: "In reply to your note of the 7th instant, I have pleasure in stating that I am, and always have been, in favour of women's suffrage. I cannot do better than say that I fully agree with your view of the question as given in your letter to the *Manchester Guardian*, dated Feb. 17th, 1885, and if returned to Parliament I shall give my cordial support to that measure."

MR. H. FELL PEASE,
Liberal candidate for Cleveland, writes: "You are at liberty to place my name on the list of candidates who are favourable to extending the franchise to women who are single or widows and duly qualified."

MAJOR-GENERAL SIR LEWIS PELLY, K.C.B., ETC.,
Conservative candidate for Hackney North: "I am in favour of the principle of giving votes to women who are owners of, or occupiers of, property which would entitle a man to vote. But I would not include within the operation of this extension of the franchise any clause which should have the effect of breaking up or interfering with the integral of society—the family; in other words, I would not vote for a married woman possessing property being permitted to vote separate from, or perhaps in opposition to, her husband."

MR. W. S. ROBSON,
Liberal candidate for Tower Hamlets, Bow, and Bromley: "I am in favour of extending the Parliamentary franchise to unmarried female householders."

CAPTAIN W. SIDEBOTTOM,
Conservative candidate for High Peak, Derbyshire, writes: "I am in favour of the principle of giving votes to unmarried women and widows who are owners or occupiers of property which would entitle a man to vote. You will, however, please understand that this admission does not pledge me to anything beyond such admission."

MR. CLARENCE G. SINCLAIR,
Liberal candidate for Caithness-shire, writes: "I am in favour of extending the franchise to duly qualified women, but not to married women; at least, until they are widows. You may certainly include my name in your list."

MR. W. S. KENYON SLANEY,
Conservative candidate for Wellington, Shropshire, writes: "I am in favour of extending the franchise to women duly qualified as a general principle, but I do not pledge myself on any point of detail, and should resent their admission into Parliament."

LORD ARTHUR SOMERSET,
Conservative candidate for Chippenham, writes: "I am certainly in favour of votes being allowed to women who manage farms or business of any kind, in fact, to those who pay rates."

MR. HOWARD SPENSLEY,
Liberal candidate for Finsbury Central, writes: "I am heartily with you on the women's suffrage question, and I shall do my best to make it *un fait accompli* in the coming Parliament."

MR. ANGUS SUTHERLAND,
Crofter candidate for Sutherlandshire, writes: "I am exceedingly glad to see that the matter is being looked after. It has, in my opinion, been too long neglected. Women's suffrage has always been advocated by me in the past, and will, I trust, be advocated by me in the future."

MR. HENRY TOLLEMACHE, M.P.,
Conservative candidate for Eddisbury, Cheshire, writes: "You are at liberty to include my name in the list of those Parliamentary candidates who are in favour of conferring the right to vote on properly qualified women. I must, however, tell you candidly that I advocate this course solely on grounds of social, not political, expediency."

DR. J. H. TRISTRAM, Q.C.,
Conservative candidate for the Hartlepoons, writes: "I am a strenuous advocate for extending the Parliamentary franchise to duly qualified women, and have great pleasure in giving you permission to include my name in the list of candidates who pledge themselves to support this constitutional and laudable concession to your just claims."

MR. HOWARD VINCENT,
Conservative candidate for Sheffield Central, writes: "I hope to have the privilege of supporting in Parliament a measure for giving electoral rights to women over a certain age and not under coverture, possessing property of a certain annual value."

CAPT. F. VERNEY,
Conservative candidate for Tunbridge, writes: "I am decidedly in favour of giving duly qualified women the franchise if they desire to have it."

MR. H. H. WAINWRIGHT,
Conservative candidate for Burnley, writes: "I have always been in favour of granting the franchise to women householders, and if returned for Burnley shall support and vote for it."

MR. T. WAYMAN,
Liberal candidate for Elland, writes: "I should vote for a Bill for extending the franchise to women householders."

MR. CALEB WRIGHT,
Liberal candidate for Leigh, Lancashire, writes that he is and has always been in favour of widows and spinsters (duly qualified) having the Parliamentary vote.

MR. R. P. YATES,
Conservative candidate for Aston Manor, writes: "I am in favour of spinsters and widows having same qualifications as owners or occupiers of property which would entitle a man to vote for general

elections, but I consider that when a woman is married she should be disqualified from voting, as I am under the impression that should politics be introduced between man and wife it would in many cases cause much unhappiness; but I consider a spinster or widow fairly entitled with property qualifications, seeing that they are quite as able to form a sound opinion upon questions as men are.—P.S. Should a Bill be introduced making it legal for women to vote (and provisions were made for married women to vote), although I should personally object to it, still I would not vote against it, seeing that it would be an injustice to spinsters and widows, as in case of the Bill being thrown out they would be disqualified from voting."

POLITICAL MEETINGS.

LIBERAL MEETING AT TUNSTALL.

ADDRESS BY MR. WOODALL, M.P.

A Liberal demonstration took place on September 29th, in the Lecture Hall, Tunstall. The object of the meeting was to hear a valedictory address from Mr. Woodall, as one of the members for the old borough of Stoke-on-Trent; to give Mr. Allen an opportunity of explaining his views to those whom he hopes to call his constituents in the next Parliament; and to hear other speakers. In the course of his address Mr. Woodall spoke on the question "Should women vote?" He said: "These women householders have, like you, to pay their rates. They have to contribute to the taxes. They have to bear all the burdens. They have the same, if not more, interest than you in the laws under which they have to live. Is it right that these women, who have the right of voting for school boards, to vote for boards of guardians, for town councils, is it right that they should be denied the opportunity of giving their vote at the ballot-box for members of Parliament? You know perfectly well I submitted a motion to the House of Commons which would have remedied this injustice. It was felt, however, to be inopportune, and it was out-voted. Circumstances were very trying, were very difficult, and I was reproved by some of my best friends for intruding it at that time. Mr. Gladstone, however, subsequently, in the most generous manner, said I was right in doing it, and that, in the position in which I stood, I was bound to do it. (Applause.) I am also glad to have the opportunity here of acknowledging that, amongst the small number of Liberals who went into the lobby with me, I had the honour of being accompanied by your future member, Mr. Allen. (Loud applause.) I know the question is making progress. I am not disposed to press it upon my friends, Mr. Gower and others, because I know that men who are fair in their views will do justice; but I am glad to say that this day I have received information that in the South Australian Parliament a motion, submitted by a gentleman who has been in constant communication with me, was passed, after a long discussion, unanimously. (Loud applause.)"

BRADFORD.

At the annual meeting of the National Liberal Federation held in Bradford in October, Mrs. E. T. Wilkinson and Mrs. Edward Smithson attended the Conference as delegates from the York Women's Liberal Association.

DURHAM LIBERAL ASSOCIATION.

ADDRESS BY MR. T. C. THOMPSON, M.P.

The annual meeting of the members of the Durham Liberal Association was held in the Reading-room, Market Place, Durham, on October 12th. Mr. T. C. Thompson, M.P., delivered an address, in the course of which he said he might allude to another phase of the subject, viz., in regard to the extension of the suffrage to women. A great many people said don't let us have the ladies in it. Let us draw the line somewhere. And some ladies were anxious to have it, provided that a certain number of ladies were kept out. Well, he did not quite agree with that. He did not quite understand why, if single ladies were let in, married ladies should not be. He was much inclined to urge that he thought the married women were no less deserving and no less wise, if not wiser, than single women. There was one reason given which every married man knew to be absurd, viz., that a married woman acted under the compulsion of her husband. (Laughter.)

CONSERVATIVE CONFERENCE AT NEWPORT.

The annual conference of delegates was held at Newport, Monmouthshire, on October 6th. The following memorial was sent to the Conference of the Conservative Union, signed by a number of leading Conservative residents in Bristol and Gloucester, Cheltenham, Cirencester, &c. :-

"To the Conference of the National Union of Conservative Associations, to be held in Newport, Oct. 6th, 1885.
"Gentlemen,—We, the undersigned, being Conservative residents in the city of Bristol and in Gloucestershire, beg to bring before you, as delegates representing the Conservative associations of the country, our earnest request that the question of the speedy extension of the Parliamentary franchise to women be included in your deliberations.

"It is admitted by very many, both of the leaders and members of the Conservative party, that the question has become of much more urgency since the extension of the electorate by the Act of 1884.
"For household suffrage to constitute the basis of representation to the exclusion of every household where a woman is at the head, even while that woman may be called on to make a return of the servants in her employment—entitled to vote by virtue of the rates paid by her—is so manifestly unjust and injurious to women that we earnestly hope you will pass a resolution in favour of at once extending the franchise to women who, as householders and ratepayers, already exercise the local franchises."

Count METAXA, delegate from the Isle of Wight and Portsmouth Conservative Associations, introduced the following resolution which stood on the agenda: "That the Parliamentary franchise be extended to women householders who possess the same qualifications which entitle men to vote." Some little difficulty was created at the outset by the fact that this subject was embodied in a resolution, when it was not understood that it should come forward as such, but merely as a suggestion for consideration. Count Metaxa hastened to disclaim any intention of moving it; he merely wished to urge it upon the council for its consideration. He then proceeded to advance arguments on behalf of the proposal. In the discussion which followed, the opinion of the conference was generally favourable to extending the franchise to women when the latter were householders.

CONSERVATIVE MEETING AT SALISBURY.

On September 28th, a large Conservative meeting was held at the St. Ann-street Club, Salisbury. Mr. Coleridge Kennard, M.P., who was very warmly received, delivered an able and interesting address as to his Parliamentary action in regard to the enfranchisement of women.

DRAWING-ROOM MEETINGS.

BRISTOL.

On October 17th, by the kindness of Mr. and Mrs. Whitwill, a well-attended meeting was held at Redland House, when a paper was read by Miss Pease on the "Value of the Parliamentary vote for women," with special reference to the coming general election. Mr. Whitwill opened the proceedings with a few brief remarks, after which Miss Pease gave her paper, dealing comprehensively with the question in its bearings on the present time, and appealing to those who, not having considered the question in its wider relations, do not realise the good to be derived from the exercise of the franchise by women, the point to consider being, not the good of the vote of the individual woman, or even the whole mass of women's votes, but the effect on the social position of women as a whole. Already a distinct advance has been made towards the equality in artificial conditions which is the goal of the movement. To consider, first, the effects on the home sphere, the whole position of women would be elevated by giving a higher ideal to that ethical code which the law supplies for unthinking people, while in its effect on public affairs, the possession of the vote would encourage women to take interest in "politics," understanding by politics not party squabbles and personal intrigues for power, but the struggle of right, justice, and wisdom against evil, injustice, and folly. It is urged against a democratic Government that it tends to the power of demagogues and the corruption of political life. Against these the greatest safeguard is the eager interest of all, and the discussion of political questions in the home, where the same

code of morals would be brought to bear on political affairs which now is brought to bear on home affairs. In all great crises women have taken their part with men, and public affairs have become the absorbing subject for both, but we are continually passing through great crises, if only people could see it. The paper concluded with a brief résumé of the Parliamentary history of the movement (which 446 of the candidates to Parliament are up to the present known to support), and an appeal to all present to aid it, both by personal help and subscriptions.—A discussion was then started by Miss Ellice Hopkins, who remarked that what chiefly interested her in the movement was partly seeing, in practical work, how much it was needed, and most of all by considerations of family life. They all felt that family life is better than public life. Family life has always been evolving. Look at the days of Homer, when women never sat with men at their meals. Look at the days when women were under perpetual tutelage; but at length it is found that the work of the home is done best where men and women work together, neither before nor after the other. Public life seemed to her to be passing through a similar process of evolution, and public life was inferior to family life because the element the woman brings into the family cannot be brought in by men. She trusted that when women had votes they would use them to lessen the excessive government by party, which prevented any measures from securing attention which do not serve party purposes, while measures for which the people are starving—like the Criminal Law Amendment Bill—are shunted, and that Bill would not have passed but for the cry of popular fury. She very forcibly urged the importance of using the municipal vote.—The discussion was continued by Mr. Alan Greenwell, Rev. Dr. Trestrail, Rev. A. C. Macpherson, and others. Petitions to both Houses of Parliament were adopted at the close of the meeting, which it is proposed shall be followed by others of a similar character.

LECTURES.

BECCLES.

On October 13th, Miss Wilkinson lectured on "Women and Temperance Legislation," in the Congregational Schoolroom, Beccles, Suffolk; the Rev. J. Calvert in the chair. The Chairman remarked that his own views were "that qualified women should have votes." A vote of thanks to the lecturer was proposed by Mr. Reed, seconded and supported by Mrs. Kent and Mrs. Lawes.

BEDFORD.

On September 29th, an address was given at the Assembly Rooms, Bedford, by Miss Wilkinson, of London, on the question of women's suffrage. The chair was taken by the Mayor (Mr. J. Hawkins), and on the platform were Mrs. E. Ransom, Rev. R. E. R. Watts, and the Rev. Canon Haddock. The room was well filled, and the address of the lecturer was warmly received.

The Mayor, in opening the proceedings, said he believed they knew very well what his own opinions were upon the subject that was to occupy their attention; and knowing that he was very often before them talking about women's suffrage, men's suffrage, and every other kind of suffrage, he thought it was not necessary for him to say anything.

Miss Wilkinson then delivered her address, at the conclusion of which the Mayor moved a vote of thanks to the lecturer, which was carried by acclamation.

The Rev. R. E. R. WATTS then proposed a vote of thanks to the Mayor for presiding. He quite agreed with the Mayor that this was a non-political matter. He was commissioned by Mr. de Ricci to say that he was sorry he was not able to be present, as it was a question in which he took a warm interest. Mr. Watts also spoke in complimentary terms of the lecture. He expressed himself warmly in favour of women having a vote, and he hoped they would soon get it.

The Mayor having acknowledged the vote, the proceedings terminated.

CHELSEA.

On September 27th, Miss Wilkinson lectured at the Eleusis Club, Chelsea, on "Women and War." There was a good attendance, and the points were well taken up by an appreciative audience. The Chairman called special attention to the "Appeal to electors," copies of which had been distributed in the hall.

ELY.

On Wednesday, October 14th, Miss Wilkinson lectured in the Congregational Schoolroom, Ely; the Rev. J. Huddleston in the chair. The subject chosen was "Women and Temperance Legislation," and the lecture was followed with marked attention throughout. At the close, the Rev. Mr. Huddleston said "that he believed that the extension of the franchise to women would have an enormous effect upon the temperance cause."

GREENHITHE.

At the Village Hall, Greenhithe, on September 30th, the question, "Shall women have votes?" was discussed.—Dr. Lory Marsh, in presiding, said that the subject they had to consider they did not propose to place on party lines—that is, a political party point of view. It is a political-social question, and he hoped there would be a hearty discussion.—Miss Jeannette G. Wilkinson (of the National Society for Women's Suffrage) then delivered a lecture, at the conclusion of which a vote of thanks was moved by Mr. James Bosley White, Conservative candidate for Gravesend, and carried.—A vote of thanks to the chairman concluded the proceedings.

MAIDSTONE.

On October 6th, a lecture on "Women and War" was delivered in the Radical Hall, Brewer-street, Maidstone, by Miss J. G. Wilkinson, of the Women's Suffrage Society, to a large audience. Mr. Horace Head presided. Miss Wilkinson concluded her lecture, which was very well received, by moving a resolution in favour of women's suffrage. This was seconded by the Rev. Harold Rylett, and carried unanimously. A vote of thanks to the lecturer, proposed by Mr. A. E. Rowcroft, and seconded by Mr. Graveney, having been carried, the proceedings terminated.

SCOTLAND.

ELECTION INTELLIGENCE.

WEST ABERDEENSHIRE.

MR. F. H. IRVINE AT AUCHMULL.

On October 9th, Mr. F. H. Irvine, yr. of Drum, in pursuance of his candidature in West Aberdeenshire, addressed a crowded meeting in the Albert Hall, Auchmull.—An Elector: Are you in favour of extending the franchise to women?—Mr. Irvine: Yes, most decidedly—(applause)—duly qualified women. (Laughter.)

SOUTH ABERDEEN.

PROFESSOR BRYCE'S CANDIDATURE.

Professor James Bryce, M.P., who sat as one of the members for the Tower Hamlets in the late Parliament, addressed a meeting of the electors of the South Division in the Music Hall, Aberdeen, on October 16th, in his capacity as Liberal candidate for that division. Dr. Angus Fraser, president of the Liberal Association, presided. In the course of his address, Professor Bryce proceeding next to refer to the recent meeting in Aberdeen, at which a committee was appointed to cross-examine candidates for Aberdeen—city and county—and neighbouring counties upon the subject of women's suffrage—(applause)—he thought one of the first duties of men was to save the ladies all the trouble that they can. (Applause and laughter.) And, therefore, without waiting for the ladies to ask him the question, or without putting them to the trouble of rising in that meeting, he should like to tell them his opinion on the question. It was that the introduction of women suffrage would not be desirable, and would be particularly undesirable at the moment just when they had very largely increased their constituency, and they had better rest and be thankful for a little before they began to make any change in their electoral rolls. (Applause.) His reasons for that were three. In the first place, he did not believe that women, as a rule, desired to have the suffrage. (Applause.) He knew that there were a number who did. He believed also that the number was increasing—he frankly admitted that it was increasing, and he did not say it might not increase to a point at which it would become an important factor in the question; but he said that at present it was still relatively small; that the great majority of ladies, so far as could be ascertained by the ordinary methods, did not desire to have this privilege thrust upon them. (Applause.) In the next place, he thought that the great majority of women did not as yet take so

much interest in political affairs or possess so much information about political affairs as would make them equally good voters with their husbands or brothers or fathers. (Applause.) And, in the third place, he saw very great difficulty in dealing with the question of married women. He should call it a greater injustice to give the suffrage to married women and withhold it from unmarried women—a greater disparity, a greater anomaly in the two classes of the same sex—than it was to give it to men and to withhold it from women. Unless prepared to extend it to women, married as well as unmarried immediately, he thought it was better for the present to defer extending it to any. (Applause.)

SOUTH AYRSHIRE.

GENERAL ALEXANDER AT GIRVAN AND KIRKMICHAEL.

General Alexander, M.P., pursuing his candidature in South Ayrshire, addressed meetings of the electors in Girvan and Kirk-michael, on October 12th. In the course of his address, he said perhaps he might be allowed to say in conclusion, as he saw Mrs. Blair present—(cheers)—that in last Parliament he both spoke and voted in favour of the admission of women to all the electoral privileges that men enjoyed. (Cheers.)—Mrs. Blair wished to know why the General was so long in coming to the conclusion that properly qualified women were entitled to the franchise? (Cheers.) During fourteen long years he had been plied with petition upon petition, and it was only after the late Government had brought in the Franchise Bill that he came to this conclusion. (Hear, hear.) Perhaps the great increase of the electorate had something to do with the reason why he had so suddenly given his adherence to the women's suffrage party. (Cheers and laughter.)—General Alexander replied that every question required a good deal of consideration—(laughter)—and that before he gave his adherence to the proposal to enfranchise ladies—Mrs. Blair: Women, General; I don't speak for ladies. (Laughter.)—General Alexander: Well, women. (Renewed laughter.)—Mrs. Blair: Silence, silence; give the General a hearing. (Loud laughter.)—General Alexander went on to explain that he had given the matter full consideration. Doubtless that was the first time he had absolutely voted in their favour, but on many occasions before that, when he was "swithering"—(laughter)—he refrained from voting against them. (Laughter.) Well, he thought he had sufficiently explained the reasons that induced him to change his mind. (Cheers and laughter.)

DUNDEE.

THE CANDIDATURE OF MR. C. C. LACAITA.

On October 5th, Mr. Charles Carmichael Lacaita, who was private secretary to Earl Granville under the late Administration, addressed a meeting of electors in Dundee. In answer to a question, he stated that as women were capable of exercising a vote at municipal elections, they might also be trusted with votes at Parliamentary elections.

EDINBURGH: CENTRAL DIVISION.

MAJOR SCOTT NAPIER'S CANDIDATURE.

On October 26th, Major the Hon. J. Scott Napier began his candidature in the Conservative interest for the Central Division of Edinburgh, by addressing a meeting in St. Mary-street Hall. After the address questions were asked. The Chairman: Mr. Duff asks, "Are you in favour of the extension of the Parliamentary franchise to all duly qualified ratepayers without respect of sex?" Major Napier: Yes. (Cheers.) I am all for the ladies. (Cheers and laughter.)

MR. WILSON'S CANDIDATURE.

Mr. John Wilson, one of the Liberal candidates for this division of the city, held his second meeting with the electors in the Lauriston Hall, Glen-street, on October 16th. After the address, in replying to queries, Mr. Wilson indicated that he was in favour of conferring the Parliamentary franchise on those women who voted in municipal and school board elections.

MR. RENTON'S CANDIDATURE.

Mr. J. Hall Renton, one of the three Liberal candidates for the representation of the Central Division, addressed a meeting of electors in St. Mary-street Hall on October 16th. After the address, an Elector asked: Would you extend the franchise to all sexes? Mr. Renton: This gentleman asks whether I am prepared to extend the franchise to—"To women," and laughter—the other sex. I confess I am rather disposed to do it. (Cheers and hisses.)

EDINBURGH: EASTERN DIVISION.

MR. GOSCHEN IN EDINBURGH.

In continuance of his candidature for the representation of the Eastern Parliamentary Division of the city of Edinburgh, Mr. Goschen addressed a second meeting of the electors of the division in the Music-hall, on October 10th. The room was densely crowded, over 2,000 persons being present. In the course of his address, Mr. Goschen said: I am against the admission of women to the franchise—(cheers and hisses)—because I have never yet been able to solve the respective claims of married women, widows, female lodgers, and others. A Bill was introduced into Parliament last year couched in language which seemed to imply that wherever a man's name was used it should also include the woman's, and under that proposal all female lodgers were to be enfranchised. I confess that that was a proposal which startled many men even who were rather disposed towards women franchise in general. I am opposed to this question generally. The question is beset with difficulties, and unless you wish to place women, as regards the franchise, on the same footing as men, involving the difficulty of the married women and the married men, I will resist the proposal from the beginning. (Cheers and some marks of disapproval.)

MR. COSTELLOE'S CANDIDATURE.

Mr. B. F. C. Costelloe, barrister, London, who has been selected by a section of electors in the Eastern Division of Edinburgh to oppose the candidature of Mr. Goschen, and who was described on the tickets of admission as "the Liberal candidate," addressed his first meeting of the constituency in the Queen-street Hall, on October 13th. After the address, the Chairman said a number of written questions had been handed in, but he would give the preference to Miss Burton, who desired to put a question. (Cheers.)—Miss Burton asked if Mr. Costelloe was in favour of granting the vote to all householders.—Mr. Costelloe: I am quite prepared to vote for such a measure. (Cheers.)

EDINBURGH: SOUTHERN DIVISION.

SIR GEORGE HARRISON AT DALRY—NOISY MEETING.

The Lord Provost (Sir George Harrison) began his candidature for the Southern Division of the city, on October 16th, by addressing a meeting of the electors in the hall of the Dalry Free Church. After the address, the Lord Provost, in answer to a question, said he was in favour of women householders having the Parliamentary franchise.

GLASGOW: BLACKFRIARS AND HUTCHESONTOWN DIVISION.

MR. MAUGHAN IN THE ALBION HALL.

On October 1st, Mr. Wm. C. Maughan, the Conservative candidate for the representation of Blackfriars and Hutchesontown Division, addressed a meeting of the electors in the Albion Hall, College-street. After the address, in answer to a question, Mr. Maughan said he thought it was very unfair that while women had the power to vote in school board and other elections, they should take no part in the election of a member of Parliament. He would support such a measure.

LORD ELCHO, M.P., AT STENTON.

Lord Elcho, M.P. for the county of East Lothian, addressed a meeting of the electors in the schoolhouse of Stenton, near Dunbar, on September 29th. In the course of his address, Lord Elcho proceeded to argue that the Radicals had not so much a desire to extend the franchise as to extend their term of office. He argued this from what had happened in the course of the debates on the Bill. There was the case of the proposal to extend the franchise to female as well as male householders. Every argument that could logically be applied to the extension of the franchise to male householders applied also to the proposal to extend it to female householders. Yet the Radicals would not give the vote to female householders, and that because they feared that all ladies would vote Conservative. (Laughter.)

INVERNESS BURGHS.

CANDIDATURE OF MR. W. S. B. M'LAREN.

Mr. W. S. B. M'Laren, one of the candidates for the representation of the Inverness District of Burghs, opened his election campaign in October by addressing a meeting of the electors of the First Ward in the West Parish Church Hall. After the address, Mr. Alex. Forbes, carpenter, asked: Would Mr. M'Laren

support the extension of the Parliamentary franchise to female householders? (Laughter.) Mr. M'Laren: Yes. (Laughter, cheers, and hisses.)

KINCARDINESHIRE.

MR. PORTEOUS AT STONEHAVEN.

On October 16th, Mr. D. S. Porteous, Conservative candidate for Kincardineshire, addressed a meeting of electors of the Dunnottar district in Dunnottar Schoolroom, Old Town, Stonehaven. After the address, questions were asked. Mr. Ross: Will you vote for the extension of the franchise to women? Mr. Porteous: Certainly. (Applause.)

KIRKCALDY BURGHS.

SIR GEORGE CAMPBELL AT KIRKCALDY.

On October 13th, Sir George Campbell, M.P., addressed a meeting of electors in the Corn Exchange, Kirkcaldy. There was a large attendance, the hall being crowded. After the address, questions having been invited, Sir George said he had received in writing some questions from a lady, and although he was not in favour of women's rights he thought they should represent the ladies very much, and that their interests should be looked after. One of the questions put to him by Mrs. Dick was, "Is Sir George prepared to vote for woman suffrage?" No. He had always told them he would not, and he intended to stick to that. (Laughter and cheers.)

GOVAN DIVISION OF LANARKSHIRE.

MR. BENNETT BURLEIGH'S CANDIDATURE.

Mr. Bennett Burleigh, on October 6th, addressed two meetings of electors, with a view to his becoming Radical candidate for the Govan Division of Lanarkshire. In the course of his address, Mr. Burleigh said he favoured adult suffrage, on the ground that every citizen of the country should be a freeman. He did not think the question of extending the franchise to women was as yet within the domain of practical politics.

LEITH DISTRICT OF BURGHS.

A meeting of the Portobello Liberal Association was held in the Town Hall Buildings on October 15th. Ex-Provost Hunter, president, occupied the chair. Mr. Jacks, one of the candidates for the representation of the burghs, was present for a short time, and met with a most cordial reception. In acknowledging the same he took the opportunity to state, in answer to a question by a lady member, that he would certainly vote in favour of woman suffrage, but would not take any active steps in furtherance thereof.

THE MONTROSE BURGHS.

DR. MACKIE'S CANDIDATURE.

Dr. Mackie, Conservative candidate for the Montrose Burghs, addressed a crowded meeting in the Public Hall, Arbroath, on September 28th. In reply to a question, Dr. Mackie stated that he was in favour of the Parliamentary franchise being extended to women.

PAISLEY.

MR. W. B. BARBOUR'S CANDIDATURE.

On September 28th, Mr. W. B. Barbour, one of the Liberal candidates for Paisley, addressed the first of a series of meetings of electors in the Good Templars' Hall. He said he was in favour of a considerable measure of local government, and was in favour of female ratepayers having votes.

PERTH.

CANDIDATURE OF MR. A. M'DOUGALL.

On September 29th, Mr. A. M'Dougall, of Manchester, a Liberal candidate for Perth, addressed a meeting of electors and non-electors in the City Hall. In the course of his address, Mr. M'Dougall stated that he would support the extension of the franchise to women.

WIGTOWNSHIRE.

SIR HERBERT MAXWELL'S CANDIDATURE.

On October 15th, Sir Herbert E. Maxwell, Bart., M.P., addressed a meeting of the electors of Stranraer in the New Town Hall. After the address, Mr. Marshall asked if he would vote for the enfranchisement of women?—Mr. Herbert Maxwell: No, sir.—Mr. Marshall: Will you promise to give the matter your consideration, in the interest of political equity? (Cheers and hisses.)—Sir Herbert Maxwell: I have fully considered the matter. I am opposed to the enfranchisement of women.

DRAWING-ROOM MEETINGS.

ABERDEEN.

A largely-attended drawing-room meeting was held on October 10th at the residence of Mrs. Duthie, Albyn Place, Mrs. Gerard in the chair, the subject of discussion being the proposed extension of the franchise to women ratepayers. A resolution advocating this reform was moved by ex-Dean of Guild Walker, and seconded by Mrs. Ella Burton Rodger. A paper on "Women's Suffrage" was read by Miss Kirkland, secretary of the Edinburgh National Association for Women's Suffrage. Afterwards petitions to both Houses of Parliament were adopted by the meeting, and a committee of ladies was formed to arrange for the questioning of Parliamentary candidates at the coming election meetings. Votes of thanks to Mrs. Gerard, Mrs. Duthie, and Mrs. Kirkland terminated the business of the meeting.

ELGIN.

A numerously attended drawing-room meeting was held on Tuesday afternoon, 27th October, at Willow Bank, the residence of the Rev. Mr. Lawson, one of the parish ministers of Elgin, to consider the question of the extension of the Parliamentary franchise to women householders. The meeting was presided over by Mr. Lawson, and was addressed by Miss E. Kirkland, secretary for the Edinburgh National Society for Women's Suffrage. In the course of her remarks, Miss Kirkland urged upon the women ratepayers of Elgin to use their vote in the coming municipal election freely, independently, and conscientiously, so that by the proper exercise of the votes already acceded to them, they show that they are pre-

pared for the responsibility of the Parliamentary suffrage when it is given to them. Petitions were adopted to both Houses of Parliament from the meeting, and the proceedings were brought to a close with a hearty vote of thanks to Mr. and Mrs. Lawson for so kindly arranging the meeting.

WOMEN IN BRITISH BURMAH.

We extract the following from a letter from the secretary of the Howard Association, and which appeared in the *Daily News*:—

"It is, however, to be noted that in Burmah the natives, both men and women, are more generally amenable to education than most other Asiatics. The women are probably the best educated, as to general and common instruction, of all Asiatic females. On this point Bishop Bigandet has written—'In Burmah and Siam the doctrines of Buddhism have produced a most interesting result in the almost complete equality of the condition of women with that of men.' The Burmese women are not shut up in 'zenanas' as in India. They take an active part in business matters, and contribute their full share in general to the maintenance of their families. Buddhism encourages the estimation both of men and women according to their moral and spiritual character mainly. This has done much to elevate women in that region, where they are to a large extent the 'better halves' of the community. Of the prisoners in Burmese gaols only four per cent are women."

WOMEN'S SUFFRAGE AND CANDIDATES IN THE GENERAL ELECTION.

The following candidates have declared themselves in favour of the principle of giving votes to women who are duly qualified. The persons whose names are in this list are not pledged as to the details of any particular measure. Candidates who have voted or paired for the measure during the late or former Parliaments are distinguished by an *.

CONSTITUENCIES.

ENGLAND.		Cumberland (continued):		Durham (continued):	
Bedfordshire:	Biggleswade ... Capt. W. G. Barttelot (C)	Egremont ... *Lord Muncaster (C)	Hartlepool ... *Thomas Richardson (L)	Essex:	Epping ... *Sir H. Selwin-Ibbetson (C)
Luton ... *Cyril Flower (L)	Bedford ... J. H. de Ricci (C)	Beskdale ... S. P. Foster (C)	Stockton ... *Joseph Dodds (L)	Essex:	Romford ... J. Westlake, Q.C. (L)
Berkshire:	Newbury ... *George Palmer (L)	Derbyshire:	Sunderland (2) ... *E. T. Gounley (L)	Essex:	Saffron Walden ... *Hon. C. H. Strutt (C)
Buckinghamshire:	Wycombe ... *Hon. Rupert Carington (L)	Chesterfield ... J. Haslam (Labour)	South-Eastern ... *W. H. Wills (L)	North:	West Ham ... E. R. Cook (L)
Cambridgeshire:	Chesterton ... Neville Goodman (L)	Mid ... J. A. Jacoby (L)	South ... Joseph Leicester (Labour)	Gloucestershire:	Forest of Dean ... *T. Blake (L)
Cheshire:	Crewe ... Oscar L. Stephen (C)	Eckington ... Charles Gould (C)	Stroud ... *Hon. H. R. Brand (L)	Gloucestershire:	Tewkesbury ... *J. R. Yorke (C)
Edisbury ... H. G. Tollemache (C)	High Peak ... Capt. Sidebottom (C)	South Molton ... *Viscount Lynton (L)	Bristol, East ... J. Broad Bissell (C)	Gloucestershire:	Bristol, North ... *Lewis Fry (L)
Edisbury ... Lawrence Irwell (L)	Derby ... *Thomas Roe (L)	Col. Trefusis (C)	Bristol, South ... J. D. Weston (L)	Gloucestershire:	Cheltenham ... *J. T. Agg-Gardner (C)
Macclesfield ... *W. C. Brocklehurst (L)	Devonshire:	Sydney Stern (L)	Gloucester ... Thomas Robinson (L)	Gloucestershire:	Gloucester ... *W. K. Wait (C)
Northwich ... W. H. Verdin (C)	Ashburton ... C. Seale Hayne (L)	Devonport (2) ... *J. H. Puleston (C)	Hampshire:	Andover ... *F. W. Buxton (L)	
Wirral ... James Tomkinson (L)	Honiton ... Sir J. Phear (L)	Exeter ... *E. Johnson (L)	Andover ... *W. W. B. Beach (C)	Hampshire:	Basingstoke ... *Rt. Hon. Sclater-Booth (C)
Stockport (2) ... *C. H. Hopwood (L)	South Molton ... *Viscount Lynton (L)	Exeter ... *Hon. H. S. Northcote (C)	Isle of Wight ... *Hon. Evelyn Ashley (L)	Hampshire:	New Forest ... *Francis Compton (C)
J. Leigh (L)	Col. Trefusis (C)	Plymouth (2) ... *P. Stewart Macliver (L)	Portsmouth ... *Hon. T. C. Bruce (C)	Hampshire:	Portsmouth ... Sir W. Crossman (L)
Lewis J. Jennings (C)	Devonport (2) ... *J. H. Puleston (C)	Dorsetshire:	Southampton (2) ... *Henry Lee (L)	Hampshire:	Southampton (2) ... *Henry Lee (L)
W. Tipping (C)	Exeter ... *E. Johnson (L)	South ... *C. Hambro (C)	Edwin Jones (L)	Hampshire:	Edwin Jones (L)
Cornwall:	Bodmin ... *L. H. Courtney (L)	North ... Hon. Humphry Sturt (C)	*Alfred Giles (C)	Hampshire:	Alfred Giles (C)
Bodmin ... *L. H. Courtney (L)	W. Tipping (C)	West ... H. Carey Batten (L)	*A. L. Tottenham (C)	Hampshire:	A. L. Tottenham (C)
Camborne ... C. A. V. Conybeare (L)	W. Tipping (C)	Durham:		Hampshire:	
Launceston ... T. N. Lawrence (C)	W. Tipping (C)	Bishop Auckland ... L. Trotter (Labour)		Hampshire:	
St. Ives ... C. C. Ross (C)	W. Tipping (C)	Chester-le-Street ... W. Ashworth (C Labour)		Hampshire:	
St. Austell ... *W. C. Borlase (L)	W. Tipping (C)	Houghton-le-Springs ... Col. N. Wood (C)		Hampshire:	
Truro ... W. N. St. Aubyn (C)	W. Tipping (C)	Jarrow ... *C. M. Palmer (L)		Hampshire:	
Falmouth ... *D. J. Jenkins (L)	W. Tipping (C)	Mid ... W. Crawford (Labour)		Hampshire:	
Cumberland:	W. Tipping (C)	South East ... *Sir G. Elliott (C)		Hampshire:	
Cockermouth ... *Sir W. Lawson (L)	W. Tipping (C)	North West ... L. A. Atherley Jones (L)		Hampshire:	
J. C. Valentine (C)	W. Tipping (C)	Darlington ... *Theodore Fry (L)		Hampshire:	
	W. Tipping (C)	Durham ... *T. C. Thompson (L)		Hampshire:	
	W. Tipping (C)	Gateshead ... J. H. Bottomley (C)		Hampshire:	

Herefordshire: LEOMINSTER ... *J. Rankin (C) Hereford ... *Bagot Molesworth (C)
Hertfordshire: HITCHIN ... *Baron Dimsdale (C) St. Albans ... *Viscount Grimston (C)
Huntingdonshire: RAMSEY ... *Capt. Fellowes (C)
Kent: ASHFORD ... G. C. Whiteley (L)
Lancashire, North: NORTH LONSDALE W. G. Ainslie (C)
North East: CLITHEROE ... J. O. Scarlett-Thursby (C)
South East: ECOLES ... Vernon K. Armitage (L)
Northumberland: HEYWOOD ... J. Kenyon (L)
South West: INCE ... C. M. Percy (L)
Manchester, N. ... J. F. Hutton (C)
Rochdale ... *T. B. Potter (L)
Salford, N. ... *Arthur Arnold (L)

Lancashire (continued): STALYBRIDGE ... *W. Summers (L)
Leicestershire: LOUGHBOROUGH ... *Rt. Hon. Ld. J. Manners (C)
Lincolnshire: BRIGGS ... Sir H. M. Thompson (L)
Middlesex: STAMFORD ... *J. C. Lawrance (C)
Monmouthshire: ABERGAVENNY ... *J. A. Rolls (C)
Norfolk: EASTERN ... Philip Falk (L)
Northamptonshire: DEPTFORD ... Henry Gover (L)
Nottinghamshire: ISLINGTON, S. ... W. Wright (C)
Oxfordshire: BANBURY ... *Sir B. Samuelson (L)
Rutland ... *G. H. Finch (C)
Shropshire: LUDLOW ... *Sir B. Leighton (C)
Somerset: FROME ... L. J. Baker (L)
Staffordshire: STAFFORD ... *C. B. M'Laren (L)
West Riding, North: ELLAND ... T. Waynam (L)

Metropolis (continued): Southwark, West ... A. Cohen (L)
Tower Hamlets— Bow and Bromley... Captain Colomb (C)
Whitechapel... Phineas Cowan (C)
Wandsworth ... Henry Kimber (C)
Woolwich ... E. Hughes (C)
Wiltshire: CHIPPENHAM ... Lord Arthur Somerset (C)
Worcestershire: BEWDLEY ... *Sir E. Lechmere (C)
Yorkshire, North Riding: CLEVELAND ... Hon. Guy C. Dawnay (C)
West Riding, South: BARNESLEY ... Courtney Kenny (L)
West Riding, East: BARKSTON ASH ... Thomas Bayley (L)
Wales: CARDIGANSHIRE ... *David Davies (L)
Scotland (continued): DUMFRIES DISTRICT ... *Ernest Noel (L)
Dumfries ... Miles W. Mattinson (C)
Edinburgh, Central ... J. H. Renton (L)
Edinburgh, South ... Sir G. Harrison (L)
Edinburgh, East ... T. C. Costelloe (L)
Fife, East ... J. Ramsay (L)
Forfarshire ... *J. W. Barclay (L)
Glasgow (Blackfriars)... W. C. Maughan (C)
Haddingtonshire ... R. B. Haldane (L)
Inverness-shire ... Sir Kenneth Mackenzie (L)
Kirkcubrightshire ... *Mark J. Stewart (C)
Linlithgowshire ... *P. M'Lagan (L)
Perthshire, West ... Col. Drummond Moray (C)
Perthshire ... A. M'Dougall (L)
Roxburghshire ... C. Barrington Balfour (C)
Wick ... *J. Pender (L)
Sutherland ... A. Sutherland (Crofter)

Staffordshire (continued): HANLEY ... *W. Woodall (L)
Suffolk: EYE ... B. B. Hunter-Rodwell (C)
Surrey: EPSOM ... *Rt. Hon. G. Cubitt (C)
Sussex: CHICHESTER ... *Lord H. Lennox (C)
Warwickshire: RUGBY ... H. P. Cobb (L)
Westmoreland: KENDAL ... *Lord Bective (C)
Wiltshire: CHIPPENHAM ... Lord Arthur Somerset (C)
Worcestershire: BEWDLEY ... *Sir E. Lechmere (C)
Yorkshire, North Riding: CLEVELAND ... Hon. Guy C. Dawnay (C)
West Riding, North: ELLAND ... T. Waynam (L)
West Riding, South: BARNESLEY ... Courtney Kenny (L)
West Riding, East: BARKSTON ASH ... Thomas Bayley (L)
Wales: CARDIGANSHIRE ... *David Davies (L)
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Fife, East ... J. Ramsay (L)
Forfarshire ... *J. W. Barclay (L)
Glasgow (Blackfriars)... W. C. Maughan (C)
Haddingtonshire ... R. B. Haldane (L)
Inverness-shire ... Sir Kenneth Mackenzie (L)
Kirkcubrightshire ... *Mark J. Stewart (C)
Linlithgowshire ... *P. M'Lagan (L)
Perthshire, West ... Col. Drummond Moray (C)
Perthshire ... A. M'Dougall (L)
Roxburghshire ... C. Barrington Balfour (C)
Wick ... *J. Pender (L)
Sutherland ... A. Sutherland (Crofter)

West Riding, South: BARNESLEY ... Courtney Kenny (L)
West Riding, East: BARKSTON ASH ... Thomas Bayley (L)
Wales: CARDIGANSHIRE ... *David Davies (L)
Scotland (continued): DUMFRIES DISTRICT ... *Ernest Noel (L)
Dumfries ... Miles W. Mattinson (C)
Edinburgh, Central ... J. H. Renton (L)
Edinburgh, South ... Sir G. Harrison (L)
Edinburgh, East ... T. C. Costelloe (L)
Fife, East ... J. Ramsay (L)
Forfarshire ... *J. W. Barclay (L)
Glasgow (Blackfriars)... W. C. Maughan (C)
Haddingtonshire ... R. B. Haldane (L)
Inverness-shire ... Sir Kenneth Mackenzie (L)
Kirkcubrightshire ... *Mark J. Stewart (C)
Linlithgowshire ... *P. M'Lagan (L)
Perthshire, West ... Col. Drummond Moray (C)
Perthshire ... A. M'Dougall (L)
Roxburghshire ... C. Barrington Balfour (C)
Wick ... *J. Pender (L)
Sutherland ... A. Sutherland (Crofter)

IRELAND. N.B.—There is much uncertainty as to the nominations of candidates in Ireland.
BOROUGHES. Belfast, North... Alexander Bowman (L)
Dublin, St. Stephen's Green... E. Dwyer Gray (N)
Galway ... *T. P. O'Connor (N)
Newry ... *H. Thomson (C)
Waterford ... *Richard Power (N)
COUNTIES. ANTRIM, NORTH ... *E. Macnaghten (C)
CORK, NORTH-EAST ... Edmund Leamy (N)
DUBLIN, SOUTH ... *W. E. Macartney (C)
DUBLIN, WEST ... *J. G. Biggar (N)
DUBLIN, NORTH ... *John Shaw Brown (L)
DUBLIN, SOUTH ... *Lord Arthur Hill (C)
DUBLIN, EAST ... Captain Ker (C)
DUBLIN, WEST ... H. M'Kenna (N)
DUBLIN, SOUTH ... *W. Redmond (N)
DUBLIN, NORTH ... *Col. Nolan (N)
DUBLIN, SOUTH ... *B. C. Molloy (N)
DUBLIN, NORTH ... *W. Findlater (L)
DUBLIN, SOUTH ... *J. McCarthy (N)
DUBLIN, NORTH ... *P. Callan (N)
DUBLIN, SOUTH ... *Geo. Harley Kirk (N)
DUBLIN, SOUTH ... *Sir J. M'Kenna (N)
DUBLIN, SOUTH ... *T. M. Healy (N)
DUBLIN, SOUTH ... *Richard Lalor (N)
DUBLIN, SOUTH ... *T. A. O'Connor (N)
DUBLIN, SOUTH ... *T. A. Dickson (L)
DUBLIN, NORTH ... T. D. Sullivan (N)

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